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"IMPOSSIBLE" APPLIED TO DEMANDS OF MINERS

Legion Men Muster to Stop I. W. W. Raid

MOB OF RADICALS REPORTED MOVING AGAINST SPOKANE

Ex-Service Men Are Being Sworn in by the Hundreds to Resist the Invasion of the I. W. W. Members.

GUARDSMEN MOBILIZE FOR IMMEDIATE ACTION

The I. W. W. Mob Coming From Montana and Other States Adjacent to Washington—Round-Up of Radicals Continues in Washington.

Spokane, Wash., November 14.—Members of the American Legion were being sworn in as special policemen this evening to meet what was declared to be an invasion of 1,000 to 2,000 members of the Industrial Workers of the World, due to arrive here tonight from Montana and other parts of the northwest.

Arrangements were being made with officers at Fort George Wright here for arms and ammunition for the American Legion deputy sheriffs, who were to be held in readiness for immediate action.

Orders for the mobilization of the two companies of the national guardsmen were issued tonight by Major Thomas G. Aston.

All I. W. W. suspects are to be arrested, according to an agreement reached at a conference here late today between Commissioner Tilsley, of the department of public safety; Chief of Police Weir, Sheriff Reid and other officers and representatives of the American Legion. After jails have been filled prisoners will be held elsewhere under guard.

Officers of the American Legion told the officials they had received what they considered authentic reports that I. W. W. are en route here. All incoming trains, they said, are loaded with members of the organization and reports have been received from lumber camps in this region that I. W. W. are leaving their jobs to go to Spokane.

Despite efforts to discount reports of the invasion, officers of the legion maintained stoutly their information was from reliable sources.

MURDER CHARGES AGAINST THE I. W. W.

Centralia, Wash., November 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—Arrangeemnts were made today to file murder charges against eleven men, ten of whom have been arrested following the attack of alleged members of the Industrial Workers of the World on the Armistice day parade which resulted in the deaths of four former service men. Public memorial services for the

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Mrs. James O. Spear Dies Friday Afternoon At Home in Wilmington

News reached Atlanta last night of the death of Mrs. James O. Spear, Friday afternoon, at her home in Wilmington, N. C. Mrs. Spear's death came suddenly and was a shock to her Atlanta relatives and friends, who received the information over the telephone.

Mrs. Spear was the wife of James O. Spear, who is electrical engineer for the Carolina Ship Building Yards, of Wilmington, and besides her husband, she is survived by two young sons, James O., Jr., aged 5 years, and Warren Howard Spear, aged 2 years. Her father, J. Warren Howard, of Atlanta, was with Mrs. Spear when she died.

She was a native of Atlanta, and as Miss Martha Cobb Howard was one of the most beloved and popular young women of the city. She was a graduate of Agnes Scott college and Washington seminary, and was a member of the Central Presbyterian church.

Her family connections extended to many of the most prominent people of the city. She was the daughter of J. Warren Howard, and the granddaughter of the late Major John C. Whitner. Mrs. Chesley B. Howard, Sr., her grandmother, survives her. Mrs. Spear also had one brother, Whitner Howard, of Birmingham, Ala. She was the niece of Miss Eliza S. Whitner, John A. Whitner, Thomas C. Whitner, Charles F. Whitner, Mrs. W. J. Milner, Mrs. B. C. Milner, C. B. Howard and G. Troupe Howard, of Atlanta.

It was announced last night that the funeral would be held Sunday afternoon at the residence of Miss Eliza S. Whitner, 76 West Fifth street. The exact time will be announced later.

RAIL UNIONS WIN IN CONGRESS

FOR AMERICANISM MRS. OTTLEY MAKES STIRRING APPEAL

With Election as President of Woman's Federation of Mrs. J. E. Hayes, Mrs. Ottley's Address Features Friday Session.

"NOMINALLY AT PEACE, COUNTRY IS MENACED"

'20 FEDERATION MEET HERE.

Columbus, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—The Georgia Federation of Woman's Clubs convention comes to Atlanta in 1920, it was decided here today. The endowment fund for Tallulah Falls school, in memory of Mrs. Mary Ann Lipscomb, was subscribed to the amount of $17,500, including $5,000 from children of Mrs. Lipscomb.

By Asma Dooly.

Columbus, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—A resounding appeal for American citizenship by Mrs. John K. Ottley, woman member for Georgia of the democratic national committee, and election of Mrs. J. E. Hayes to succeed herself as president of the organization, featured Friday's session of the Georgia Federation of Women's clubs here.

In her speech Mrs. Ottley sounded an impressive warning that, while this country is nominally at peace, we are face to face with the greatest crisis in our history and are actual combatants of the most powerful enemy that ever opposed a civilized people, wrong thinking. She declared that social unrest, bolshevism, communism and a host of "isms" that stand for destructive doctrines are at work all over the country and that the results of their work are everywhere in evidence, citing the recent I. W. W. disorder in Washington state, wrong teaching in certain eastern schools, religious teaching and others.

"In a country which bears upon its silver dollar the legend, 'In God We Trust,' government agents turn up like a nest of little snakes in a spadeful of earth in the spring, a casual group of 7,000 or so persons describing themselves as 'atheists, anarchists, communists,' with a pleasing program which contemplates the 'complete destruction of private control of natural resources and capital, and complete destruction of the institutions invested with powers to enforce rule of one man over another,'" she said.

What to Do.

"Do you ask, 'What can I do in the face of such overwhelming danger?' I will tell you. You can each and every one cultivate right-mindedness upon public questions, great and small, and spread this right-mindedness as far as your influence can be made to reach. This is the paramount duty of every person living under a representative government and it is needed as never before in the United States today. Just in proportion as our people will cultivate it, just so soon will the real United States emerge from the chaos and disorder which is everywhere surrounding us."

She paid a tribute to the women of America, who she declared are doing their full share toward true and conservative citizenship, and she also spoke in glowing terms of the good that is to be accomplished in this country by the American Legion.

She expressed deep regret at the

Continued on Page 7, Column 5.

Former Soldiers Take Irish Flag From Valera Car

Banner of Republic Removed, While Leader of Irish Independence Party Was in Portland.

Portland, Ore., November 14.—A flag of the Irish republic was removed from the automobile of Eamonn de Valera, leader of the Irish independence party, here today by request of a party of former service men, headed by Ensign A. T. Kurtz.

De Valera's car had been parked near the Liberty Temple. On one side of the radiator it bore an American flag and on the other side a flag of the Irish independence party. Kurtz and twenty-five former service men, who were on duty at the temple, asked the man in charge of the car to remove the party flag, in view of the fact that the United States government did not recognize the Irish republic. The flag was removed.

Mayor George L. Baker issued a statement saying use of the flag was objectionable and would not be permitted publicly during the remainder of De Valera's stay here.

Pan-Germans Bar Von Hindenburg From Reichstag

They Refuse to Permit Field Marshal to Be Humiliated by Being Questioned About Conduct of War.

Berlin, November 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—Pan-German students today refused to permit Field Marshal von Hindenburg to enter the reichstag building to testify before the subcommittee which is investigating war responsibilities and forced the field marshal's chauffeur to return with the former commander-in-chief to his home.

The demonstration occurred this morning as the field marshal's automobile was driven toward the reichstag building, the students surrounded it and declared their unwillingness to allow him to be questioned by the subcommittee.

Students Closed Street.

Von Hindenburg begged the students, who clung to the running board of the machine, to allow the automobile to pass, as he was due at the reichstag. The students, however, replied by ordering the street closed, declaring that they were unwilling to allow the scubcommittee to interrogate him. Again Hindenburg protested, but he was unable to quell the demonstration.

It was a nationalist demonstration for both Von Hindenburg and General Ludendorff, and for a time it assumed serious proportions. The crowd which gathered consisted mostly of students of both sexes, who carried with them an old German flag.

After Von Hindenburg's protests that he be allowed to proceed were denied the automobile nevertheless slowly began to pierce its way through the crowd toward the reichstag. Thousands followed singing "Die Wacht Am Rhein," and 'Deutschland Uber Alles." There also were shouts of "Brothers, we will not allow such a disgrace!" "For us there is only one kaiser and empire!" and "We will not endure that our glorious kaiser be besmirched!"

Hochs for Ex-Kaiser.

Along the route was a statue of

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

DEATH BATTALION MAY KILL TREATY BY INDIRECTION

Not Believed That Wilson Will Accept Pact If the Lodge Reservation to Article Ten Stands.

EX-SENATOR HARDWICK FIGHTING THE TREATY

Former Senator in Washington and in Frequent Conference With Senator Hoke Smith, Senator Reed and Other Foes of Treaty.

By James A. Hollomon.
(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, November 14.—That the "battalion of death," aided by a handful of democrats, including Senators Smith, of Georgia; Reed, of Missouri, and Gore, of Oklahoma, the triumvirate of administration haters, has as an ultimate purpose the killing of the peace treaty by indirection, there can be no doubt, although the nation remains at war until treaty ratification, reconstruction business and industrial plans are arrested, and the American people tired and disgusted with the senate's course of filibustering, parleying and wind-jamming, all the time playing politics for the benefit of the republican national machine.

One of the notable sidelight features to yesterdaq's events in the senate was the activity of former Senator Thomas W. Hardwick, of Georgia, who was in conference repeatedly during the day with Senators Reed, Gore, Smith, of Georgia, and Shields, of Tennessee, and was sitting beside the senior Georgia senator when the latter cast his vote with the Lodge faction. Of course the antipathy of ex-Senator Hardwick for the administration and his voting and spoken record on the war and treaty programs are well known to the people of Georgia.

What Will Wilson Do?

With the senate not in session today, both sides of the treaty fight having declared a truce long enough to pay proper homage to their late Virginia colleague, speculation in official circles hinges on whether or not the administration forces will accept a ratification of the treaty with the objectionable Lodge reservation to Article X, swung on to it. I would say yes, except that I know that administration leaders will make a final desperate effort to remedy the situation, and failing in the effort the president, in keeping with the firm position he has taken from the first and reflected in his western speeches, may withhold his signature on the ground that such a reservation is traitorous to America's allies and the spirit of the peace that was produced by successful arms.

President Wilson, time and again, served notice that he would consider adoption of the reservation to Article X. rejection of the whole treaty. There is nothing to indicate that he has changed this attitude. When Senator Hitchcock recently called at the white house the president told him the treaty would be unacceptable if certain of the pending reservations were attached to it, and, although Hitchcock never has specified what these "certain reservations" were, it is generally known here that the qualification to Article X. is one of them.

Wilson's Words Recalled.

What the administration forces in

Continued on Page 8, Column 4.

Eleven Men and Women Are Indicted On Charges Of Receiving Stolen Goods

F. D. O'Rourke Alleged to Have Taken Clothing Worth $7,000 and Disposed of It to Persons Against Whom True Bills Were Returned.

BALDWIN TAXI LICENSE REVOCATION IS URGED

Council Is Also Asked to Close Southern Hotel as Result of Thefts. O'Rourke, Who Turned State's Evidence, Aided by Woman, It Is Said.

Following the indictment by the grand jury yesterday of eleven men and women, charged with receiving goods stolen by F. D. O'Rourke, who has turned state's evidence, a paper was addressed to city council recommending that the licenses of the Southern hotel and the Baldwin Taxicab company be revoked.

"Baldwin, the proprietor of the latter company," reads the recommendation of the jury, "is under indictment at present under two counts, one for receiving stolen goods and one for selling liquor, and is not a proper person to come into contact with the public. The jury has reason to believe that the proprietor and certain employees of the Southern hotel are implicated in the receiving and disposition of stolen goods."

Eleven Are Indicted.

Indictments against eleven persons, charged with receiving stolen goods, were returned, the papers specifying the goods, amounting in value to almost $7,000, and all traceable to O'Rourke, who, after being convicted, turned state's evidence, stating that the following persons had bought or otherwise received goods that they know had been stolen: Marie Hilton, who has several aliases; Jack Farrer, J. G. Glover, Ruth Glover, Walter Mooney, alias Walter Lewis; Jesse Renfroe, Bob Sewell, Skinney Sinclair, Clarence Singer and Chatty Upchurch.

On September 11 J. G. Glover and wife, then of the Southern hotel, were arrested by Detectives Sturdevant and Campbell; F. D. O'Rourke, then of 27 East Harris street, was arrested by Detectives Sturdevant, Campbell and Felder, and Mrs. Ma-

Continued on Page 15, Column 3.

CITY PURCHASING AGENT MAY GET $3,000 ANNUALLY

If council follows the recommendations of the salary committee of that body, which met Friday afternoon, the salary of W. E. Chambers, city purchasing agent, will be increased from $2,450 to $3,000 a year, and J. J. Blalock, bookkeeper and traffic manager in the office of the purchasing agent, will be given $1,800 instead of $1,640, his present salary. Councilman J. R. Nutting conducted an active fight for these increases.

The committee also considered requests from employees of the city health and sanitary departments asking for salary raises in keeping with those recently granted to other departments. Their requests will be considered further by the committee.

FULTON COUNTY VOTES INCREASE IN SCHOOL TAX

Proposal to Raise Rate From 50 to 75 Cents on $100 Wins by Four-to-One Vote.

FUNDS WILL BE USED TO BUY EQUIPMENT

New Appropriation Will Be About $135,000—Deficit of $25,000 Faced by County Schools This Year.

Voters in Fulton county precincts outside the incorporated townships of Atlanta, East Point and College Park, voted to increase the school tax rate from 50 to 75 cents on the $100 by 245 votes to 55, or more than 4 to 1, in yesterday's election. Though upwards of 2,000 are registered in these districts, an unusually light vote was cast, but the fact that there was such an overwhelming majority in favor of the increase brought enthusiastic statements from President Virlin B. Moore, of the county board of education, and Superintendent J. W. Simmons, of the county schools. A two-thirds vote was necessary to carry.

The question was submitted to the voters to prevent a lowering of the standard in the county schools. Superintendent Simmons said. "We have been attempting to run the schools on the same appropriation that we had four or five years ago. With the increased cost of all material and some increase in salary, this was impossible and we face a deficit for this year of $25,000. But the whole-hearted response our appeal met with in the election assures us that the people in the outlying districts are in favor of higher standards of education, and it is this that we will now be enabled to give them."

Brings Appropriation to $135,000.

Only one district in the entire county voted against the increase in the tax rate. In the Poole district the vote stood 1 for, 13 against, but Superintendent Simmons explained that the people in this district had not been told of the reasons for asking the increase. The heaviest majority for the increase was in the Collins district, where the vote stood 47 for, 5 against. The Oak Grove vote stood 40 for and 1 against, and e closest vote was in the Buckhead district, where 21 voted for the increase, with 15 against.

The present appropriation for the county schools, Mr. Simmons observed, is approximately $100,000. The increase voted yesterday will bring the total amount up to about $135,000, which will be ample to pay off the indebtedness of the schools and to bring a substantial balance over with which to begin the new year.

The funds will go to purchase new equipment and possibly to grant a few increases in salaries, he stated, and the county school system will

Continued on Page 3, Column 8.

NO COMPULSION FOR SETTLEMENT OF LABOR DISPUTES

Plan of Workers for Voluntary Conciliation Incorporated in Esch Rail Measure by House.

NO DIRECT VOTE TAKEN ON ANTI-STRIKE PLAN

Advocates of the Plan Proposed by the Union Won by Large Majorities—Outline of Scheme Proposed by Unions.

Washington, November 14.—Railway workers scored a complete victory in the house today thr ugh incorporation of their plan for voluntary conciliation of labor disputes in the Esch railroad bill. The house rejected a plan of compulsory arbitration, including an anti-strike provision, and also the plan written into the bill by the house interstate commerce committee, which was described as a "middle ground" between that adopted and compulsory arbitration. No direct vote on the anti-strike proposal was taken. On both votes, the proponents of the unions' plan won by large majorities. First, by a vote of 151 to 75, the house substituted the unions' and, 161 to 108, cast aside the compulsory arbitration plan for that indorsed by the committee. Final action came after practically the entire day had been devoted to debate on the three plans, and after adoption of the workers' plan, renewed effort to include anti-strike provision met with defeat through parliamentary tactics.

Outline of Plan.

The plan approved by the railroad employees, which was drafted by Representative Sweet, Republican, Iowa, and offered in the house by Representative Anderson, republican, Minnesota, would legalize the machinery used by the railroads and their employees before and during federal control for the settlement of disputes, with commissions on labor disputes being added to consider cases from the joint boards that first consider them. In brief, the plan divides the railroad workers into three classes, and for each it establishes an adjustment board and an appeal commission. No penalty against strike or lockout is imposed, and membership on all six of the boards would be restricted to the workers and their employers, and divided equally between them.

Both the roads and the employees would be directed by the plan, as written into the bill, "to exert every reasonable effort and adopt every available means to avoid an interruption" of traffic, and to this end the three boards of adjustment would be created, these being substantially the same as those existing under the railroad administration.

Three Adjustment Boards.

Three adjustment boards would each deal with disputes of certain classes of the fourteen railway unions. One board would include representatives of the four big brotherhoods—the engineers, the firemen, the conductors and the trainmen; another would include the machinists, the boiler makers, the blacksmiths, the carmen, the sheet metal workers and the electrical workers; and the third would include the telegraphers, the switchmen, the railway clerks, and the

Continued on Page 19, Column 7.

SECRETARY WILSON OPENS CONFERENCE WITH PLAIN WORDS

He Says That, With Things as They Are, a 30-Hour Week and 60 Per Cent Increase in Pay Cannot Be Granted.

POSITION OF OPERATORS ALSO SHARPLY RAPPED

Secretary Says That Their Stand-Pat Attitude Cannot Be Tolerated—He Holds Washington Wage Agreement Is Still in Effect.

Washington, November 14.—Demands of coal miners for a thirty-hour week and a 60 per cent increase in wages, and an unyielding position by the operators alike were declared "impossible" by Secretary Wilson in opening today the conference called to bring peace to the bituminous fields of the nation. To obtain this peace, the secretary proposed three plans of procedure.

Declaring that the Washington wage agreement still is legally in force, Mr. Wilson told the operators and miners that the people of the United States were not "shylocks," and do not want to exact "the technical provisions of a bond when the conditions under which the bond was made have changed." He added that "if any great change is made in the contracts the people of the United States are the ones who will have to pay," and thoroughout his remarks emphasized the public interest in the coal settlement.

The three proposals expected to aid the two factions in arranging the new wage agreement were set forth by the labor secretary as follows:

First, negotiation through joint wage scale committees representing all districts; second, negotiation through concurrent sessions of committees from the various districts, and, third, negotiation first of an agreement in the central competitive field and then of agreements for other fields with that of the central district as a basis.

Indication of a Conflict.

After hearing Secretary Wilson the conference adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow to permit the miners and operators to discuss separately the plan which would be most acceptable to each.

Indication of a conflict on the scope of the agreement to be negotiated involving the question of recognition of non-union workers developed at the outset of the conference and became more apparent in the two group meetings which followed.

Discussion in the miners' caucus, which followed the conference session, hinged on the question whether operators representing both union and non-union fields would be included in the conference and the effect any agreement reached by the conference might have in those fields where the miners do not have contracts with the operators. Although officers of the United Mine Workers refused to make any statement following their meeting.

Continued on Page 7, Column 3.

Weather Prophecy

FAIR.

Washington.—Forecast:

Georgia—Fair Saturday; Sunday fair, slightly warmer; gentle to moderate northeast winds.

Local Weather Report.

Highest temperature	56
Lowest temperature	22
Mean temperature	44
Normal temperature	52
Rainfall in past 24 hours, ins.	.00
Excess since 1st of mo., inches	.35
Excess since January 1, inches	3.24

	7 a. m.	Noon	7 p. m.
Dry temperature	34	52	49
Wet bulb	31	42	40
Rel. humidity	69	40	46

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	High.	Rain 24 hrs. Inches.
ATLANTA, clear	49	56	.00
Birmingham, clr	46	54	.00
Boston, clear	40	44	.00
Buffalo, pt cly	34	42	.00
Charleston, clear	50	54	.00
Chicago, clear	32	38	.00
Denver, pt cldy	36	44	.00
Des Moines, clear	30	34	.00
Galveston, clear	58	58	.00
Hatteras, clear	44	58	.00
Havre, cldy	38	42	.00
Jacksonville, clr	60	62	.02
Kan. City, clear	40	46	.00
Memphis, clear	50	54	.00
Miami, clear	74	80	.00
Mobile, clear	52	58	.00
Montgomery, clr	52	62	.00
New Orleans, clr	56	60	.00
New York, clear	38	44	.00
N. Platte, clear	30	36	.00
Oklahoma, clear	46	54	.00
Phoenix, cldy	66	78	.00
Pittsburg, clear	36	40	.00
Raleigh, clear	42	48	.00
S. Francisco, clr	64	68	.00
St. Louis, clear	42	48	.00
S. Lake City, clr	42	48	.00
Shreveport, clear	50	56	.00
Tampa, pt cldy	70	80	.00
Toledo, clear	32	42	.00
Vicksburg, clear	48	56	.00
Washington, clr	40	46	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN, Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

Lord Fisher of Kilverstone, Admiral of The Fleet

Tells His Own Story of the Great War on the Seven Seas--Its Making and Its Lessons

The famous admiral who planned and built the British fleet makes breezy revelations of naval secrets and discusses racily battles and blunders, commanders, statesmen, fools, spendthrifts and the world in general with an eye to the future.

Article One in this important series will appear tomorrow

In The Sunday Constitution

20,000 MEN FOLLOW ASHES OF HUGO HAASE

Berlin, November 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—The ashes of Hugo Haase, leader of the independent socialists, were deposited in the Lichterfelde ceemtery yesterday.

It is estimated that 25,000 men tramped through six inches of slush, caused by the heavy snowfall, behind the hearse bearing the urn to the cemetery. The cortege was more than an hour in passing a given point.

For Colds or Influenza
and as a preventative, take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Look for E. W. GROVE'S signature on the box. 30c.—(adv.)

HE SEARCHED BAGGAGE OF THE SOLDIER DEAD

Hoboken, N. J., November 14.—Former service men were with difficulty prevented by the police yesterday from severely beating Meyer Fayerman after he had been caught searching the baggage of soldier dead brought from Russia on the Lake Daraga. The offender was given a scathing reprimand by Recorder Carsten in police court and fined $100, which he paid. The police had to escort the man to the ferry, which took him to Manhattan, to protect him from the angry crowd.

BISHOP W. C. GRAY GOES INTO BEYOND AT THE AGE OF 84

Nashville, Tenn., November 14.—The Rt. Rev. William Crane Gray, aged 84, retired Episcopal bishop of southern Florida, died unexpectedly here this afternoon at the home of his son, Joseph A. Gray, secretary of The Nashville Banner Publishing company.

METHODIST PREACHERS TO RECEIVE MORE PAY

New York, October 14.—An average increase of 40 per cent in salaries of Methodist ministers throughout the country to meet the mounting cost of living and establishment of "minimum salaries" were announced today by the centennary conservation committee of the Methodist Episcopal church here. The new scale of pay will be in effect generally by January 1, it was stated.

The fund raised for the world program of the centenary conservation committee will provide the money for the salary increases. Those ministers whose pay has been increased by their congregations to a sufficient amount will receive no added remuneration from the church organization, the bulk of the increases being for those whose salaries have remained unchanged at

The average salaries for Methodist ministers was $1,111 in 1918. The new average will be approximately $1,500.

PAN-GERMANS BAR VON HINDENBURG

Continued from First Page.

the former emperor, the name on which was hidden under a canvas.

The students tore off the canvas with cries of "Hoch!" for the one-time ruler and the empire.

As the reichstag building was reached a student again sprung on the running board of Von Hindenburg's machine and delivered an impassioned speech, dealing with Von Hindenburg's services to the fatherland and demanding of the mob that it should do its utmost to prevent Von Hindenburg appearing before the "stupid youths" of the subcommittee.

Finally Von Hindenburg, seeing the futility of endeavoring to calm the mob, permitted the chauffeur to drive homeward. First, however, he thanked the crowd for the respect to him implied by the demonstration.

In official quarters today it was announced that the students had violated the conditions imposed by martial law and that troops would be ordered to suppress any similar demonstrations.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.
restores vitality and energy by purifying and enriching the blood. You can soon feel its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. Price 60c. —(adv.)

Granted Pension.

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, November 14.—Lulu E. Leas, of Atlanta, has been granted a pension of $12.

SATURDAY PIANO SPECIALS

USED AND REBUILT

SCHERMER UPRIGHT . . . $235
BRAMBACH UPRIGHT . . . $275
WELLINGTON UPRIGHT $325

82-84 North Broad Street **Cable Piano Co** 82-84 North Broad Street

CANDY CHEAP

With Sugar, P-Nuts and Cocoanuts all advanced recently, we wish to say that our prices are very reasonable, and some are real cheap for the grade of candy we offer you today, and you may look for higher prices.

Did you ever think how cheap we were selling you our home-made hand-dipped Chocolates? We hope you won't compare our chocolates with cheap factory machine-dipped chocolates. There is as much difference in chocolates as there is in fresh eggs and old storage eggs—which do you prefer? A word to the wise is sufficient.

Notice our prices and assortment of O'Connor's Darling Brand hand-dipped Chocolates.

Pineapple, Grape Fruit, Tokay Grape, Banana, Fig, Raisin, Creamed Almonds, Creamed Brazil, Marshmallow, Caramel, P-Nut, Coconut, Creamed Walnut, Creamed Filberts, Creamed Pecans, Creams

60c lb.
4 ozs. 15c.
Take home a pound.

Our Fudges are sure good and our
Pineapple
Chocolate
Raisin
Cherry
Are worth more, but we sell them at
50c lb.
3 ozs. 10c.

Our Salted P-Nuts mostly are made with new crop No. 1 Spanish peanuts, carefully cooked and salted. We also use a few Virginia peanuts for those who prefer them.
40c lb.
4 ozs. 10c.

Our P-Nut Brittle and P-Nut Ball Candy are made with new crop peanuts and are fresh and fine. Are worth more, but we are still selling at
40c lb.
4 ozs. 10c.

Our Coconut is delicious. Made from fresh coconuts.
White Coconut Creamed
Maple Coconut Creamed
Chocolate Coconut Creamed
50c lb.
3 ozs. 10c.

O'Connor's Candy Kitchen
40 Marietta St.

They Wouldn't Lay On My Market Counter



A young lady from the country brought in a big bunch of fine chickens, about grown, to my market a few days ago. I supposed she had them tied by the feet, and when I turned to the register to get her pay for them, I heard an awful fluttering. Turning quickly, I said:

"Will they lay there?"

She replied, shyly: "No, sir; I don't think they will—they're mostly roosters."

Well, I've got some of those fine chickens yet—and though they didn't "lay there," I've got plenty of fresh eggs. Also a fine lot of country butter and pure, all-pork sausage, and the sweetest of tender, fine steaks. You can save money here.

Read a Few of My Prices

No. 5 PURE LARD	$1.49	No. 3 COTTONBLOOM	70c
No. 10 PURE LARD	$2.94	Fancy Beef Roast, lb.	25c
No. 5 COTTONBLOOM	$1.14	Fresh Dressed Fryers, lb.	50c
No. 10 COTTONBLOOM	$2.24	Fresh Dressed Hens, lb.	35c

Our Chickens are dressed while you wait, as per order.
Fresh Beef, Pork, Lamb and Veal.
Fancy Groceries, Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.
Try our Pure Pork Sausage—
It's a Home-Winner.

WE DELIVER

Buck's Meat Market
236 Marietta Street
Main 5276-J Both Phones Atlanta 6949-F

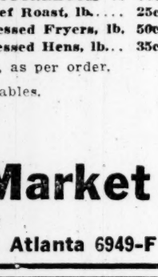


The Smile of Satisfaction

Use OMEGA Flour

In your baking for Biscuit, Bread, Rolls, Cakes or Pies and you, too, will smile at the results you obtain. In its 80 years of existence no flour has ever surpassed the standard set by OMEGA.

Call your grocer and demand OMEGA and assure yourself of the Best Flour obtainable.



C. P. OZBURN & CO.
Wholesale Distributors *Main 3064*
L. & N. Terminals ATLANTA

CHURNGOLD SCHOOL LUNCHES



Because of its purity, Churngold is good for children—and grown-ups, too. Spread Churngold plentifully on the children's sandwiches.

Sensible people in all walks of life, especially those who have used the finest creamery butter, use

CHURNGOLD

Your grocer has it or will get it for you.

NO. 1 SOUTH PRYOR **D. B. YARLEY** Special Representative. PHONE MAIN 609

JACOBS'

Pure Food Department
Balcony, Main Store, 6-8 Marietta St.

2 Articles for The Price of 1

SATURDAY ONLY

Calumet Baking Powder
Regular Price 15c
Saturday ..... 2 for 15c

Rex Pork and Beans
Regular Price 20c
Saturday ..... 2 for 20c

Premier Puree of Tomatoes
Regular Price 20c
Saturday ..... 2 for 20c

Rex Kidney Beans
Regular Price 20c
Saturday ..... 2 for 20c

Mokee Blended Tea
Regular Price 10c
Saturday ..... 2 for 10c

Premier Mixed Vegetables
Regular Price 30c
Saturday ..... 2 for 30c

Jacobs' Pharmacy Co.

CASH GROCERY CO.



No. 10 Pail **$2.18**

18-20 S. PRYOR

MAZOLA

The Perfect Oil for Cooking and Salads



ALAGA SYRUP

The Children all love it.



The kiddies can't get enough hot-cakes if they're served with

ALAGA SYRUP

Pure cane syrup with just enough corn syrup to give it a rich consistency.

Packed by
ALABAMA-GEORGIA SYRUP CO.
Montgomery, Ala. Jacksonville, Fla.



Kellogg's

WON ITS FAVOR THROUGH ITS FLAVOR

EVERY grocer everywhere sells Kellogg's every day.

The sweetheart of the corn

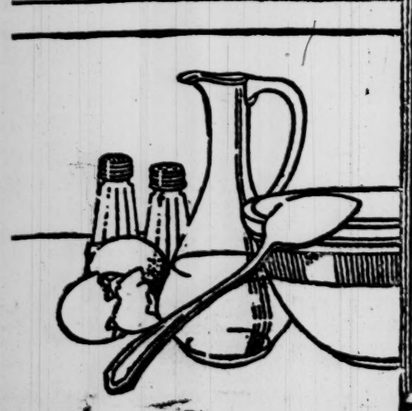


Kellogg's betters the breakfasts in millions of homes. More Kellogg's is eaten today than ever before.

W. K. Kellogg

MAZOLA





The *Perfect* Oil for Salads

IT is delicacy and smoothness that make *real* Mayonnaise Dressing. It is delicacy and smoothness that make Mazola so popular with those who like Salads properly dressed. Italians who *know* real olive oil are enthusiastic about Mazola.

Your grocer sells Mazola at much less the price of the best olive oil, which permits you to have salads at home as often as you please without worrying too much about the cost of the dressing.

Make This Delicious Mayonnaise Dressing Today

2 Eggs, Yolks only — 1 pint of Mazola — 1 teaspoon of Mustard
1 dash of Pepper — 1 teaspoon of Salt — 4 tablespoons of Vinegar

Have all ingredients and mixing utensils cold. Mix dry ingredients. Add egg yolks and when well mixed add ½ teaspoon of vinegar. Add Mazola drop by drop until the mixture begins to thicken, beating slowly. As soon as the mixture thickens, add the remainder of the vinegar, a little at a time. Now beat in the remainder of the Mazola gradually until all is used. The mayonnaise should be thick enough to hold its shape. Put in a glass jar and cover close. Place in the ice box to be used when needed. It will keep for weeks. Do not stir it when you open it; take out as much as you need with a tablespoon, and close the jar.

FREE Cooking made simple and economical when you consult the new 68-page Corn Products Cook Book. Attractive illustrations. A book you will keep. Free—write us for it today.

CORN PRODUCTS REFINING CO. P. O. Box 161 *New York City*

T. B. NORRIS 1019 Hurt Bldg. *Atlanta, Ga.*
Sales Representative



CORNER PRYOR AND ALABAMA STS.

PURE HOG LARD—	COTTON BLOOM—
No 10 Pails..... $2.99	No. 10..... $2.29
No. 5 Pails..... $1.50	No. 5, $1.16. No. 3, 69c

ALL BRANDS COFFEE, lb..... 48¢

Sugar-Cured Picnic Hams	22c	Beef Rib Roast, lb	25c
Sliced Breakfast Bacon, lb	50c	Beef Rump Roast, lb	25c
Whole Breakfast Bacon, lb	35c	Beef Chuck Roast, lb., 15c and	20c
Fresh-Dressed Hens, lb	35c	Veal Roast, lb	25c
Fresh Pork Hams, lb	29c	Hamburger, Pound	20c
Fresh Pork Shoulders	25c	Choice Chuck Steak, lb	20c
Fresh Pork Loin Roast, lb	30c	Choice Round Steak, lb	30c
Pure Pork Sausage, lb	30c	Choice Sirloin Steak, lb	30c
Fresh Sprare-Ribs, lb	25c	Pork Chops, lb	35c
Fresh Neck Bones, lb	15c	Fresh Pork Steak, lb	35c

VEAL CHOPS, lb..... 30¢

CITY MARKET CO.



Great ships bring it from far off India.

THE very sight of a steaming cup of Tetley's deep colored, stimulating Orange Pekoe Tea is refreshing when you're fagged out. It's delicious!

Tetley's Tea

Gathered from the world's finest gardens—skilfully blended from 15 or more different teas—that's why Tetley's Tea's such *good* tea.



Sure Relief



6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Fat Hens and Meaty Friers

Fall weather has brought an abundance of the finest poultry you'll find chic ens here ust the size you like them.

We have some splendi large roasting Chic ens, good at resse Hens, and friers with plenty of tender meat on them.

You'll enjoy looking ove the fresh fruits and egetables, for you're sure to find something good you will want for your Sunday dinner.

Lake Erie White Fish

You will enjoy the delicious Lake Erie White Fish just in—the first of the season.

The Trout, too, are exceptionally good this week. Amon others are Halibut, Black Bass, Pampano, Mackerel, Snapper, Shrimp and Oysters.

We have Norfolk Stews and Selects, and oysters in the shell.

EVERYTHING is guaranteed.

Fulton Market

25-27 E. Alabama St.

Phone Main 500

MAZOLA
The perfect Oil for Cooking and Salads



The Best Coffee Store in the South

Kenny's

Good Rio 35c
High Grade . . . 45c
Special 50c
Java and Mocha 55c
Value in Every Pound

WE DELIVER
DON'T FORGET

Kenny's

Phones: Main 200;
Main 559

5 S. BROAD ST.

MAZOLA
The perfect Oil for Cooking and Salads



N-B CASH GROCERY CO.
138 WHITEHALL ST.

EGGS, dozen	63c
10 lbs. Sweet Potatoes	25c
Maxwell House Coffee, lb.	53c
Large-Size Carnation Cream	16c

USE CONSTITUTION WANT ADS

Attack of Mob Advertisement For 'Pussyfoot'

American "Dry" One of Most Talked-of Figures in England--"Pussyfoot" Called "A Good Sport."

London, November 14.—William E. ("Pussyfoot") Johnson, the American prohibitionist whose campaign in England was rudely interrupted Thursday by a band of students, today, as a result of his attitude toward the adventure, is one of the most talked of and popular figurse of the day. He commanded the biggest headlines in today's newspapers, and the general verdict of the headline written was that he is "a good sport."

Mr. Johnson could not have desired a better advertisement than Thursday's incident for his campaign against the liquor traffic and his future public appearances likely will command attention by reason of the fact that he has announced himself as considering the hazing he underwent a good joke. The students who marched about with him yesterday, upsetting traffic in a goodly part of the West End, now propose to tender Mr. Johnson a banquet and present to him their tributes of respect.

The opposition to the anti-saloon league organizer in London, it is said, has been based on the feeling that it was impertinent for an American prohibitionist to come across seas to lecture the English on what they should do

Boys All Right.

Johnson admitted that when he was first attacked he attempted to fight off the crowd, but that when he found it was only a students' lark he entered the fund and enjoyed himself.

"The boys were all right," Mr. Johnson declared. "The police handled the situation well; if they had tried to force things a lot of people might have been hurt. I am sending this message to the students

"'You had a good time. I had a good time. I have no complaints, but if you want fun get into the game against the greatest enemy of the human race—drink.'"

Mr. Johnson hopes, when the injury to his eye is better, to visit the college and address the students.

The injury to Mr. Johnson's eye is said to have been caused by a missile thrown by an unknown person. He was taken to a hospital today after an oculist had found the lens of the injured eye to be dislocated. The oculist ordered that Mr. Johnson be kept quiet until the extent of his injuries had been ascertained.

"Pussyfoot's" Record.

Lincoln, Neb., November 14.—William E. ("Pussyfoot") Johnson, beaten by students in London yesterday for his prohibition activities, was a student in the University of Nebraska thirty years ago. Leaving his studies he engaged in business in Lincoln for a time. In the early nineties he became a government agent engaged in running down men accused of selling liquor to Indians, and once nearly lost his life. On account of the danger connected with the work he adopted quiet but effective methods that gave him the name of "Pussyfoot," and put him well at the head of his branch of the service. He left the government service and became general agent and publicity man for the Anti-Saloon league. The success of the national prohibition movement encouraged the league to begin work on the other side, and Johnson was sent to London to open an office.

Revulsion Is Predicted.

Washington, November 14.—"Tremendous revulsion" against the liquor traffic in Great Britain will result from the cowardly assault of a mob of hoodlums on W. E. (Pussyfoot) Johnson, the American Anti-Saloon league representative in England, said a statement issued here today by Clarence True Wilson, general secretary of the board of temperance of the Methodist church.

"Just a generation ago the American liquor trade was put on the toboggan by just such conduct," said Mr. Wilson. "This London mob has sealed the doom of the liquor traffic in Europe. It will intensify the determination of both American and British prohibitionists that the British people shall receive ample and correct information regarding the prohibition movement and its workings in America."

Stewart D. Jones
118 Whitehall

Florida Lettuce, Head . .	5c
Large Home - Dressed Fryers, lb.	35c
Round, Loin and Porterhouse Steak, lb. . . .	30c
Roast lb. . .	12½c to 20c
$3.50 Sack Stock Powder, special	$1.00

The Mann Grocery Co.
20 ANGIER AVE.

Why not save yourself the trouble of shopping down town?

Beef Roast	20c and 25c lb.
Steak	25c to 35c lb.
Beef Stew	15c lb.
Fresh Pig Ham	35c lb.
Fresh Pig Shoulders	30c lb.
Fresh Pig Heads	20c lb.
Fresh Pork Chops	40c lb.

Vegetables and Fruits.
WE DELIVER.
Phone Ivy 2904.
C. A. PANELL, Mgr.

MAZOLA
The perfect Oil for Cooking and Salads



PLAZA MARKET
NO. 3 S. BROAD ST.
M. 881. WE DELIVER

Fancy Dressed Turkey, lb.	50c
Fresh Dressed Fat Ducks, lb.	48c
Nice Fat Dressed Hens, lb.	38c
Dressed Fryers, very choice	55c
Genuine Spring Lamb Legs, lb.	38c
Whole Pork Hams, lb.	30c
Fancy Beef Roast, lb. Extra quality.	25c
Fancy New York Corned Beef, lb.	40c

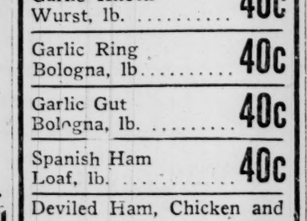
Fresh Ground Bone for Chickens.

Have you tried the Plaza Little Pig Sausage? Lb. 40c

Norfolk Oysters—

Select, quart	75c
Stews, quart	65c
Blood and Tongue Sausage, lb.	40c
Garlic Knock Wurst, lb.	40c
Garlic Ring Bologna, lb.	40c
Garlic Gut Bologna, lb.	40c
Spanish Ham Loaf, lb.	40c
Deviled Ham, Chicken and Turkey Loaf, lb.	75c
All Box Bacon	60c

MAZOLA
The perfect Oil for Cooking and Salads



J. H. BURGESS
115 WHITEHALL



No. 10 $2.25

Sugar-cured Picnic Hams, lb.	21c
Best Sliced Breakfast Bacon	39c
Loin, Round or Porterhouse Steak	20c
Round Roast, lb.	20c
Loin Roast, lb.	17 1-2c
Chuck Roast, lb.	15c
Dressed Hens, lb.	35c

MAZOLA
The perfect Oil for Cooking and Salads



Sanitary MARKET CO.
RETAIL AT WHOLESALE

TODAY'S SPECIALS

Lamb Stew	10c
Veal Stew	10c
Beef Stew	10c
Pig Heads	10c
Rump Roast	15c
Lamb Forequarters	15c
Veal Roast	15c
Chuck Roast	15c
Lamb Legs	20c
Picnic Hams	20c
Pork Shoulders	20c
Salt Meat	20c
Loin Pork Roast	25c
Backbone	25c
Lamb Chops	25c
Pork Hams	27½c

16 S. Pryor 15 E. Mitchell
46 Walton 33 Edgewood
86 S. Broad 20 N. Broad
24 South Broad Street

TIB'S COUNTRY STORE
45 EAST HUNTER ST.
Next Courthouse.

Fresh Country WATER-GROUND MEAL
Fresh Country Butter
Fresh Country Lard
Country Side Meat
Fresh Country Eggs
Country Dried Apples
Country Honey
Country Sorghum Syrup
Florida Sorghum Syrup
Fruits and Vegetables
Country Pure Pork Sausage
Plenty Nice Fryers and Fat Hens
WE DRESS THEM WHILE YOU WAIT
PUMPKINS—All sizes
We Handle ROLLER CHAMPION FLOUR
The Best on the Market.

Pink Cherry
For. Pryor and Houston

The Home of Better Things to Eat

Extra Fancy Legs of Genuine Spring Lamb . . .	35c
Fancy Home-Dressed Turkeys .	50c
Sliced Breakfast Bacon	40c

Everything That's Good To Eat, That's All

Cefalu & Warren
15-17 E. MITCHELL ST

You Know Our Quality.
The Best of Everything.
We Deliver. Phone M. 366

SATURDAY SPECIAL

Fancy Home-Dressed Hens, lb.	35c

Plenty of Nice Fat Fryers, Geese and Ducks.

Layer Raisins	25c
Tokay Grapes	15c
C. & W. COFFEE	37½c

Full Line of Fancy Fruits, Vegetables, Poultry, Fish and Oysters.
Fresh Dressed Rabbits



110 Whitehall St.

Veal Roast	15c	Veal Stew	10c
Veal Steak	15c	Beef Stew	10c
Pork Steak	30c	Lamb Stew	10c
Pork Chops	38c	Lamb Forequarter	15c
Pork Sausage	30c	Lamb Leg	20c
Pork Roast	25c		
Sliced Hams	40c		
Sliced Breakfast Bacon	40c		
Breakfast Bacon Strips	35c		

Fresh Dressed Poultry, Fancy Fish and Oysters

Take Advantage of This Sale. Olive Oil is Going Higher



Virgin Olive Oil

We are offering it at unusually low prices.

1 Gallon	$5.00
½ Gallon	$2.60
1 Quart	$1.40
1 Pint	.80
½ Pint	.45

Pressed from the finest grade of olives, Virgin Olive Oil is unexcelled for salads and cooking, and is highly recommended by physicians for medicinal purposes.

(Won first prize at the San Francisco Exposition).

Sold exclusively by

Postoffice Delicatessen

No. 1—45 Marietta Street
No. 2—36 Walton Street

We handle all kinds of Cheese, Olives, Herrings, Salmon, Spaghetti and similar appetizing foods.

We also serve delicatessen lunches. Give us a trial.

Union Meat Market
18-20 W. Alabama St.

Hens-Fryers-Ducks TURKEYS

Meadow Gold Butter, lb. 70c

We have a very fine shipment of chestnut-fed turkeys for Thanksgiving

MEXICAN WOMEN SCORE AGITATORS AND BREAK STRIKE

Laredo, Texas, November 14.—Women employees in a factory at Cordoba, Mexican state of Vera Cruz, have "broken the strike" in that state, according to advices received here today. With the slogan "Down with agitators," the women have returned to work and are urging "all workmen of good faith" to do likewise

RED PROPAGANDA SENT VIA MEXICO TO UNITED STATES

State Department Has Evidence That Soviet Russia's Underground Line Runs Through Carranza Land.

LETTER MADE PUBLIC FROM MEXIC OFFICIAL

De Negri, Who Is Carranza's Consul General at New York, Admits That He Is Engaged in "Nationalization" Propaganda.

Washington, November 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—Disclosures of large orders for arms and ammunition placed by Mexico in Europe were followed today by revelations tending to show that the "reds' underground line" from soviet Russia to the United States runs by way of Mexico.

It became known that the immigration service and the department of justice both are concerned at the influx of Russian radicals and other aliens of red tendencies over the Mexican border. Furthermore, government agents have traced much red propaganda over the Mexican line.

A letter written October 23 by Ramon P. de Negri, Mexican consul general in New York, to Flavia Borquez, a Mexican senator, indorsing the principle of "nationalization," has come into the hands of the government, and already has been called to the attention of the state department by at least two senators as showing de Negri's associations with "radical socialists" in the United States.

In the opinion of officials here the publication of de Negri's letter may lead to an embarrassing situation. It is known that the senators who called the attention of Secretary Lansing to it recommended cancellation of the consul general's exequatur.

Government investigators have reported that radicals seemed to have been first attracted to Mexico by certain so-called "ultra modern" provisions of the new constitution. De Negri, in his letter, writes that "only Russia by nationalizing lands has gone further than we have."

De Negri's Letter.

De Negri's letter, as it comes to the government's hands, says in its principal parts:

"It would not only be sad, but even criminal, that we should abdicate our nationalization policy through the threats of Wall street capitalists. I believe this is an ideal time in which to assure Mexican petroleum once for all, since it means nothing less than our greatest wealth, so coveted by foreign interests.

"You are probably familiar with the statements made by George Creel to our good friend, Manuel Carpio, on President Wilson's views with regard to the nationalization of petroleum in Mexico.

"Steps are at present being taken in the United States by the working classes, radical socialists, honest intellectuals, etc., with a view not only to nationalizing natural resources, but to socializing industries in general. For your satisfaction and that of the members of the constitutional assembly, I must say that you set the example. I can testify to this, for I have been on the scene of action since 1914.

"In 1917 I was in Washington in charge of our embassy when you took the transcendental step of nationalization. From that moment I made up my mind to engage in propaganda favorable to us by having our constitution printed in English.

The Mexican Constitution.

"I have talked with prominent sociologists of the United States, England and Russia, and they have all informed me that our constitution is read with enthusiasm in these countries, especially those portions dealing with labor and with Article 27. Only Russia by nationalizing lands has gone farther than we have. This is what we lack to assure our economic independence, the basis of the government of all peoples. You will also have seen in the press that England has nationalized its coal mines, and that similar steps are being taken in France.

"The social movement in the United States is of such importance at the present time that frome one moment to another there may be a change in the general order of things. There is a terrible dislocation between capital and labor. The conciliation conferences between industrials and working men have failed. Throughout the United States there is a clamor for the socialization of industries. It would be sad if we who initiated the movement should abandon it through a weakening of principles or through unfounded fears. I believe you should uphold the principle of nationalization against wind and weather, not permitting, on any ground whatever, the present owners of oil wells to fail to recognize the sovereignty of our nation to the subsoil in general, including their properties.

"I am following closely the movement in this country on petroleum, and as the majority of those who started it are friends of mine, I am in a position to advise you on the subject. They have two tendencies: either to nationalize petroleum, or to have petroleum pass into the hands of the government so that it may develop it, with the privilege of leasing the lands, but never to aliens, through fear that England may corner the whole petroleum of the world."

Distribution of Propaganda.

Government agents also have gathered evidence showing distribution of red propaganda in the United States through Mexican sources and this is expected to be shown publicly soon.

Secretary Lansing explained today that a diplomatic inquiry had been made at Brussels respecting the placing of munitions orders by Mexico in Belgium. The government adopted that course rather than that of a protest and is now satisfied that no shipments are to be made. The extensive orders placed by Mexico in Spain, Secretary Lansing refused to discuss, although it is known that the government has full knowledge of them and it is expected that a satisfactory means will be found to prevent others.

The international arms convention, in violation of which the recent shipments have been made, is as yet an unpublished document. It is understood here that it was signed in Paris on September 14 by the signatories to the league of nations convenant and provides that no nation which intends to become a member of the league may permit shipments of arms while the world is passing through the transition period from war to peace.

NO BELGIAN ARMS SHIPPED TO MEXICO.

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Washington, November 14.—Secretary Lansing said today that the state department, having heard a rumor to the effect that arms were being shipped to Mexico from Belgium, addressed an inquiry to the Belgian government, which assured the United States that no arms or munitions had been sent from Belgium to Mexico.

There had been shipments of sporting guns, Mr. Lansing said, from Belgium to some fourteen consignees in South America, but none of these guns even had been sold to Mexicans. Mr. Lansing emphatically denied that a protest had been addressed to the Brussels government by the state department.

Mr. Lansing added that the state department had not received recently any information concerning the reported sale of arms to Mexico by Spanish agencies. There is reason to believe, however, that such sales have been consummated and that the state department has under consideration an invitation to the Spanish government to cooperate with the United States and other powers in regard to Mexico.

The department has not decided what action it will take with respect to Spain, but it was asserted that the alleged traffic in war materials between Spain and Mexico is not illegal, and that the only question would be whether the Spanish government wished to cooperate with the other governments in matters affecting Mexico.

Pure Pork Sausage
Dressed Poultry
Country Eggs
Oysters
And Many Other Good Things to Eat

D. L. THOMAS
THE PURE PORK SAUSAGE MAN
27 S. Pryor St.

NEW MARKET
38 MARIETTA ST.

PORK—CORN FED.

Pork Sides, lb.	22½c
Pork Shoulders, lb.	22½c
Pork Hams, lb.	27½c
Round Steak, lb.	27½c
Veal Steak, lb.	30c
Rump Roast, lb.	20c

NORFOLK OYSTERS

GEO. HENDERSON, Manager.



THOMAS W. REYNOLDS,

The man who has greeted the fish buyers of Atlanta for 30 years with a smile.

Mr. Reynolds invites his many friends, whom he numbers by the thousands, to visit him at the Flatauer Fish and Oyster Market, 4 N. Broad St., as it gives him great pleasure to look after their wants in the Fish and Oyster line.

We always have the freshest Fish and Oysters obtainable. We get our Fish direct from the Coast each day by fastest express. We are agents for the celebrated Norfolk and Cristfield Oysters.

OYSTERS

STEWS, QT.	65c
SELECTS, QT.	75c

Flatauer Fish & Oyster Market
4 N. BROAD ST.
Opp. Arcade Bldg.

FEDERAL MARKET
32 WALTON ST.

Specials for Today

Brooks County Hams, pound	30c
Brooks County Bacon, pound	27½
Choice White Meat, pound	27½
Tift County Fresh Pork—	
Shoulders	25c
Hams	27½c
Sides	25c
Famous Pork Sausage	30c
Fresh Pig Liver, pound	15c
Lamb and Veal Roast	20c

Choice Western Beef and Veal.

FULTON COUNTY VOTES SCHOOL TAX INCREASE

Continued from First Page.

now be in a position to increase its value to the community. Authority for the increase, with consent of the voters, was granted by act of the last legislature.

Vote by Precincts.

The following returns were issued by Superintendent Simmons last night, inclusive of all excepting the College Park and Peachtree districts. The registration in these districts, he pointed out, is less than 100, and a solid vote against the raise would not materially change the result. The returns follow:

District.	For.	Against
Battle Hill	17	1
Blackhall	1	0
Bryant's	18	4
Buckhead	21	15
Collins	47	5
Cooks	14	2
Edgewood	11	0
Adamsville	19	1
Poole	1	13
Southbend	17	9
Oak Grove	40	1
Hapeville	88	4
East Point	1	0
Totals	245	55

—NOTICE!—

Today we have a complete line of cakes, pies, fancy cookies and pastry.

Finest line in the city. Nothing but the highest grades of materials used.

Federal System of Bakeries
6 NORTH BROAD

Billy Walker's Old Fashioned FARM SAUSAGE

My Old-Fashioned Farm Sausages are not equaled by any They are like those mother used to make. All pork, made from tender little Tennessee pigs and best of spices used. Try a pound today 35c

CHOICE WESTERN MEATS

Beef Roast, lb.	19c
Pot Roast, lb.	
Pork Hams, lb.	27½c
Pork Shoulders, lb.	25c
Side Pork, lb.	25c
Hog Heads, lb.	12½c
Pork Loin Roast	32c
pound	
Leg o' Lamb, lb.	35c
Large Young Fryers for Roasting or Smothering	32c

FRESH TONGUES
PICKLED TONGUES

These Prices Good at All Places.

35 E. Ala. 830 Peachtree 234 Courtland

National MARKET

363 Euclid 49 E. Hunter 165 Luckie

73 W. Peachtree St.

CONTROL OF PRICES URGED BY WARBASSE

Three Addresses Made Friday by President of Co-operative League.

Three addresses were delivered yesterday by Dr. James P. Warbasse, president of the Co-operative League of America, to the members of the local co-operative society and delegates to the district convention that was held in the Labor Temple Friday. Dr. Warbasse spoke at the three sessions, morning, afternoon and evening, and in his afternoon address he presented the claim that only through the co-operative plan, which gives control over the prices of commodities to the consumer, can the laboring people hope to give to their pay envelopes the proper purchasing power.

The thinking members of organized labor, said Dr. Warbasse, have reached the conclusion that they are not bettering their condition by striking, and receiving shorter hours and higher wages. He declared that shorter hours meant decreased production, and that higher wages resulted in increased cost of living, all of which created a vicious circle, through which the working man, who is, after all, the greatest consumer, really paid the big part of his own increase in wages.

Must Secure Price Control.

What is needed, said Dr. Warbasse, is for the laboring people to secure control of the prices of commodities, which can be done, he declared, through a thorough organization of the co-operative plan. This, he said, would serve to make the contents of the pay envelope worth more.

Dr. Warbasse told of the co-operative movement in Russia, in England, as well as other countries, and said that it had proven a complete success everywhere it had been given a fair trial. He said it was not only a movement for the proper distribution of food and clothing, as well as other things that must be distributed, but that amusements, proper housing, recreation and other living needs could be supplied the people through co-operation.

He told of the advance that has been made by the movement in the United States, where he said many failures had occurred in former years. These failures he attributed to various influences, such as interference by private merchants, disloyalty on the parts of members, and to the fact, ofttimes, that the basis upon which societies had been formed was not sound.

Mayor Key was a speaker also at the afternoon session, and his address, which was delivered from the standpoint of an observer, was one of encouragement and optimism with reference to the movement.

Much Interest Shown.

At the morning session, President G. W. Lindsey, of the Atlanta Co-operative society, presided. The attendance was small, but interest manifested in the address of Dr. Warbasse indicated that those who are associated with the movement are determined to mack it expand and grow.

The plan that is being urged by Dr. Warbasse is the famous idea worked out by the weavers of Rochelle, England, who started the co-operative business that has grown into one of the largest establishments in the world. A special effort is being made to establish this plan in Atlanta for the benefit of the working people. The plan does not contemplate the selling of goods at cost, or at prices a great deal below the merchants' prices, but better goods and larger quantities, it is declared, serve to make trading with the co-operative store to the advantage of members of the organization.

The evening session, which was held at 8 o'clock last night, was presided over by George F. Haney, of the Atlanta Federation of Trades, and the address of Dr. Warbasse was delivered to a large gathering of people, among whom were many of the delegates to the federation of trades.

Dr. Warbasse told an interesting history of the co-operative movement, going back to the inception of the plan, and showed his hearers how the plan could be worked out in America.

LIPSCHITZ DENIES THEFT OF JEWELRY

Savannah, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Charles Lipschitz, who brought here today from Portland, Ore., on extradition to answer to charges of larceny of a jewelry suit case containing, it isalleged, $75,000 worth of valuable goods, declared in the county jail that he is "as innocent of the charge as a new born babe." The sample trunk was stolen here by a clever arrangement of check exchanges and the substitution of a duplicate trunk at the station.

Lipschitz admits he knew Harold Salinas, treveling salesman for a New York house, from whim the treasure case is said to have been taken. He admits having seen the case opened and displayed and says that he has met Salinas a number of times in other cities and that he was at the hotel here on the day Salinas was to leave Savannah, but he declares his innocence of any connection with the disappearance of the trunk.

Lipschitz is a man of about 28 years of age and says that his family is practically penniless.

BANQUET TONIGHT FOR NEW EDITOR OF THE RURALIST

The Capital City club, at 7 o'clock tonight, will be the scene of a banquet in honor of Cully Alton Cobb, who took up his duties as editor-in-chief of The Southern Ruralist last Tuesday morning. The banquet will be given Mr. Cobb by the Ruralist Press, publishers of The Southern Ruralist.

When an editor-in-chief was needed for The Southern Ruralist the name of Mr. Cobb, of the Mississippi extension force, was suggested. All investigations that could be made by he board of directors proved satisfactory as regarded his ability and qualifications.

The education and training of Mr. Cobb prepared an admirable groundwork for his new endeavors. Raised on a small Tennessee farm, the son of a Baptist minister, his thoughts have been constantly along agricultural lines.

From his earliest boyhood days, when he traded pigs, raised corn and finished hogs for market, through his education at the Mississippi A. & M. college, where he graduated at the head of his class and holding an important position on the college farm, through his experience in teaching the first agricultural high school in Mississippi and later when he assumed the leadership in club work and received the broadening effect of unlimited study and observation of agricultural conditions, and making big plans and executing them, his every experience has well equipped him to counsel the southern farmers through the columns of the paper with which he is now connected.

Supreme Court of Ga.

Judgments Affirmed.

Brewer v. New England Mortgage Security Bartlett. Bunn & Trawick, W. H. Terrell, for plaintiff in error. W. E. Simmons, W. W. Mundy, contra.

Hill v. Hill, administrator; from Cobb—Judge Morris. D. W. Blair, for plaintiff in error. J. Z. Foster, Mozley & Gann, contra.

Gibson v. Singleton; from Fulton—Judge Ellis. C. D. Maddox, S. A. Massell, J. O. Wood, for plaintiff in error. Hewlett & Dennis, contra.

City of Atlanta v. Standard Life Insurance Company; from Fulton—Judge Ellis. J. L. Mayson, S. D. Hewlett, for plaintiff in error. Candler, Thomson & Hirsch, contra.

Jackson v. Williams; from Dougherty—Judge Harrell. R. J. Bacon, R. H. Ferrell, fo rplaintiff in error. Milner & Farkas, contra.

Jones v. Jones et al.; from Grady—Judge Worrill. S. P. Cain, for plaintiff in error. W. V. Custer, contra.

Zeigler v. Zeigler et al.; from Berrien—Judge Thomas. J. D. Lovett, William Story, for plaintiff in error. C. E. Hay, contra.

Hollingsworth v. State; from DeKalb—Judge Smith. A. C. & J. H. McCalla, King & Johnson, for plaintiff in error. Clifford Walker, attorney general, George M. Napier, solicitor general, M. C. Bennet, contra.

Judgments Reversed.

Sharp et al. v. McClung, next friend; from Carroll superior court—Judge Terrell. S. Holderness, for plaintiffs in error. Buford Boykin, C. E. Roop, contra.

Ayers v. Claridy; from Gwinnett—Judge Cobb. G. F. Kelley, I. L. Oakes, for plaintiff in error. O. A. & W. L. Nix, contra.

Cooley v. Dixon, sheriff; from Chatham—Judge Meldrim. Robert L. Colding, Morris H. Bernstein, for plaintiff in error. Walter C. Hartridge, solicitor general, contra.

Black v. Black; from Laurens—Judge Kent. W. C. Davis, W. A. Dampier, Faircloth & Claxton, for plaintiff in error. J. S. Adams, R. Earl Camp, contra.

Wilkes et al. v. Folsom; from Brooks—Judge Thomas. J. J. Murray, for plaintiffs in error. Branch & Snow, contra.

Dismissed.

Dixon, sheriff, v. Cooley (cross-bill of exceptions); from Chatham.

BARBECUE TO FEATURE CORNERSTONE LAYING

More than a thousand Atlantans, including state, county and city officials and representatives of various civic bodies, have been invited to attend the cornerstone laying of the Lanham Cotton Cultivator company this afternoon.

The exercises will be under the direction of the Advertising Club of Atlanta, and David W. Webb, president of the club, will be master of ceremonies. Governor Dorsey will lay the cornerstone in place, and Mayor James L. Key will deliver a brief address on the value of new industrial enterprises to the city. Charles E. Robertson, secretary of the chamber of commerce, will speak for that body, and H. G. Hastings, president of the Georgia Chamber of Commerce, for his organization.

Charles S. Barrett, president of the National Farmers' union, has telegraphed that he is coming from Washington especially to be present and make a brief talk on the value of labor-saving machinery to the southern cotton grower.

A barbecue will be served at 1 o'clock and souvenirs will be distributed. All the stockholders have been invited to attend, and all guests are expected to bring their wives.

Automobiles will be waiting at the fire headquarters on West Alabama street to take guests to the factory site, on Murphy avenue, Oakland City.

PLAGUE IS RAGING IN CONSTANTINOPLE

Geneva, November 14.—The International Red Cross today received a telegram from Constantinople, dated November 9, stating that a plague had broken out in the Turkish capital and asking for help. The Red Cross officials immediately took steps to rush serum to the Red Crescent (the Turkish Red Cross) to fight the disease, which threatens the whole city and the Near-East.

4-MINUTE SPEAKERS WILL FILL PULPITS

Baptist Churches of Atlanta Will Hear About 75 Million Campaign.

The Baptist churches of Atlanta are to hear about the 75 million campaign again tomorrow from new speakers at every place. The Baptist four-minute speakers are exchanging churches every Sunday at every service so that a new man goes to each congregation at each service.

The list of speakers for tomorrow is made up of Atlanta's leading business and professional men and they will present the movement in effective manner in every instance. There are now 1,673 of these Baptist four-minute speakers in Georgia, with Atlanta leading any other city, with 153.

Atlanta will furnish a number of men for out-of-town engagements Sunday. E. L. Fowler will go to Smyrna; Claude Ethridge will go to Winder; E. C. Laird will go to Chamlee; Charles Zeigler will go to Floyd, and M. P. Floyd will go to Austell. R. E. Harvey, well-known business man, will be the principal speaker at the regular 11 o'clock service at Hapeville Sunday morning.

Speakers on Sunday.

The speakers Sunday and the churches follow:

Antioch, E. K. Bair; Bellwood avenue, John A. Montgomery; Brown Memorial, C. C. Childs; Buckhead, R. L. Wilson; Capitol Avenue church, William Crenshaw; Capitol View, W. J. Dabney; Central church, J. E. Raley; College Park, W. B. Willingham; Cooper street, J. J. Robertson; Capitol avenue, A. C. Briscoe; 9:30 Bible class, Decatur, W. M. Perryman; Druid Hills church, J. H. Jackson; East Atlanta, J. E. Bowden; Egan Park, J. L. Culveth; East Point, John W. Henley; East Side Tabernacle, J. M. Garner; Edgewood church, W. N. Edenfield; Ezra church, J. P. Wall; First church, E. C. Callaway; Fortified Hills, B. C. Smith; Gordon street, C. D. Gibbs; Grant park, M. E. Sentell; Hapeville, H. M. Bond; Inman Park, Alvin L. Richards; Inman Yards, John S. Burgess; Jackson Hill, Lester A. Brown; Jones avenue, T. C. Davison; Kirkwood, J. J. Greer; Lakewood Heights, Dean S. Paden; McDonald, F. A. Willingham; New Antioch, O. H. Puckett, North Atlanta, I. M. Sheffield; North Side Park, Oakhurst, J. Gilbert Smith; 3 o'clock p. m., Oakland City, B. H. Messer; Orchard Knob, R. C. McCoy; Ponce de Leon avenue, W. W. Orr; Ponders avenue, J. C. Williams; Providence, 2:30, Ben R. Padgett, Jr.; Second church, W. W. Gaines; South Side, J. E. Ragsdale; Tabernacle church, M. W. Bell; West End church, H. M. Willett; Western Heights, A. M. Smith; West Merritts avenue, W. M. Rainey; White City, J. M. Adamson; Woodward avenue, J. F. Sellers.

The speakers for the 7:30 services are as follows:

Antioch, J. D. Rhodes; Bellwood, L. H. Bagby; Brown Memorial, W. C. Smith; Buckhead, E. M. Vary; Capitol avenue, S. B. Turman; Capitol View, A. G. Sullivan; Central church, John R. Dickey; College Park, E. N. Upshaw; Cooper street, W. C. Stradley; Decatur, Mathew Harper; Druid Hills church, E. F. Brown; East Atlanta, J. J. Foy; Egan Park, J. M. Daniel; East Point; E. L. Barlow; East Side Tabernacle, O. W. Hornbuckle; Edgewood church, L. B. Smith; Ezra church, A. B. Malcolm; First church, Walter F. George; Fortified Hills, J. W. Gilstrap; Gordon street, A. F. Todd; Grant park, F. H. Jackson; Hapeville, John Guerin; Inman Park, Oscar Venable; Inman Yards, Julian Youmans; Jackson Hill, Joseph W. Awtry; Jones avenue, W. T. Rhodes; Kirkwood, A. W. Jackson; Lakewood Heights, J. M. Hoyle; McDonald, Edward Carswell; New Antioch, C. H. Horne; North Atlanta, J. G. Burch; North Side Park, W. D. Greene; Oakland City, F. F. Hilburn; Ponders avenue, Walter Thomas; Second church, Eugene R. Black; South Side, Everett Millican; Tabernacle church, Frank A. Hooper, Sr.; West End church, L. T. Stallings; Western Heights, William Clyburn; West Merritts avenue, J. T. Hardman; White City, U. L. Fry; Woodward avenue, J. B. Jenkins.

Coats for the Younger Generation

For girls from two to sixteen, for the junior girl and the small woman we have coats in a wide range of materials.

Velour, Broadcloth, Silvertone, Burilla and Frost Cloth are among the many, and they are here in all the leading shades.

With the snap of winter in the air and colder weather on its way delay must not be thought of.

For the Younger Girls

From 2 to 16 years

We have selected and divided all the coats in our stocks into groups, pricing them carefully and showing the very best styles and materials. In the higher-priced models there are many trimmed with fur, collars of Nutria, Chinchilla and Seal. The prices are: **$8.75, $15.75, $19.75, $29.75, $39.75, $49.75, $59.75** and **$89.75.**

For Junior Girls and Small Women

Velours, Kersey, Burilla and all the best materials in the very best of the season's styles and offering exceptionally good values for this early in the season. There are plain and fur trimmed models and wide color range from which to select. Priced in the following groups for Saturday: **$14.00, $23.50, $49.50, $59.50, $79.50, $115.00, $135.00, $165.00.**

Inviting Attention to Our Hats

For children there is nothing more smart this season than a good Beaver hat. We have them in a variety of colors and shapes. We have the Velours, too, in Black, Navy and Brown with broad or short brims, long streamers and faille ribbons. Priced at from **$10.75** to **$12.75.**

A Special Offering for Saturday

Velvet and Plush Hats for children from 2 to 8 years of age. In a variety of colors and styles. These are excellent hats for dress and we are pricing them at a very low figure, much lower, in fact, than they have been priced in regular stock: **95c, $1.95** and **$2.95.**

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

86-96 WHITEHALL

A Complete and Entrancing Selection Of Maribou Plush and Ostrich

Scarfs in Stole, Cape and Coatee Effects

The Maribou pieces assembled here for your selection, creations of exquisite beauty, the product of designers who take pride in their artistry.

There are pieces trimmed in Ostrich and other pieces developed wholly in Maribou. Delighting the eye and very practical for the chill of winter.

There are Stoles and Scarfs, Cape effects and Coatee effects, in Taupe, Brown, Black and the natural Maribou color. Priced from... **$8.95 to $37.50**

In the Plush pieces there are many with the belt and trimmings of little dangling balls. In Taupe, Brown, Black and Mole there is offered a wide selection of the very latest and best developments in Stoles, Scarfs, Cape and Coattee effects. Priced from **$9.95 to $42.50**

OSTRICH BOAS, fluffy and beautifully made, come in a variety of colors. There are Blacks, Navy, Purple, Taupe and pleasantly conceived combinations that please and add that touch of distinction to the costume. Priced from... **$10.50 to $22.50**

50 Pieces of Maribou

Values: $18.50 to $22.50

In these 50 pieces of Maribou we offer an exceptional value and you are assured that the quality is in keeping with the standards of this institution **$13.50**

100 Pieces of Maribou

Values: $10.50 to $15.00

In ths offering are many very good pieces of Maribou and the unusual price concession makes it certain that many persons will take advantage of the event. **$8.50**

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

86-96 Whitehall

A Clearance of Several Odd Sewing Machines

New or Rebuilt



One $75 Singer that has been used as a demonstrator, to be sold for $39.50.

White demonstrator for $31.95.

Rebuilt Standard for $32.50.

Willard cabinet machine, $48.50.

Domestic at $55.00.
Cosmo at $27.50.
Willard Standard, $42.50.

Buy any of these Machines on our Club Plan, and pay only $1.00 a week.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

Golden Brown Corn Cakes Made Without Grease on "Wear Ever" Aluminum Skillets

This is a matter of interest to every housekeeper in this day and age of high costs in housekeeping.

And, in addition to saving the money that is usually expended on the grease necessary to make corn cakes or other "Hot Cakes" on the ordinary skillet, this method is healthier in that the grease is eliminated, and too, there is no odor from the frying that usually attends the making of corn cakes.

WE ARE STILL OFFERING THE TWO "WEAR EVER" LIP SAUCEPANS.

2½-quart saucepan of "Wear Ever" Aluminum, $1.40 values.....**95c**

Smaller lip saucepan of "Wear Ever" Aluminum, 85c values.....**59c**

The Domestic Science Fireless Cooker Demonstration

Finds every woman in the city who has visited this demonstration enthusiastic and surprised at the many conveniences to be found in the ownership of the Domestic Science Fireless Cooker.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

The Rug and the Color Scheme

KLEARFLAX LINEN RUGS are woven from flax in the Duluth factories of the Klearflax Rug Company.

No other rug combines such desirable qualities for the home as the Klearflax Linen Rug.

They are made in such a wide variety of colors that no color scheme can be thought of but that the Klearflax Linen Rug will fit into it and become an integral part of its surroundings.

Klearflax Linen Rugs are reversible and wear for many years showing only a softening in tone and shading as they wear.

You will like a Klearflax Linen Rug in your home after you have carefully looked into the quality of them and you will find an excellent selection of them here for your inspection from which you can determine your needs.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

MONEY SECURED TO RUN SCHOOLS

Plans Made to Borrow $116,000 From Atlanta National Bank, Anticipating the State School Fund.

Definite steps which will prevent enforced closing of the Atlanta public schools in December were made Friday at a conference between members of the board of education, Mayor Key and officials of the Atlanta National bank, at which plans were made to borrow $116,000 from the bank and anticipate the amount of the state school fund, approximately $131,000, which is due the board of education, but will probably not be paid before January of 1920.

In doing this the board did not give up any claim it has held to the entire amount of the state fund, which has been the subject of controversy with council, but merely eases the matter of final adjudication of their differences.

A conference between a special committee of the board of education and the finance committee of council was scheduled for 3 o'clock Friday afternoon, having been arranged at the request of the board in an effort to reach some basis of understanding between that body and council.

The conference with the mayor, however, preceded the hour for this meeting and the special committee did not appear. Superintendent W. S. Dykes appeared to explain their absence by telling the committee of the plans that had been made earlier in the day to procure the finances needed to keep the schools in session.

Beautiful Bead Necklaces $1.50

The very latest novelty in necklaces. In pretty imitations of Jade, Lapis Lazuli, Amber and Moonstone.

They are 36 inches long, strung on slender metal chains which are silvered in finish, and there are filigree metal bangles which add to their attractiveness.

These necklaces are equal in style and design to those we have sold before at $2.50 and $3.00.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

SOROSIS Special Offerings For Saturday

Shoes For the Children

Sorosis Shoes are guaranteed to wear satisfactorily and now, with prices uncertain and steadily advancing, is the time to purchase when such values as these are offered.

Included in this offer are shoes in tan calf, in patent leather with white tops, patent leather with cloth tops, patent leather with kid tops.

Black calf button shoes, kid leather with patent tips. With welt soles, carefully made, dressy and sturdy.

Sizes 8½ to 11.....**$5.15**
Sizes 11 to 2.....**$5.65**



Boy Scout shoes in black and tan calf with elk leather sole. Specially priced at..**$4.75**

Boys' black and tan calf, English last shoes with Neolin sole. Specially priced **$5.85**

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.
86-96 Whitehall

Announcing the Completion Of Our Department For Boys

With the installation of cases and the final reception of stocks to complete our lines for Boys, we take great pride in inviting the Mothers and Fathers of Atlanta to come in and inspect what is probably the most practical and complete assemblage of clothing for Boys in the South.

Every effort has been made to see that the various articles of attire for the youngster are in every way worthy of a place in this establishment. Price has been no consideration in these selections, but you will find that the prices we ask for this merchandise are a great deal lower than one expects, considering the quality.

Outer Clothing

In outer clothing for the Little Fellow we have the Oliver Twist and Middy Suits, the Norfolk styles in many colors and made from Serges, Wool Jerseys, Fancy Woolens, Velvets and Corduroys.

In the Wash Suits, which come in an endless variety of color combinations in stripes and designs, the Oliver Twist and belted models are also to be found in abundance.

For the Older Boys there are excellent suits made of all wool materials known as RUFF AND TUMB-L. Two pair of bloomers with each suit, carefully made with taped seams throughout, snappy slant pockets and in belted effects.

Then there are CLOTHES LIKE DAD'S, really hand tailored suits in the finest of materials for the sturdy young fellow who is just a few short years from manhood.

Specially Priced Blouses For Boys

In sizes for 6 to 14 years and carefully made from the excellent material. Some are with collars, others without. Some have pleated bosoms, others are plain. There are many striped effects that are very pretty..... **$1.00**

Boys' Rompers. Sizes 2 to 8 Years

Made of Blue Bell Cheviot in a number of pretty striped combinations. With straight bottoms and very carefully finished and strongly made..... **$1.15**

Sweaters --- Caps --- Mackinaws

In Sweaters we have selections in both cotton and wool in practically every desired color and style. Warmth and comfort are assured the out-of-doors fellow who wears one of these fine sweaters.

A wide range of Caps from which to select in the shapes that are popular this season and in a variety of colors and materials.

All-wool Mackinaws in the darker plaids, belted and splendidly warm, take the place of overcoats and look just as well. These garments are made for Boy Wear with buttons really SEWN on and with reinforced seams.

Shirts and Underwear

In Shirts for boys we have a complete range of sizes from 12 to 15. There are shirts of cotton or silk and of mixtures. Shirts in striped color combinations and designs, white shirts and shirts in solid colors. With or without collars.

A very carefully selected line of Boys' Underwear is here for your inspection and it comprises both the light and heavy materials. There are knit and woven suits in the heavier materials and a wide range of fabrics and designs in the light from which to make selection.

Bath Robes are a necessity in the Boys' Wardrobe and we have an excellent selection here in a number of very winning designs and colors. All of them made just like the grown-ups' bath robe, warm and comfortable.

There are Pajamas and Night Robes in fancy percales, madras and in outing material. Made especially for the Boy, carefully and from the best materials.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company
86-96 Whitehall

Office Finally Found in Capitol For T. R. Bennett

The new state superintendent of banks, T. R. Bennett, who goes into office on January 1, has at last succeeded in getting "temporary" quarters in the capitol and he went into occupation of them yesterday. The law required the governor to find an office for the state bank examiner in the capitol. As every nook and corner of that building, except the dome, is already occupied, with every occupant jealously guarding every inch of space allotted to him, the only solution the governor could find of the problem after two months of effort was to divide with Mr. Bennett the quarters of the executive department.

Consequently the good-natured executive secretary, Claude A. West, found himself compelled to vacate, and he will hereafter share the office occupied by the warrant clerk and pardon secretary.

While Mr. Bennett described his quarters as only temporary, it is pretty well settled that he will have to occupy them at least until after the next session of the legislature, as no other offices are available under the state house dome.

Three Groups of

FINE SUITS

Greatly Reduced In Price

at $25.00

There are suits in this lot that have been popular all season and except for the unfavorable weather would have been gone long since.

at $35.00

There are many suits in this group that were priced as high as $65.00. Every desirable material is here and all the wanted colors.

at $45.00

Suits that sold as high as $89.50. Taken from our regular stock and reduced in price because weather conditions did not move them sooner.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

160 BARRELS OF SUGAR SEIZED BY U. S. AGENTS

Part of Supply Was Destined for Moonshiners, Charges Government.

Sugar to the amount of 160 barrels, held in storage in the Loudermilk company's warehouse at Gainesville, Ga., and owned by E. McClure, a merchant of Dawsonville, Ga., was ordered seized Thursday afternoon by the United States district attorney. Libel proceedings were begun following the investigation that was conducted at Gainesville Wednesday by Chief Revenue Agent D. J. Gantt.

In a letter to the district attorney, Mr. Gantt charges that large amounts of sugar have been shipped to Gainesville for McClure. He also charges that a great deal of the sugar was ultimately to be used in the illicit manufacture of liquor.

It is said that two carloads of sugar were shipped to Gainesville for Dawsonville use on October 30 and November 7. It is declared that the sugar was shipped from Atlanta by the Sam H. Salzman company.

Revenue agents claim that Dawson, Lumpkin and Cherokee counties are centers of moonshining activities. During the month of October 108 stills were destroyed by revenue agents, despite the fact that many of the officers were acting as witnesses in the October term of federal court.

In the report on the Gainesville situation the revenue agent said:

"Moonshiners are one of the principal causes of the sugar shortage. Since July 1, nine carloads of empty kegs have been shipped to Gainesville, which would be about 5,000 to 5,500 kegs. In addition to that, more than 1,000 kegs of molasses have been received at Gainesville and during July alone almost 100,000 pounds of sugar were received there. I secured these figures from an examination of the railroad company's records. There can hardly be any other explanation for this than that the moonshiners are purchasing a big share of it for use in making illicit liquor."

It is likely that the federal grand jury will investigate the case, and if it is learned that McClure was hoarding sugar, the probability is that special charges will be preferred against him.

FLEET CORPORATION TO SELL EQUIPMENT

News received Friday by the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce from the Emergency Fleet corporation states that there is a large quantity of surplus material, including engine, railroad, electrical equipment and miscellaneous construction material that is to be sold considerably below prevailing prices.

All the material, it is said, was delivered under the war department contracts, and is in excellent condition. Orders for the material will receive prompt attention if directed to the home office supply and sales division, 140 North Broad street, Philadelphia, or to the district office, located in New Orleans.

There is now on its way to the chamber of commerce a catalog containing quotations on all the equipment, and the chamber officials will be glad to offer any assistance to prospective purchasers.

Posse Trails Negro.

Sylvester, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—The negro, Brutus Jones, who yesterday is said to have shot and killed W. B. Smith, of this county, has so far succeeded in evading the sheriff and posse. A large posse was out all last night and are still searching. Just before sundown news was received that a hot trail has been struck and the dogs that had been brought in earlier in the day are being rushed back to the same section.

Great Field Open In China for U. S. Makers of Goods

Chinese Are Tired of Inferior Quality of Articles Furnished Them by Japanese Manufacturers, Says Former Atlantan.

"American manufacturers should not lose the present opportunity to do business in the Far East," declares C. S. Upson, former Atlanta man, and now of Shanghai, China.

Mr. Upson, who has spent the last three years in China, says that the gate for American-made goods is now open. One reason he advances for this is that the merchandise of different kinds purchased from Japan during the war proved to be of such inferior quality that the Chinese have given up confidence in Japan-made goods.

Another reason why the Chinese are so anxious to purchase goods of American manufacture is that the Shantung dispute has caused such a dislike by the Chinese for the Japs that they are now boycotting Japan as much as possible.

Mr. Upson states that the anti-Jap feeling has run so high that goods of Japanese manufacture have several times recently been burned in huge bonfires.

Mr. Upson, when a resident of this city, was connected with the A. C. Miller Buggy company and the Pittsburg Plate Glass company. Three years ago he went to the Orient, where he served as office manager in the city of Tientsin, China, for Fearson-Daniel and company, Inc., of New York city.

He was afterwards promoted to the office of general Far East manager for the same firm and established headquarters at Shanghai, where he now lives.

Some interesting views on industrial and crop conditions in China are given by Mr. Upson.

"The Chinese are great farmers," he says, "but they use no modern agricultural implements. Crude plows are drawn by oxen and donkeys in most parts of China, but in the lower sections of the country water buffalos are used.

"The practice of using coolies, the lowest class of laborers, for drawing plows, is still in effect in a few parts of the country. I have seen a coolie, a donkey and an ox hitched to the same plow."

Mr. Upson is in America on a business trip and intends to sail for the Orient in February. He left Shanghai on October 12, and came by way of Honolulu, where he spent a day, arriving in San Francisco on November 7. He is now at the Piedmont hotel, but anticipates a trip to the southern part of the state in a few days.

JOHN SHERLOCK DIES

Was Member of Band of Irish Horse Traders.

John Sherlock, 55 years of age, died Thursday at Ray City, Ga. He was a member of a well-known band of Irish horse traders and the tents of the band were pitched at Ray City when he died.

Mr. Sherlock was born in Ireland, but when a small boy he came to America. He is survived by his widow, two sons and a daughter.

The body was sent to the undertaking parlors of Greenberg & Bond, where it will remain until May 28, which is the annual burial day for all members of the band dying within the year.

LAST CALL FOR OWNER OF TICKET NO. 6664

So far no one has put in a claim for the bale of cotton given to the holder of ticket No. 6,664 in the Red Cross raffle. The man or woman holding this ticket must present it by 12 o'clock today at the War Camp Community house, or his or her chance will be lost. If the owner does not appear by that time another drawing will be made.

RULES FOR DELIVERY OF TELEGRAMS MADE

Expected to Meet Complaints Lodged With Rail Board by City Council.

Two additional rules governing the acceptance and transmission of telegraph messages were published by the railroad commission Friday. They are expected to meet the complaints made by the city council against the Western Union Telegraph company in Atlanta. The new rules follow:

Rule 4—Where a message is tendered for immediate transmission to another office of the same company and it is known, or can be ascertained from office records, that the office to which the message is to b transmitted is, at the time of such tender, closed or likely to be closed before it can be transmitted, the receiving office shall, before accepting the message, notify the sender of the facts.

Rule 5—Where, for any reason, a message cannot be, or is not delivered within a reasonable time after receipt, it shall be the duty of the office accepting the message to notify the sender if such sender's address be known, of the fact of non-delivery. No charge shall be made for such notification.

The following letter, a copy of which was also mailed to the attorneys for the Western Union Telegraph company, was addressed by Chairman C. Murphey Candler to James L. Mayson, city attorney.

Hon. James L. Mayson,
City Attorney,
Atlanta, Ga.

My Dear Sir: The railroad commission of Georgia has given consideration to the complaint filed by the city of Atlanta, with reference to telegraphic service rendered in this city by the Western Union Telegraph company prior to August 1, 1919, and I have been directed by the commission to advise you in behalf of the city that the commission was satisfied that during and about the period mentioned in the complaint filed the telegraphic services rendered by this company were not entirely efficient and such as to satisfy the public demand.

The commission further finds that the service during the period mentioned was probably affected by unusual and, in a measure, abnormal conditions and circumstances prevailing at that time and previously thereto. The commission, however, is compelled to take cognizance of the fact that at the period mentioned the properties of the Western Union Telegraph company were in the possession of and operated by the postmaster general of the United States and that the corporation itself was not a participant in this service nor could it be legally held for the character of the service being rendered by the postmaster general.

In the hearing conducted by the commission, two features of the complaints were developed, which the commission has concluded ought to be covered by additions to its telegraphic rules. I enclose herewith copies of two additional telegraph rules, which the commission has adopted, the observance of which in the future by telegraph companies, it is believed by the commission, will remove two of the causes of complaint developed in the hearing as above mentioned. Yours very truly,

(Signed) C. M. CANDLER,
Chairman.

ALLOTMENT CHECKS HELD BY RED CROSS

A list of twenty names of persons whose allotment and allowance checks are being held in the bureau of war risk insurance at Washington has been received by the Atlanta chapter of the Red Cross.

Due to the inability of the bureau to secure the correct addresses of those named, the checks are being held pending information which will enable thebureau to deliver them to the persons to whom they are due.

The following persons are named in the list:

Mattie Page Bouyer, Minnie King Simms, Vera Lou Rhodes, Emily Roark, Martha Johnson Thomas, Susie Veal, Susie Williams Searey, Sarah Carlisle, Ethel Patterson Bird, Hattie Ramey Nellison, Lena Sherwood Walker, Ruby Leader Huffman, Louise Johnson Jackson, Corrine Mabel, Lottie Bell Allen, Frances Travis, Richard Lates, Victoria Saunders, Maude Hopkins Bailey, Mary Graham Thomas.

Information regarding the addresses of those mentioned in the list should be sent to the American Red Cross, 258 Peachtree street.

Coal Man Popular In Atlanta Friday; First Killing Frost

Fires Burning in Many Homes, for Old Man Winter Arrived in Full Blast—Colder Weather.

The first killing frost and real cold weather of this year made its debut in Atlanta on Friday morning. Overcoats were popular Friday morning and homes were brightened and warmed by fires, for old man winter paid the city a regular visit.

According to the weather bureau the thermometer registered 32 degrees Friday morning, with prospects of a 2-degree drop early Saturday morning. The weather expert, Mr. von Herrmann, states that Sunday the weather will gradually become warmer, but rather cool and fair weather is slated for the first part of next week.

"The first killing frost is a little later this year than usual," stated the weather man Friday. "Generally it comes about the first of November. The coldest weather on record for fall was in 1914, when 13 degrees was registered on the 20th of November, and the latest killing frost was last year, when the day after Christmas brought the latest first killing frost on record."

"Although Saturday will be cold, Sunday and the first part of next week will be moderate cool, with fair weather," states the weather man.

Mrs. Elizabeth McCollum Passes Away on the Eve Of Her 76th Birthday

Mrs. Elizabeth Ann McCollum, one of Atlanta's most widely-known and beloved women, died Thursday night, on the eve of her seventy-sixth birthday, at her home, 49 Peachtree place.

Mrs. McCollum was the wife of Major J. L. McCollum, general agent of the Western and Atlantic railroad. Before her marriage she was Miss Elizabeth Ann Holmes, of Dade county, Georgia. After their marriage they lived in Chattanooga, where for twenty-five years Major McCollum served as superintendent of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad.

When the N., C. & St. L. took over the lease of the Western and Atlantic road about twenty-five years ago, Major McCollum was transferred to Atlanta, where they have since resided.

Funeral services will be conducted from the home this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. J. W. Bachman, an old friend of the family, and for many years pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Chattanooga, assisted by Dr. Richard Orme Flinn, will officiate.

Sunday morning at 8:30 o'clock the body will be taken in a special car to Chattanooga for burial Sunday afternoon in that city.

Mrs. McCollum is survived by her husband, four daughters, Mrs. M. P. Garner, Mrs. Blanche Mell and Mrs. H. M. Jones, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. H. Hester, of Valdosta; a son, F. B. McCollum, of Atlanta, and two nieces, Misses Elizabeth and Ruth Mell, of Atlanta.

MORE NAVAL BUSINESS COMING TO SAVANNAH

Savannah, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Foreign trade is turning daily more and more toward Savannah, Georgia's big port, as the logical economic point of export for naval stores and cottonseed and peanut products, as well as cotton, which has long been pre-eminent. Large houses in Brazil and Holland have communicated with Savannah relative to possibilities of increasing the export of this class of goods from the "port nearest the area of production." Ships are loading in port this week with cottonseed cake and other cottonseed and peanut products for the cattle feeders of Sweden and Norway.

NEW MEMBERS NAMED ON FAIR PRICE BOARD

Beaumont Davison and C. J. Bloodworth Are Appointed by J. P. Allen.

Beaumont Davison, of Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co., representing the dry goods trade, and C. J. Bloodworth, of Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co., representing the women's ready-to-wear department, are two of the new members of the Fulton county fair price committee under the expansion of its powers to include all necessities of life, John A. Manget, chairman, stated Friday. The members were appointed by J. P. Allen, president of the Retail Merchants' association.

Mr. Manget stated that he is expecting the early appointment of accredited representatives from all lines included in the recent order from Washington soon. The committee will then begin the stupendous task of fixing prices at which all necessities of life, including food and clothing, will be sold in Atlanta and Fulton county.

PEPTO-MANGAN BRINGS BLOOM OF HEALTH

Helps Restore Worn-Out, Thin-Blooded Men and Women to Health and Happiness.

Physicians Recommend It

Sold in Liquid and Tablet Form Both Possess Same Medicinal Value—Insist on "Gude's."

Most every case of a sallow complexion and a languid feeling is traceable to a watery, impoverished blood deficient in oxygen-carrying red blood cells.

Inasmuch as the entire system depends on the blood for its nourishment and strength it is readily understood why thin-blooded people always feel worn-out and run-down.

And it is equally plain that to restore the vigor of rugged health, the blood should be supplied with the needed qualities to enable it to build up the system.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan accomplishes this very result. In a short time the beneficial results are clearly manifest. The cheeks fill out and regain the bloom of health, the eyes sparkle, the step regains its elasticity, the whole system is filled with greater vitality.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan is a safe, beneficial and pleasant tonic. Agrees with the most delicate stomach, and is obtainable in either liquid or tablet form.

Be sure the name "Gude's" is on the package when you buy Pepto-Mangan. Ask the druggist for "Gude's." If "Gude's" is not on the package it is not Pepto-Mangan. —(adv.)

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Guaranteed. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every and accept no imitation box

HOW'RE YOUR KIDNEYS?

Maybe you THINK they're all right and maybe you're wrong about it. Pains in the back, cloudy reddish sediment in the urine, palpitation of the heart, puffy skin under the eyes—these are SOME of the symptoms of kidney trouble, and they call for

DR. THACHER'S LIVER AND BLOOD SYRUP

A remedy of 67 years standing. Laxative or cathartic; liver regulator; blood purifier and kidney tonic. At your drug store.

He Threw Calomel Away

Wm. S. Prince of Birmingham, Ala., writes: "I was suffering with indigestion, biliousness and kidney trouble. I tried calomel and the doctors for about a month. Finally I tried DR. THACHER'S LIVER AND BLOOD SYRUP and the first bottle relieved me very much. I am sound and well, can eat anything."

THACHER MEDICINE CO. Chattanooga, Tenn., U. S. A.

House Dresses That Are Smart And Pretty

A House Dress is one of the most important articles of any woman's wardrobe.

Great care has been used in the selection of these Dresses to assure the very utmost in smartness and prettiness without sacrificing value.

There are all sizes included, from 34 to the larger sizes, made of percales and ginghams, in the Billie Burke and Dutch styles.

Attractively finished in contrasting pipings and offering very unusual values at from .....$1.98 to $3.98

HEATHERBLOOM PETTICOATS in all the street shades. Finished carefully with deep ruffle and well made, this popular material needs no introduction to the public .....$2.25 and $2.95

JERSEY TOP PETTICOATS with Taffeta flounces, in changeable shades, Pleated Flounce and excellent finish. An excellent value at $5.75

BLANKET ROBES, dainty and appealing in their comfort and coziness. Some are trimmed with satin and they come in the prettiest colors and designs. All have convenient pockets and the prices are $5.00, $5.95 and $7.50.

SWEATERS FOR WOMEN, all wool and in desirable colors. Belted models, with roll or sailor collars. These are decidedly an unusual value at $5.75

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Victor Records For November

And Records You Have Been Wanting

Kreisler, the marvelous, is here on Monday, the 17th. You should hear him. But first, in order that you may know what to expect, if you have not heard him before, come in and hear one of his records, of which we have several—you will be better able then to enjoy his personal work.

And after you hear him you will want to hear him again many times, and you can through the medium of his records.

74182	"Thais," Intermezzo, Massenet—	Fritz Kreisler	$1.50
74487	"Andante Cantabile," from string Quartet, Op. 11,	Tschaikowsky Fritz Kreisler	$1.50
64731	"Polichinelle Serenade," Kreisler	Fritz Kreisler	$1.00
64563	"Songs My Mother Taught Me," "Gypsy Song," Dvorak-Kreisler	Fritz Kreisler	$1.00
64257	"The Rosary," Ethelbert Nevin—	John McCormack	$1.00
87303	"Hard Times, Come Again No More," Stephen C. Foster—	Louise Homer, Male Chorus	$1.00
64729	"Darling Nellie Gray," B. R. Hanby—	Alma Gluck with Orpheus Quartet	$1.00
17454	"Humoresque," Dvorak—	Venetian Trio	85c
18029	"Chen at the Telephone"	Barney Bernard	85c
16068	"Uncle Josh in a Chinese Laundry"—	Cal Stewart	85c
18097	"Pussyfoot March," in fox-trot time—	Six Brown Brothers	85c
18394	"Coon Band Contest," fox-trot—	Earl Fuller's Famous Jazz Band	85c
18457	"At the Jazz Band Ball," one-step—	Original Dixieland Jazz Band	85c
18504	"Solid Men to the Front," march—	Sousa's Band	85c

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Christmas Gifts

Are easier to pay for than to select, but this solves the difficulty. For the cigarette smoker nothing is more appropriate or acceptable than GOOD Turkish cigarettes. Our particularly attractive Bolte Nature humidor with 200 highest quality Turkish cigarettes, each cigarette marked with monogram or design desired. $5.00 prepaid. Order now and specify date for delivery. Your card inclosed in package upon request.

Pinkus Brothers

Largest Manufacturers in the World MADE-TO-ORDER CIGARETTES. 157 Cedar Street, New York.

HEADS OF CHURCH PAPER WILL QUIT PLACES NEXT YEAR

Rev. W. C. Lovett and Rev. R. F. Eakes Will Sever Connection With Wesleyan Christian Advocate.

METHODIST HOSPITAL WILL COST $750,000

Report of the Board of Trustees of Wesley Memorial, Including Plans for New Building, Made by Asa Candler, Sr.

By Rev. Thomas M. Elliott.

Rev. W. C. Lovett, D. D., and Rev. R. F. Eakes, editor and business manager of The Wesleyan Christian Advocate, respectively, have resigned from the management of that paper, their resignations to become effective upon the adjournment of the two Georgia Methodist conferences in 1920.

Officials connected with the supervision of the paper, appointed by the North Georgia conference, Friday afternoon authorized The Constitution to make the above announcement.

Another important development of Friday in the sessions of the conference was the report made for the board of trustees of the Wesley Memorial hospital, by Asa G. Candler, Sr., in which he told of plans to erect a new building on the Emory campus at a cost of $750,000.

Quite a bit of confusion has existed in connection with The Advocate during recent weeks; but it is all cleared up now, and in a highly satisfactory way to all parties concerned.

Verbally Tendered Resignation.

It develops that at the annual meeting of the board of trustees some weeks ago, Dr. Lovett verbally tendered his resignation. No action was taken by the board at that time, but a committee was appointed to meet later and consider it. When the committee met, Dr. Lovett withdrew his resignation. The committee, thinking that a North Georgia conference man would be selected as editor, as it has been the custom to rotate the management between the two conferences, having one as editor and another as business manager, had determined to ask Mr. Eakes to tender his resignation, in order that the custom might be observed.

Mr. Eakes refused to tender his resignation, stating that the committee had neither the authority to ask for or receive his resignation, since he had been appointed for a term of four years by the conference, had served only one, had made his plans for another year and no charges of inefficiency or neglect had been made.

Thus the matter stood until the meeting of the trustee board Friday, when the resignations were tendered as aforesaid.

No Change This Year.

In the meantime the work of the paper and its policies will be as heretofore; but a change next year will be effected when a north Georgia man is made editor and a south Georgia man is made assistant and business manager.

The board of trustees of the paper will make report to the conference regarding the whole matter today or Monday.

A prime feature of the conference session Friday was an address delivered by Asa G. Candler representing the board of trustees of the Wesley Memorial hospital. In the course of his address Mr. Candler made report of the current year's activities at the hospital, and outlined the plans for a larger and better hospital to be built next year.

In part Mr. Candler said: "At the Wesley Memorial hospital this has been a successful year, 1,677 patients having been treated, 126 of whom were entire-charity patients, and 806 part charity. The cost of treating the entire-charity patients was $6,356, and of the part-charity $4,456, making a total of charity work of $10,812.

"The patients are classified by states as follows: Alabama, 17; Florida, 8; North Carolina, 5; South Carolina, 3; Tennessee, 5; Kentucky, 1; Georgia, 1,638. By denominations they are, Christians, 63; Baptists, 413; Hebrews, 42; Episcopalian, 60; Catholic, 16; Universalist, 1; Adventist, 2; German Lutheran, 4; Presbyterian, 133; Methodists, 669; no denomination, 274.

"Receipts have been $77,990 and the disbursefents the same amount. The Christmas collection for the past year amounted to $8,084, the largest in the history of the institution; yet the sum spent for charity work exceed the collection by that work by $2,727. The woman's auxiliary has contributed supplies and money to the value of $1,871.

Hospital to Cost $750,000.

"The property occupied by the hospital during the past fourteen years has been sold, possession to be given January 1, 1921, and steps have been taken to build a new hospital on the campus of Emory university which will take a year's time to erect. When completed the new hospital will be one of the best in the south, and by its intimate connection with Emory university will render valuable service, both as a teaching institution and a unit of the medical department of the university. The new hospital will accommodate 250 patients, which will increase its usefulness, but the demands upon it for charity work will be correspondingly heavier, not less than $25,000 per year. The Christmas collections will be devoted entirely to this phase of the work."

Mr. Candler stated that the new hospital will cost $750,000. He expressed regret that no endowment is connected with the plant, but believed that the day would come when it would enjoy one.

Friday was the busiest day the conference has had this week, three sittings with numerous meetings of the committees was the order of the day. In the afternoon definite steps were taken to provide more satisfactorily for the superannuated, Dr. Luther E. Todd, of St. Louis, general secretary of the general board of finance for the entire Southern Methodist church, delivered an address in behalf of the $10,000,000 fund that is now being raised for the benefit of the superannuated preachers, their widows and orphans. He eloquently spoke of their multitudinous labors, both constructive and evangelistic, and of their needs. There will be a decided improvement in this work in Georgia for another year.

Even now there is on foot a movement looking towards that end. The Asbury brotherhood is being transformed from a remounting association to a club for the helping of superannuates the year they retire fro mtheir active service. In the six weeks' time this process has been in operation sufficient money has been paid in for memberships to give each one of the eight superannuates of this session of the conference the sum of $250.

Admitted to Conference.

A class of four young men was admitted on trial into the conference Friday morning. They were Jesse Warwick, B. W. Kilpatrick, T. H. Shackelford and G. C. Butrz, C. P. Harris will remain on trial. These young men will be given work for one year under the supervision of a presiding elder.

Another class was admitted into full connection as follows: C. B. Drake, O. M. Hawkins, T. Z. B. Everton, S. R. Bratcher, J. E. Cline, W. W. Cash, L. M. Davidson, R. P. Ethridge and J. H. Allison. W. C. Davis was continued in the class of the second year. Bishop Candler addressed the class on the duties and responsibilities of a Methodist minister.

Announcement was made that no one was discontinued, and that A. G. Shankle was readmitted.

Young preachers elected to the orders of a deacon were G. W. Davis, J. M. Cook, Oscar Bulloch, Jesse Warwick, L. M. Davidson, T. Z. B. Everton, O. M. Hawkins and J. E. Cline. They will be ordained at the close of the Sunday morning service.

Young men elected to the orders of an elder were W. B. Hughes, W. M. Twiggs, V. B. Harrison, J. E. Ellis, T. E. Fuller, T. L. Bryson, G. H. Bailey, W. M. Jones, B. H. Smith, D. A. McBreyer, J. A. Griffies, F. C. Owens, J. A. Chandler, J. H. Couch, T. M. Lee and B. S. Fleming. They will be ordained Sunday night.

A resolution introduced by Dr. S. R. Belk paid tribute to Rev. V. E. Manget, who for sixty years was a local Methodist preacher and school teacher. The conference stood in passing the resolution and ordered it spread upon a page of the journal.

Dr. J. W. Quillian and Rev. R. C. Clekler offered a resolution to the effect that each pastor in the conference would read the pastoral address of the bishops to his congregations. The paper was unanimously adopted.

Order for Monday.

The order of the day for Monday, 10 o'clock, is a session of the legal conference. Rev. J. E. Lowe, of Rome, offered his resignation as treasurer of the Preachers' Aid society. Rev. P. A. Kellett was elected to succeed him. Bishop Candler again began calling the names of the individual pastors, and a part of those in the North Atlanta district made reports and had their characters passed.

During the afternoon session Dr. J. E. Dickey presided in the absence of Bishop Candler. Judge C. W. Smith, secretary of the joint board of finance, read his report showing the distribution of the money paid in for conference claimants. The sum of $23,050 was distributed among 52 superannuates, 73 widows and 6 orphans. He reported that 7 of the claimants had died during the year.

Report was also made that superannuate homes had been secured in Grantville, Jonesboro, Lawrenceville, Eatonton, College Park and Atlanta. Rev. W. W. Brinsfield was appointed agent for the superannuate homes.

At the night session the anniversary of the board of missions was observed, at which time it was reported that the North Georgia conference this year had raised more for home an dforeign missions than ever before in one year.

DEMANDS OF MINERS CALLED IMPOSSIBLE

Continued from First Page.

it was learned that the plan for a nation-wide conference was favored but before any proposal is agreed to, Secretary Wilson will be asked to make clear to the conference that the rights of organized labor are to be protected in those districts where the mining unions are not recognized by the coal companies.

Not Favored by Operators.

The operators, however, did not look with favor on an agreement covering all fields. The Washington wage agreement, for the first time, the operators asserted, fixed the same date for the expiration of contracts between miners and operators in all parts of the country. Fear of the power this arrangement might give the workers to bring about a nation-wide strike was expressed by the operators, who indicated a desire to return to the old plan of basing all wage scale contracts on the agreement reached in the central competitive fields.

Owners of mines outside of the central competitive fields conferred before the opening of the conference and opposition was expressed to participation in the negotiations.

Owing to the likelihood of the protracted discussion on the scope of the conference before even the demands of the miners are brought into issue, many on both sides of the controversy predicted today that the sessions might continue for several weeks.

Both miners and operators asserted tonight that Secretary Wilson's address would have a powerful effect in bringing closer together the extremes of both sides. The secretary's address, which was heard by approximately 250 members of the conference in absolute silence, was delivered slowly and apparently with deep feeling and conviction. The only applause of the session greeted Mr. Lewis when he entered the hall about fifteen minutes late. Secretary Wilson had delayed calling the meeting to order until the miners' chief arrived.

Previous Negotiations Reviewed.

Reviewing previous negotiations in Buffalo, Philadelphia and Washington, the secretary said the failure to reach an agreement had resulted in strikes "not only in the central field, but also in other fields where no demands had been made upon the operators." Miners in the outlying fields, he added, were not at fault because of their failure to present demands because it was well known the miners had been willing that all districts be represented in negotiating a wage scale and that "all objections had come from the operators."

"Above all," said the secretary, "we are confronted with the fact that the great mass of people dependent on coal in their every-day life are interested in reaching a settlement not only in the central coal fields, but in all coal fields. It is for that reason I have asked your meeting here.

"I desire to recommend that wage scale committees representative of all the fields proceed to negotiate an adjustment. I want to point out to you that prompt action is necessary. As long as your troubles were local in character only affecting a small part of communities, there was no disposition to hurry you, but when your dispute takes on a magnitude that affects the entire country, then the people at large as a matter of self-preservation are insistent that you come to a settlement.

Demands Impossible.

"The miners' conference demanded a 30-hour week, a 60 per cent increase in wages and some other things. It is fair to say to you now that a 30-hour week in the present industrial condition of the world is impossible in coal mining. I realize the fact that miners seldom have an opportunity to work a 30-hour week now when the maximum is 48 hours. If you make a maximum of 30 hours under the conditions surrounding the mining industry it means an effective working week of very much fewer hours than that."

The reason for this, the secretray explained, was the seasonal demand for coal in many districts and mine accidents and breakdowns and the impossibility of furnishing transportation and equipment to keep all of the mines working regularly.

"No one knows," continued the secretary, "to what extent production would be reduced by the duction would be reduced by the introduction of a six-hour working day, and in these times when we have not yet recovered from the effects of the war we cannot afford to undertake the experiment of reducing working hours to six per day and five days per week."

Referring to demands of the miners for a 60 per cent increase in wages, the secretary said, "such an increase is an impossibility," as it would give the miners wages out of proportion to those in other industries.

Attitude of Operators Attacked.

The secretary said "the stand-pat position taken by the operators herefore is also an impossibility."

Although the Washington wage agreement still is in effect the secretary said the people of the country did not want to exact "the technical provisions of a bond when the conditions under which the bond was made have changed."

"Figures reveal," he said, "that the cost of living on the basis of a family budget has increased from 73 to 79 per cent, while the wages of the miners during the same period have increased only from 34 to 50 per cent."

"Notwithstanding the terms of the bond the increase in the cost of living is an existing fact and relief should be given on the basis of justice."

Referring to restrictions to the fuel administration, Mr. Wilson said the government had no desire to maintain the maximum price of coal if that price resulted in "injustice to miners or anyone else, but it will not consent to an increase in the selling price that would do an injunstice to the consuming public."

Secretary Wilson said he realizes that some of the operators were ready to call the operators "reds," "bosheviks" and "bandits," and that some of the miners would accuse operators of being "taskmasters," "coal barons" and profiteers."

"Having assumed that," he concluded, "consider your rock quarries exhausted and get down to consider what is fair and just to the unions, the operators and the public."

MINERS WAITING ON CONFERENCE.

Chicago, November 14. — Only slight increase in the amount of bituminous coal produced throughout the country was in prospect today. The miners generally showed a disposition to await developments of the meeting today at Washington of miners and operators called by Secretary of Labor Wilson to negotiate a new wage scale.

In the general summary of the situation optimistic statements regarding resumption of fuel production were received overnight only from Colorado. A number of independent mines there were reported to have started operations yesterday for the first time since the strike was called two weeks ago.

"ORDERLY CHAOS" IN WEST VIRGINIA

Charleston, W. Va., November 14.—southern mining fields of West Virginia was in a state of "orderly chaos," according to a statement issued tonight at the headquarters of the Kanawha coal operators' association.

While miners were reported to have resumed operations in some districts, in others where men were at work yesterday walkouts occurred again today. Five "unauthorized" strikes were in progress in the Kanawha fields preventing the resumption of operations in 13 mines.

Reports to the association showed that less than fifty per cent of the Kanawha mines were operating and these had a small working force.

At several mines where the normal working force numbers several hundred less than 50 men reported for work, it was stated. Two large mines at Leevale in the Big Coal river district, which were operating yesterday, were forced to shut down today when the several hundred miners voted to walkout. Attempts of union leaders to put the men back to work failed.

The situation at Blair in the Little Coal river district was reported to be serious. Six mines were closed in this section by an "unauthorized" strike of more than 600 miners. They were reported to be in open "rebellion" and preventing other men from entering the mines.

At Sharlow in the Coal river district 300 miners voted to remain on strike; and preventing three mines from resuming. The miners are reported to have told the operators that the "union officers had their strike, now they would have one o ftheir own."

Miners at Milburn and Ramage are also reported to have voted not to obey the union order to return to work. The men at Milburn demand "more money" before they will go to work, it was said. Radicals at Ramage are said to control the situation and are preventing resumption of operations.

The first step toward a round-up of radical agitators in the northern West Virginia coal fields was taken today when department of justice agents, assisted by state authorities, invaded the districts in which, according to state officials, Industrial Workers of the World, Russian and Austrian agitators have been spreading lawless propaganda.

According to reports to state authorities, "radical centers" exist in Taylor, Monongahela and Marion counties, and in that region the investigation of the federal agents centered.

ALABAMA MINERS REFUSING TO WORK.

Birmingham, Ala., November 14.—Replying to assertions by officers of the United Mine Workers of America that certain mines in the Alabama district have declined on one pretext or another to re-employ striking coal miners ordered to resume work, leading operators declared today that the great majority of union miners have refused to obey the instructions of their organization to resume work.

H. L. Badham, vice president of the operators' association in the Blocton field, said no men had returned to work in that region. He said he had wired Attorney General Palmer that the men were refusing to return to the mines.

Attorney General Palmer has asked George Hargrove, United Mine Workers' organizer here, for names of mining companies refusing to re-employ strikers. Hargrove complained to the attorney general that hundreds of men were turned back, some of the reasons assigned being that the places had been filled; that the mine foreman was ill; or that a physical examination was required.

Production in the Alabama field last week was reported at 113,000 tons, against a normal production of 200,000 tons.

Names of miners who have been refused re-employment by coal operators in the Alabama district, including superintendents at several mines, were sent in a telegram to Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer today by George Hargrove, international representative of the United Mine Workers of America.

J. L. Clemo, secretary of the United Mine Workers, of Alabama, telegraphed Secretary of Labor Wilson tonight, making further protest against what he terms the refusal of Alabama coal operators to take back union men who report for work.

He also stated that the complaint had been lodged with local representatives of the department of justice and urged that prompt action be taken upon it. George Hargove, international representative of the mine workers, had sent a similar message earlier in the afternoon to Attorney General Palmer, in which he gave the names of the companies against which the complaints were made.

Coal operators made no further comment upon the charges today than to reiterate their statement of yesterday that the great bulk of the union miners of Alabama had refused to return to work; that they were promptly employing union men back where their places had not already been filled, or that under the state workmen's compensation act they were requiring the men to submit regularly to the company's physical examination tests before being re-employed.

In wiring the attorney general today George Hargrove claimed the following companies and officials had turned men back who applied for work:

Brilliant Coal company, Dave Roberts, superintendent; Republic Iron and Steel company, Republic mine, John Lloyd, superintendent; Sayreton mine, J. S. Meager, superintendent; Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron company, Bessie mine, Edw. Ewing, superintendent; Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company, Edgewater mine, Robert Fiynn, superintendent; Pratt City mine, Harry McCrorie, superintendent; Woodward Iron company, Domitile mine, John B. Thomas, superintendent; Mulga mine, J. R. Walters, superintendent; Gulf States Steel company, Virginia mine, W. M. Mason, superintendent.

MEN NOT RETURNING IN TENN.-KY. DISTRICT.

Knoxville, November 14.—The situation in the Kentucky-Tennessee coal fields today was practically unchanged, possibly fewer men working than had begun on the previous day. The explanation of the miners most frequently heard is that the order rescinding the strike call did not bear the official seal of the United Mine Workers of America. In some places the men declare they will not return to the mines until the outcome of the Washington conference is announced.

Operators who have been preparing each morning to resume work are tiring of the expense involved with no production to offset it and there is talk that many of the mines after Monday may suspend until further notice unless the miners show a willingness to dig coal.

It seems possible in case the agreements under which the miners are working are wiped out that it may be the beginning of a long and bitter struggle in this field, the outcome of which none can forecast. Meetings held by the miners in various camps Thursday night resulted in a vote to return to work only at Oneida, Tenn., where three local unions, said to be from 300 to 400 strong, had decided to enter the mines Monday morning.

Union officials say they have given out the order rescinding the strike and add they cannot force the men to work if they do not see fit; also they freely admit the men resent the fact that operators in this district did not go to Washington, and it is believed little surprise would be felt if the entire district again is idle Monday instead of more mines working.

UNION MINES DEAD IN OKLAHOMA.

McAlester, Okla., November 14.—Not a union mine in Oklahoma was working today, according to reports received by J. B. Wilson, commissioner for the Oklahoma Coal Operators' association.

All local union officials admitted they received an order from Indianapolis cancelling the strike, but declared it was not authoritative because it was not stamped with the United Mine Workers of America international seal. Neither was it signed by John L. Lewis, acting president, and the signature of W. M. Green was typewritten, it was pointed out. Furthermore, the order merely cancelled the strike call for November 1, they said, and did not say anything about returning to work.

MICHIGAN MINERS DELAY RETURN.

Saginaw, Mich., November 14.—Representatives of the 2,400 striking miners in Michigan decided at three meetings held in Bay City, St. Charles and Saginaw last night, to delay their return to work until a settlement of the strike has been effected by the Washington conference, or until miners in some of the larger bituminous fields resume work.

NO WORK DONE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Pittsburg, November 14.—Not a union coal mine in the western Pennsylvania field was in operation today, and operators and labor leaders agreed few if any men would return to work until Monday.

KANSAS MINERS REMAIN IDLE.

Pittsburg, Kan., November 14.—Local unions of the coal miners of Kansas have begun adopting resolutions announcing the determination of the men not to return to their work in the mines until a settlement of their demands have been made, August Dorohy, district vice president of the miners, said this morning.

NO WORK DONE IN OHIO FIELDS.

Columbus, Ohio, November 14.—Without notable exception the coal mining situation in Ohio remained unchanged today, with most of the 40,000 Ohio coal miners remaining out, according to available reports to operators and United Mine Workers' headquarters.

RAILWAY LABORERS SUPPORT MINERS.

St. Louis, November 14.—Resolutions favoring the Plumb plan and denouncing Federal Judge Anderson for issuing the injunction against the miners' leaders were adopted at a meeting of general chairmen of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees and Railway Shop Laborers today. The chairmen represented 150,000 union men.

STIRRING APPEAL FOR AMERICANISM

Continued from First Page.

tendency among Georgians and people all over the country to ignore the great things the government has done and to center criticism upon small and insignificant details, which, she declared, is "the unconscious echo of a subtle propaganda,' and she appealed for an open pride in America and for resentment of criticism against the United States.

Brilliant Address.

Mrs. Ottley's was one of the most brilliant addresses ever heard from a woman's gathering in Georgia, and it sounded for the first time in the Georgia federation the note of citizenship, convincing her hearers with her logic and thrilling them with her eloquence. Though Mrs. Ottley set forth clearly the importance of politics, and right politics, she explained that politics was but a part of the obligation of citizenship which the women of Georgia are being called upon to study.

As Georgia's committee woman on the national democratic committee, Mrs. Ottley paid an earnest tribute to the worq of the party and its superb leadership in this, the most crucial period in the nation's history. She called upon the people of the party, both men and women, to stand bravely and faithfully to the party's principles and policies.

Unanimously Named.

Mrs. J. E. Hayes was unanimously elected to succeed herself as president of the federation at the afternoon session of the convention, which is to end Saturday morning.

Mrs. Archibald Brantley, of Blackshear, was elected first vice president; Mrs. J. S. Hawkins, of Savannah, second vice president; Miss Brice Jones, of Macon, recording secretary; Mrs. A. L. Brenner, of Augusta, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Robert Daniel, Atlanta, treasurer, and Mrs. Charleton Battle, Columbus, auditor.

The session of the convention developed more and more a united interest in the general federation program and to express themselves from the floor of the house women from every section of the state and from clubs large and small appeared.

The woman who told that in her town a Victory highway, in honor of the soldiers from that county who died in France, the sidewalks on each side planted in crepe myrtle trees, was as heartily applauded as the woman who told of the millions of dollars worth of bonds in her town that woman had sold.

Business Session.

The note of music was brought into every session by the fifteen-minute lessons in community singing, led by Mrs. W. D. Steele, chairman of the music committee of the General Federation of Women's Clubs.

The old idea that discussions of business financial responsibilities and economics bore women was refuted in the enthusiastic interest stirred by the thrift session, led by Mrs. Z. I. Fitzpatrick, director of the woman's division in Georgia.

Judge Andrew J. Cobb, of Athens, chairman of the Georgia Memorial commission, brought the patriotic message to the convention, reminding the club women of their part of the beautiful work, a permanent monument to the Georgia men who died in serving their country in war. He stressed the fact that Governor Dorsey has placed half the responsibility of the movement upon the women of the state, as the commission is composed of an equal number of men and women, and that the work of raising the funds would be through district organization and county representatives.

Tribute to Mrs. Inman.

Another member of the commission present is Mrs. Samuel M. Inman, vice chairman of the commission and a delegate from the City Federation.

"No woman during the period of the war and peace has done a more valuable piece of patriotic work than Mrs. Inman," stated the president in presenting her.

Mrs. Inman was chairman of the woman's division in Georgia of the Council of National Defense, and vice chairman of the governor's council of defense. She has compiled a complete report of the work which was done by the women of Georgia in all organizations during the war, this report to be published by the governor, and the only report which can produce this valuable data.

Miss Julia Wade Abbott, representing the national bureau of education, made a powerful plea for a kindergarten for every child and every child in a kindergarten. The afternoon session of the convention was devoted to memorial exercises in honor of club leaders who passed since the last meeting of the Federation, they being Miss Celeste Parrish, Mrs. Eugene Heard, Mrs. M. A. Lipscomb, Mrs. Nellie Peters Black, the speakers being Miss Mary Creswell, Miss Rosa Woodberry, Mrs. Bolling Jones and Mrs. A. P. Brantley.

School Report.

The report of the Tallulah Falls Industrial school, built and maintained by the club women of Georgia, was made by the director, Mrs. Hugh Willett, and was one in which the most affectionate interest of the assemblage was centered. This report will be published in full on the club page.

Mrs. Frank Lumpkin was elected secretary in Georgia of the general federation. A welcome visitor at the convention was Miss Louis Tareadgill, of Atlanta, wearing the overseas service uniform of the Y. M. C. A., and here representing the Georgia division of the Near East relief work. The subject of the suffering people of the Near East was listened to with interest and the federation indorsed the proposed campaign of this county to raise funds for these people.

The statement of the educational work was brought to the convention by Mrs. B. M. Boykin, of Atlanta. The federation indorsed the commission for organization of community councils, this commission being created by the last general assembly. The merits of this commission and its proposed work were brought before the body by Mrs. Samuel Inman, of Atlanta. Mrs. Inman at the same time made an eloquent plea for a more concentrated spirit of "state pride."

Mrs. Haden's Message.

Mrs. Charles Haden, chairman of organization for the democratic party among the women of Georgia, sent a message through Mrs. Ottley in the latter's address Friday:

"Effort toward social betterment has been from the beginning the very heart of the Woman's club movement in America," she said. "The Georgia federation defines its object thus in part: 'To unite the influence and service of women in promoting educational, civic, social and moral advancement in the state.'

"It has a wonderful record of such advancement in better schools, better methods, better health conditions, cleaner towns, better care of the sick, better babies, purer water and food, better working and living conditions for women and children, better court conditions for youthful offenders and methods for saving rather than simply punishing wayward boys and girls, more libraries, better roads and a closer contact between town and country, more thrift and a wiser conservation of resources of every kind.

"These, and a score of other things, go to make up the federation's concrete contribution to the state in the realm of active citizenship. Great as it has been, it might have been greater a thousand-fold. How have all these things been brought about? By a number of federated women being willing to take the trouble to study the methods by which the wheels of government go round and to find out the how of bringing about improvements. The results have been bounded only by the number of women willing to find out the how and act upon it. If our whole body of 25,000 or 30,000 women were willing to study this how of social modification the federation would be as irresistible as any 'army with banners.'

To Extend Work.

"This is what the committee on citizenship would like to help the clubs to bring about by systematic study and concerted aims. The plans of the committee on citizenship are to continue and extend lines of work in which the clubs have been engaged for years and specializing in matters heretofore dealt with in an agent way. The question may be asked, 'Has anything suddenly provoked a woman's study of citizenship?' The answer might be that within as short a period as half a decade the industrial and social bearings have seriously changed. How we meet this change depends largely on our willingness as citizens to study conditions and to find the best method of improvements."

Following the enthusiastic thrift meeting of Thursday the federation unanimously adopted the following resolution:

"Whereas, we have learned with much interest of the Home Circle Thrift club movement, that war savings organization of the sixth federal reserve district, and

"Whereas, we believe that this movement is both wise and necessary in inculcating the habit of thrift among our people; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the Federated Women's Clubs of Georgia in convention assembled, hereby give our hearty indorsement to this movement, and further pledge that each club will make a determined effort to have each individual member organize a thrift club in her town."

Prohi Enforcement Campaign Indorsed By Georgia Women

Columbus, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—The prohibition enforcement campaign was indorsed today by the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs in convention here. The federation pledged its assistance and co-operation in backing government officials and the state executive committee of the campaign, which is headed by Judge Nash R. Broyles, chief justice of the court of appeals of Georgia. Asa G. Candler is treasurer.

The indorsement was voted following an address by Mrs. B. M. Boykin, vice president of the Atlanta Woman's club and chairman of the woman's division of the prohibition enforcement campaign.

Mrs. Charles Davis today accepted the chairmanship of the campaign for Muscogee county.

STEAMERS ARE LOST ON LAKE SUPERIOR

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., November 14.—One steamer, the H. E. Runnels, is known to have been lost and another, as yet unidentified, is believed by marine men here to have foundered in the storm that has been raging over Lake Superior for three days.

The Runnels, after battling her way through the gale off Grand Marais all last night, grounded early today and pounded to pieces shortly after the crew of seventeen had been rescued by means of a life lines.

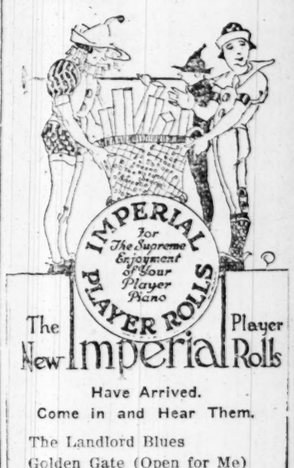
The second vessel is believed to be the John Owen, an ore carrier, which has not been sighted since Wednesday. So far as known here tonight, all other steamers have been accounted for.

Officers of the Wilpen, which arrived here today, brought reports of sighting wreckage ten miles off Manitou light yesterday. Because of the high sea and blinding snow storm they were unable to identify the wreckage. They reported sighting a portion of a wrecked pilot house and what appeared to be the body of a man held up by a life preserver.

The steamer Replogle, arriving here today, narrowly escaped disaster in the high gale, her officers reported. She was forced to hug the shore for two days by the mountainous waves. After their own experiences, officers declared it quite probable that the Owen, because of her comparative lightness, had been unable to ride the high seas.

FROZEN CORPSES OF ARTILLERYMEN FOUND BY DOGS

Geneva, November 14.—The frozen bodies of several Austrian artillerymen, perfectly preserved, have been discovered by St. Bernard dogs on an Alpine trench near the summit of Stelvio Pass, about 10,000 feet above sea level. It is believed that a whole battery was buried in the deep snow. Searching parties already have uncovered seven bodies.



Have Arrived.
Come in and Hear Them.

The Landlord Blues
Golden Gate (Open for Me)
I Used to Call Her Baby
Think of Me Little Daddy
Meet Me in Bubble Land
Whoa, January (You're Going To Be Worse Than July)
Beautiful Summer Night

Cable Piano Co.
82-84 N. BROAD ST.

"I GAINED 21 POUNDS IN THREE WEEKS"

Another Example of the Wonders of Sul-Ferro-Sol. John L. Algood Was Forced to Quit Work on Account of Impaired Health. Now Feels Fine.

"It took Sul-Ferro-Sol exactly 3 weeks to rebuild my broken down system. During that time I gained 21 pounds and now I am feeling brand new," says John L. Algood, a shipbuilder of, Beaumont, Texas.

Such are the invariable comments on this wonderful natural Iron tonic, Sul-Ferro-Sol.

In this tonic, nature gives us a lasting example of her perfect chemistry. She gives us a form of Iron that is easily taken up by the blood when in an impaired condition, and upon this fact depends the proven virtues of Sul-Ferro-Sol.

If you feel that you need a tonic, it is asked that you give Sul-Ferro-Sol a trial. Through its use many have regained the strength of youth and permanent flesh that only Iron can give.

At all drug stores everywhere. Liberal bottles for one dollar.

Interesting booklet, "Road to Health," upon request. The Sul-Ferro-Sol Co., Montgomery, Alabama. Desk A.—(adv.)

STEWART'S
Junior Shoe Department

Specials for TODAY
In Children's Shoes

Little Boys' Tan Army Shoes



Sizes 5 to 8.....$2.95 to $3.50
Sizes 8½ to 11.....$3.45 to $4.50

Misses' and Children's Tan Lace Shoes



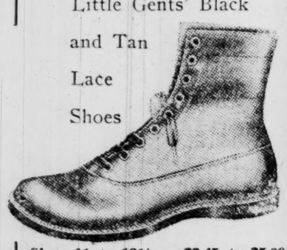
Sizes 8½ to 11.....$4.45 to $6.00
Sizes 11½ to 2.....$5.95 to $7.00

Misses' and Children's Black Lace Shoes



Sizes 8½ to 11.....$3.95 to $5.00
Sizes 11½ to 2.....$4.95 to $6.00

Little Gents' Black and Tan Lace Shoes



Sizes 11 to 13½....$3.45 to $5.00
Sizes 1 to 2.....$3.95 to $6.00

Little Boys' Scout Shoes



Sizes 6 to 8.....$2.25 to $2.75
Sizes 8½ to 11.....$2.75 to $3.50

Baby Black Button Shoes



Sizes 2 to 4.....$2.00 to $2.50
Sizes 4½ to 8.....$2.50 to $3.50

Mail Orders Filled Carefully.

Stewart
GOOD SHOES FOR EVERYBODY
FRED'K STEWART CO. 25 WHITEHALL ST.

11 HENS IDLE; NOW LAY 221 EGGS A MONTH

Mrs. Young Almost Gave Up Raising Chickens. Then She Tried This Plan.

"When I accepted your offer and tried Don Sung, I had been getting 1 or 2 eggs every other day. The next month, using 50 cents worth of Don Sung, my 11 hens laid 221 eggs. I almost gave up raising chickens, but now I have decided to raise as many as I can."—Mrs. F. C. Young, Bellefonte, Pa.

Feed is too expensive to waste on idle hens. You can easily start your hens laying and keep them laying, even in coldest winter. To prove it, all you need do is accept our offer, as Mrs. Young did.

Give your hens Don Sung and watch results for one month. If you don't find that it pays for itself and pays you a good profit besides, simply tell us and your money will be promptly refunded.

Don Sung (Chinese for egg-laying) works directly on the egg-laying organs, and is also a splendid tonic. It is easily given in the feed, improves the hen's health, makes her stronger and more active in any weather, and starts her laying.

Try Don Sung for 30 days and if it doesn't get you the eggs, no matter how cold or wet the weather, your money will be refunded by return mail. Get Don Sung from your druggist or poultry remedy dealer or send 50 cents for a package by mail prepaid. Burrell-Dugger Co., 293 Columbia Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.—(adv.)

Exclusive Atlanta Agents for Mark Cross, London



Fine imported capeskin gloves

The Daylight Corner

WE don't recommend these Mark Cross London Gloves just because they're English, or because they come from London; that would hardly be reason enough. We do recommend them because they're particularly fine gloves. Mark Cross is a well-known name. You'll only find it on the very finest of leather goods. Tan and cordovan capes..... $3.50

EISEMAN'S
51 YEARS IN ATLANTA
One Whitehall Street

HAD HARDLY A WELL DAY IN 15 YEARS

"I wouldn't be back in the fix I was in before I took Tanlac for all my possessions," said William R. Hughes, a former resident of Newport, Ark., and now living at 1206 West Third street, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

"There was hardly a day in fifteen years," he continued, "that I was free from suffering. I couldn't eat anything except the lightest kind of diet, or my stomach would get all out of order and stay so for days. I lost my appetite and dreaded for mealtime to come; my kidneys worried me and I had an awful pain right in the small of my back that stayed with me night and day. I was so nervous I could hardly sleep and at times I was so badly crippled up with rheumatism that I could hardly stir around and my farm ran down because I was unable to work it.

"After taking Tanlac awhile my appetite returned and I can now eat anything put before me. All those aches and pains are gone and I have no more rheumatism. I have gained fifteen pounds in weight, feel strong and well, sleep like a log at night and can work hard all day. Tanlac has put me in better shape than I have been in many years, and all I could say in its praise wouldn't be half enough."

Tanlac is sold in Atlanta by Jacob's Pharmacy Co., and all other leading druggists.—(adv.)



Guarantee to the Consumer—
If, after using the entire contents of can according to directions, you are not satisfied in every respect, your grocer will refund the money you paid for it.
Luzianne must please you.

LUZIANNE coffee
The Reily-Taylor Company
New Orleans

METHOD IS SOUGHT TO SETTLE STRIKES WITHOUT COERCION

A Few Senators See Crying Need of Solution That Will Stand for Industrial Peace Without Resort to Force.

FEAR BAD PRECEDENT IS SET BY INJUNCTION

Tendency Is Shown by Certain Senators to Face Duty, Even at Cost of Losing Political Lives.

Robert T. Barry.
(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Washington, November 14.—That quaint group in congress which insists upon doing its own thinking has reached the conclusion that the national legislation can not further postpone the task of seeking some approach to a definite basis for settlement of major industrial disputes in the United States.

So many things have happened of late that some members are ready to take their political lives into their own hands and make the effort, simply because they are old-fashioned enough to believe that public office implies public responsibility and demands public service.

Senator Underwood, of Alabama, is one, because he believes that "industrial wars between capital and labor must ultimately find a solution that will stand for industrial peace without resort to force to settle the matters in dispute or we must admit that the advance of civilization has come to a halt."

Senator Cummins, of Iowa, convinced that the so-called anti-strike and lockout provision in the railroad bill for which he is sponsor is necessary and should be approved by congress, proposes to urge the senate to accept an amendment applying the principle of compulsory arbitration to all basic industries, steel, fuel, food and building materials.

Suggest Public Tribunals.

Both of these senators suggest powerful federal tribunals where capital and labor must air their grievances before the American public, but Senator Underwood is not convinced by the British arbitration experiments that compulsory arbitration can succeed in the United States.

Should both branches of congress seek to evade or delay consideration of this urgent question, Samuel Gompers and the heads of the hundred-odd allied trades in the American Federation of Labor, who are to meet here next month, are reasonably certain to force it upon the attention of the country and accordingly upon congress.

Now that the coal strike injunction granted by an Indianapolis judge has accomplished its purpose and broken the back of a walkout which threatened a national calamity, it is possible to reveal the very great alarm felt by the many senators over this sort of industrial settlement. It probably would not be far from the truth to state that even the federal officials who divided upon such a course did so with many misgivings and wished there had been other ways to deal with the situation. It is admitted to have been a dangerous precedent.

Precedent Feared.

Not a few members of the senate, men of broad experience in legal practice, are concerned lest injunction procedure should come to be accepted as a proper, as well as effective method of dealing with strikes or lockouts. They look beyond the mere question of settling a strike and speculate as to the possible impairment of the judicial influence and power. They fear a renewal of the agitation for the recall of judges.

They make the point that in the instance of the coal strike the public applauded the action of Judge Anderson because his decision was in the public interest, at the behest of the federal government. It succeeded in this instance where all other processes were futile. It is argued by many senators that it is not impossible that the occasion might well arise where such a restraining order would be inimical to the public interest and the structure of judicial inviolability endangered.

Congress, approaching the tangled skein of domestic problems, grasps the most prominent loose end. It is the railroad legislation, but it is entwined with the whole ball of yarn which represents the industrial question.

House Rejects Provision.

The proposed anti-strike provision in the Cummins bill is the first result. The senate stands for it; the house rejects it. The senate proposes repeal of the labor exemption from the anti-trust prosecutions against "conspiracies in restraint of trade," the house votes against it. Senators are elected for six years terms; members of the house must seek re-election every other year. Congressional solutions for settlement of industrial disputes turn almost exclusively upon the appointment of additional boards or commissions, with broad powers of inquiry, but few of decision.

Federal officials admit in their moments of candidness that industrial conferences, commissions and boards can only scratch the surface. The manner in which the president's recent conference went on the rocks left little hope that the solution might come from the entertaining gabble of such groups. The administration now is working on the idea of a smaller body which would seek to devise a program susceptible of acceptance by both workers and employers. The question naturally arises as to what would be done with collective bargaining, over which Judge Gary and Mr. Gompers seem rather at odds.

Accomplishes Nothing.

The Kenyon committee, which made a perfunctory investigation of the steel strike, could suggest nothing more novel than the re-establishment of such a "board or commission" as the war labor board.

"This board," the committee asserts bravely, "to have power of compulsory investigation; to have large power in mediation and conciliation and recommendations not to the extent of compulsory arbitration, but before this board controversies could be heard, investigations made and decisions rendered."

The committee would insist that pending inquiries by this commission no strikes would be in order nor improper actions by employers permitted, but on the important subject of enforcing its decisions, the committee has only this to say:

"A just decision of said board would be indorsed by the public and public sentiment is powerful enough to enforce the finding of such a commission."

Leaders Unimpressed.

Congressional leaders who are not convinced so easily, make bold to refer to certain occasions when public opinion was rather impotent. They refer to the recent events preceding the coal strike, when President Wilson solidified popular opposition to the purposes of the miners and congress indorsed his course almost unanimously, after the secretary of labor sitting as a conciliator had been flaunted. They hark back to the days of an actual state of war, when there was every incentive to and obligation upon both capital and labor to subject their respective grievances to the common welfare. The Smith & Wesson company would not yield to the war labor board in the matter of collective bargaining and the president had to commandeer the Springfield plant. The Bridgeport strikers refused to abide by the war labor board's decision and the president had to threaten cancellation of their deferred status under the selective draft law. The Western Union could not agree with the Taft-Walsh board in its controversy with the telegraph operators and Burleson took charge.

The officials of the United States railroad administration believe their wage adjustment board represents the nearest approach to a working tribunal for the settlement of wage controversies. They urge the railroad executives to recognize its effectiveness and extend its operation after the roads return to private management. Yet it was just a few months ago that the railroad wage board confessed its inability to decline the wage advances demanded by the shopmen and yet prevent a strike. President Wilson in denying the increases had to appeal to the men for an industrial truce until the government could try its hand at lowering the cost of living.

The experience of the wage commissions of the army, the navy and the shipping board were very similar during the war. Congressional leaders who have given thought to the question are inclined to believe that such boards would work fine only so long as they do not have to deal with important basic controversies between capital and labor and come a cropper between the extreme views of the two elements in the eternal struggle. They succeed only when both sides are satisfied or nearly so.

Patience of Public Exhausted.

Party leaders who are urging some forward step toward the constant recurrence of great industrial upheavals, extending their influence into every phase of the nation's economic life, are convinced that the American public is getting tired of "being the goat." They realize, furthermore, that it is not possible to proceed with a proper or lasting settlement of the railroad, shipping, taxation questions and to check the high cost of living until industry is stabilized. They are not unmindful of the fact that it is one thing for the attorney general of the United States to obtain an injunction to break a strike and quite another for the counsel of a corporation or an industry threatened with a general walk-out to obtain such a restraining order. They know that I. W. W., syndicalist and bolshevist agitators would thrive under such processes.

A very broad debate of the whole subject will be heard in the senate should the treaty ever be disposed of. The haphazard manner in which the house has tried to deal with the railroad legislation leaves the senate the only forum to provide a complete discussion of the many and varied phases of this question.

The American people will be disappointed if they expect congress to devise a plan which will end strikes overnight. The federal legislators can only hope to record progress. They are no more hopeful of stopping controversies and strikes than the Norman law was able to eradicate murder and theft and the blood feuds over property in the days of Alfred the Great.

DEATH BATTALION MAY KILL TREATY

Continued from First Page.

the senate hope to do is to propose a resolution of ratification with the objectionable reservation eliminated, which they expect the opposition to defeat; and then get together on a compromise. But the strongest members of the opposition hold that rejection of the resolution now in process of formation will constitute rejection of the treaty and end the whole affair. And, if they succeed in securing adoption of the resolution containing the objectionable clause, the president may take the matter in his own hands.

On September 23 at Salt Lake City the president started his fight against the reservation. He said on that occasion:

"That is an objection of the covenant. That is an absolute refusal to carry any part of the same responsibility that the other members of the league carry."

At Cheyenne, Wyoming, on September 24, he said, after having read the reservation to his audience:

"It means the rejection of the treaty, my fellow countrymen, nothing less. I happen to know that there are some men in favor of that reservation who do not in the least degree realize its meaning, men whom I esteem greatly; men who have just as much ardor to carry out the promises of the United States as I have; but I am calling their attention to the fact that if any such reservation as that should be adopted I would be obliged as the executive of the United States to regard it as a rejection of the treaty."

SUCCESS FOR PLAN FOR PACT CLOTURE SEEMS INDICATED

Washington, November 14.—By Associated Press.)—Success for the movement to shut down the peace treaty debate by a cloture seemed likely tonight to remain in doubt until the clerks call the roll on the question tomorrow in the senate.

Thirty republicans signed the petition for cloture, and party leaders declared that more would vote for it. There was no doubt, leaders asserted, that the republican side of the chamber would contribute more than its share of the two-thirds majority necessary to invoke the cloture rule.

Among the democrats, however, there was more uncertainty, growing out of a question of policy involving the whole administration program of parliamentary action on the treaty. Democratic Leader Hitchcock was understood to incline away from the cloture proposal, and although some democrats said they would not follow him, a far greater number reserved their decision.

Vice President Marshall is expected to be in the chair when the question automatically comes to a vote an hour after the senate meets tomorrow, and it was considered possible that he might remove democratic objections by so construing the cloture rule that it will not upset the administration plans.

Exact Meaning of Rule.

With the senate in recess today cheer was much discussion as to the exact meaning and effect of the rule, which never has been invoked since it was adopted more than two years ago. The only apparent result of the conferences, however, was to emphasize the differences of opinion among the democrats.

Senator Hitchcock's apprehension resulted from the fact that the cloture petition as presented yesterday by republican Leader Lodge called for the closing of debate on "the treaty of peace." So broad a proposition, the democratic leader feared, might operate to prevent a vote on any ratification resolution except the one drawn by the foreign relations committee, containing reservations unacceptable to the administration.

This resolution the democrats plan to vote down, with a view to offering one of their own making. But under the cloture rule a vote on the committee resolution may be interpreted as finally disposing of the treaty, it is argued, shutting off any later attempt at a compromise.

Whether the rule would so operate probably will be one of the questions raised in the hour that precedes the vote tomorrow. If they are satisfied their whole plan of action will not be wrecked by cloture, the democrats say they will support the republican petition.

It is agreed that if cloture carries, it will bring the long treaty fight to a close or to a deadlock within the coming week.

Hitchcock's Substitutes.

The reservation to Article X provides that the United States shall assume no obligation to preserve the territorial integrity or political independence of any other country or to interfere in controversies between nations.

The substitute reservations presented by democratic Leader Hitchcock and rejected are as follows:

That any member nation proposing to withdraw from the league on two years' notice is the sole judge as to whether its obligations referred to in Article I of the league of nations have been performed as required in said article.

That no member nation is required to submit to the league, its council, or its assembly, for decision, report or recommendation, any matter which it considers to be in international law a domestic question such as immigration, labor, tariff or other matter relating to its internal or coastwise affairs.

That the national policy of the United States known as the Monroe doctrine, as announced and interpreted by the United States, is not in any way impaired or affected by the covenant of the league of nations, and is not subject to any decision, report or inquiry by the council or assembly.

Merely Advice.

That the advice mentioned in Article X of the covenant of the league which the council may give to the member nations as to the employment of their naval and military forces is merely advice which each member nation is free to accept or reject, according to the conscience and judgment of its then existing government and in the United States this advice can only be accepted by action of the congress at the time in being, congress alone under the constitution of the United States having the power to declare war.

That in case of dispute between members of the league if one of them have self-governing colonies, dominions or parts which have representation in the assembly, each and all are to be considered parties to the disput, and th same shall be the rule if one of the parties to the dispute as a self-governing colony, dominion or part, in which case all other self-governing colonies, dominions or parts as well as the nation as a whole shall be considered parties to the dispute and each and all shall be disqualified from having their votes counted in case of any inquiry on said dispute made by the assembly.

COMMANDER WINSHIP TO RETURN TO MACON

Macon, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Lieutenant Commander Emory Winship, who has been in charge of the recruiting division, bureau of navigation, with headquarters in Washington, D. C., has retired, and it is expected he and Mrs. Winship will return to Macon within a few days.

Captain J. N. Enochs, U. S. N., has been appointed to succeed Lieutenant Commander Winship. During the Spanish-American war Lieutenant Commander Winship was given a vote of thanks by congress for conspicuous bravery when he defended single-handed a ship which had been attacked by natives of one of the Philippine group of islands. He was shot several times, but did not relinquish his post until his comrades arrived and succeeded in driving back the natives.

He was in the reserve when the United States entered the war against Germany and was called back into active service. Lieutenant Commander Winship is one of the wealthiest men in Georgia.

Preachers' Wives Quite at Home At the Methodists' Conference

By Rev. Thomas M. Elliott.

A notable feature of the North Georgia conference Friday was the large number of preachers' wives in the audience. The largest number ever known was present and they seemed to make themselves at home. They seemed to think that, inasmuch as the conference has six women members, all women are admissible. So they took seats wherever they wished and no mortal man dared say them nay.

Dr. T. R. Kendall, Sr., pastor of Inman Park church, made a splendid report from that congregation Friday. He reported that he had received into the church, and, with the help of Bishop Candler, had baptized twelve babies. Dr. Kendall claims that his church is the birthplace of both Wesley Memorial hospital and Emory university.

Rev. M. S. Williams, pastor of the Thomaston church, is one of the outstanding figures in the conference body. He is popular, much beloved, is the acknowledged historian of the conference and knows more aboutt he constitutional history of Methodism than anybody else.

His parents were Virginians, but he was born in North Carolina. However, he got out of North Carolina as early as he could and came to Georgia, where he joined the conference. He has held appointments at Sparta, Oxford, Thomaston and other places of like importance. He has never aspired to any office, but is, indeed, a faithful guardian of the interests entrusted to his care. At present he is vice president of the legal conference and also for years has been a member of the joint board of finance in official position.

There was objection to his becoming a Methodist preacher and he was offered $50,000 not to do so. Yet he turned down the offer that he might have a clear conscience and peaceful heart. Those who know of his business qualifications say he will never be a claimant on the conference funds. Quiet and modest of nature, yet he never fails to get an attentive hearing when he rises to speak.

The Atlanta entertainment committee, in conjunction with the conference committee on entertainment, have surely done noble work in caring for the conference. On the Atlanta committee are H. E. W. Palmer, R. J. Guinn, J. L. McCord, J. C. White, A. Brooke, J. T. Dennis, J. V. Wellborn, H. Y. McCord, K. K. Kelley and W. H. Sutton. On the conference entertainment committee are J. A. Manget, G. M. Eakes, M. S. Bell, J. F. Yarbrough and W. W. Carroll. J. A. Manget has been the pre-eminent leader in all the arrangements. The work has kept him busy for many days and during this week, from early morn till late at night. Mr. Manget says he will have to be introduced to his family when the conference is over on account of seeing them so little lately.

Rev. Marvin Williams, pastor of Grace church, made an excellent report Friday for that church. During the year two units have been built to their Sunday school plant, which makes the establishment now worth $50,000. Mr. Williams has received this year 241 members, fifty-one of whom were by profession of faith. His finances are all paid up in full.

In addressing the class of young men being admitted into full connection Bishop Candler took occasion to again emphasize the need of old-time gospel preaching, rather than on the current topics of the day. He said farmers, doctors, lawyers and business men did not go to church to hear sermonettes on the material and political issues of the day or to hear discussed the affairs of the physical world. He urged that they want preaching along the lines of eternal principles. The bishop exhorted the young brethren to read the old books. He said he could usually tell what a preacher had been reading the week before his Sunday sermon. He judged some of the matter read to be too green and observed that, like too much food taken into a baby's stomach, it is soon seen again on the lips, and in a curdled form at that.

Dr. Luther E. Todd, of St. Louis, who spoke Friday afternoon, is a rare story teller. His stories of the Irishman's life insurance, of the negro lion tamer and of Rastus wanting a bear convulsed the conference with laughter.

Rev. J. M. Bass, a visitor from the South Georgia conference, is one of the general evangelists of the church. He reports that this has been his most successful year. He has held meetings in Oklahoma City, Little Rock, Moultrie, Valdosta and a number of other places. More than 1,200 converts have joined churches from his meetings.

Some of the most eminent men in Georgia are members of this conference as lay delegates. Among them are judges, lawyers, doctors, farmers, merchants, teachers and business men of various lines. It is a significant thing that laymen are becoming more and more interested in the affairs of the church and the spiritual kingdom.

Bishop Candler complains of the number of detached men who are engaged in by-lines of moral endeavor. He states that 471 such men are connected with the conferences of the Southern Methodist church.



Rev. M. S. Williams, pastor of the Thomaston Church.

Preachers Are Announced For M. E. Pulpits Sunday

By Rev. Thomas M. Elliott.

The Constitution is authorized to announce today to the Methodist church people of Atlanta and surrounding territory the list of preachers who will fill city pulpits at Sunday services. The committee on public worship has arranged the following appointments for the Methodist churches and other churches that asked for visiting pastors.

In each instance the first named man will preach at the morning hour, and the second man will preach in the evening at 7:30. Where only one name is given, it is understood that it is for the morning service only.

The list of assignments is as follows:

Wesley Memorial—Bishop Warren A. Candler, Plato T. Durham.
St. Mark—R. C. Cleckler, J. T. Robins.
First Methodist—E. F. Dempsey, S. A. Harris.
St. Paul—J. W. Quillian, H. L. Edmondson.
Park Street—Wallace Rogers, G. F. Venable.
Druid Hills—J. R. King, H. B. Mays.
Calvary—W. G. Crawley, S. R. England.
Decatur—J. G. Logan, W. W. Carroll.
Collins Memorial—R. M. Dixon, G. W. Barrett.
Center Street—G. L. Chastaine, R. I. Johnson.
Norcross—L. B. Linn.
Chamblee (Prospect)—V. A. Lanford.
St. John—G. M. Eakes, W. P. King.
Trinity—J. D. Hammond, W. R. Mackay.
Jonesboro—E. W. Jones.
Grace—W. L. Pierce, W. S. Robinson.
Payne Memorial—H. H. Jones, F. S. Hudson.
Martha Brown Memorial—Olin King, J. O. Brand.
Bonnie Brae—E. D. Hale, A. B. Sanders.
Nellie Dodd—W. B. Carmichael, J. S. Hill.
St. James—W. M. Walraven, M. A. Franklin.
Inman Park.—S. E. Wasson, W. R. Foote.
St. Luke—J. M. Jones, R. P. Tatum.
Walker Street—J. H. Mashburn, J. M. Radford.
Hapeville—C. A. Norton, J. S. Strickland.
East Point—A. W. Quillian, B. H. Trammell.
Grant Park—B. F. Mize, W. M. Twiggs.
Capitol View—G. L. King, H. S. Smith.
College Park—J. F. Yarbrough, A. Ernest.
Oakhurst—J. T. Eakes, L. W. Neff.
Kirkwood—F. D. Cantrell, J. F. Roberts.
Epworth—Irby Henderson, J. E. Parker.
Lakewood Heights—E. A. Barnett, Vance Hawks.
Mount Vernon—P. A. Kellett, E. P. Eubanks.
English avenue—N. A. White, D. B. Cantrell.
Covington—J. E. Ellis.
Marietta—R. G. Smith.
Druid Hills Presbyterian—A. M. Pierce, L. M. Twiggs.
First Baptist—S. P. Wiggins, C. C. Jarrell.
East Point Presbyterian—J. F. Davis.
Madison, Ga.—W. T. Irvine.
Federal Prison, 9 a. m.—H. C. Emory.

ANNUAL MEETING HELD BY LIBERAL CHRISTIANS

The first annual meeting of the Liberal Christian church was held last night at the church on West Peachtree street.

The ladies of the church served a banquet to its members at 7 o'clock, following which a business meeting was held. W. B. Harding, chairman of the board of trustees, presided over the business session.

The first report of the evening was made by Mr. Harding, as chairman of the board of trustees. He praised the work of Rev. G. I. Keirn, pastor of the church, and commended the results accomplished in all branches of the church.

A report showing the excellent financial condition of the church was made by Treasurer J. B. Hollingsworth.

Secretary Young, of the Sunday school department, reported on the progress of the Sunday school. A talk on the Sunday school work was also made by Hamilton Douglas, Jr. Mr. Douglas announced the organization of the new primary department under the supervision of Miss Mae Smith, and commended her for her efficient efforts in tha tdepartment.

Reports were also made by officers of the Women's union, and the Young People's Christian union. W. J. Darden gave a report for the Men's club. Another interesting report was that made by Harrison Griffin Edwards, 10-year-old publisher of the "Liberty Christian News," the weekly periodical of the church.

After the last report, which was from Rev. Keirn, pastor, was made, a constitution was read and adopted. Following the adoption of the constitution, officers were elected, as provided for in the constitution. Julius R. Watts was elected as deacon, as was H. C. Blake, who was elected, pending the acceptance of his resignation as a member of the board of trustees.

CONFERENCE REPORTS BIG CASH COLLECTION

Macon, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—The third day's sessions of the Macon annual conference of the A. M. E. church, showed a total collection from all sources of more than $17,000. Bishop J. S. Flipper ordered the conference to appropriate $350 to pay for lawsuit entered against the Big Bethel A. M. E. church in Atlanta by one of its trustees. The presiding elders' reports were the best in the history of the church. The finance committee appointed to disburse funds is composed of Rev. W. A. Fountain, J. T. Hall, B. J. Powell, A. A. Duncan, W. B. L. Clarke, F. C. Crayton, G. B. Jackson, L. H. Smith, Sr., E. Griggs, J. C. Mitchell, C. A. Wingfield.

Rev. J. T. Hall commended the report of L. H. Smith, Sr., F. C Crayton, C. A. Wingfield, E. Griggs and J. W. Mitchell, who presides over more than 200 ministers, pastoring over 5,000 members. A large number of young ministers were admitted to the conference and will be ordained Sunday.

An educational mass meeting was held Friday night, President W. A. Fountain delivering the principal address to a large audience, in which he urged the people to educate their children. Rev. A. B. Cooper and Dean P. W. Greatheart made the closing addresses. The conference will close Sunday at the 11 o'clock services. The next annual session will be held in Buena Vista, Ga.

The last two of the ten delegates to the general conference next year were named today. They are Revs. F. B. Crayton and J. W. English. James H. Lawson and Dr. J. S. Willams were elected lay delegates.

SPINKS ACQUITTED, IS AGAIN ARRESTED

Savannah, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Louis M. Spinks, charged with larceny after trust in connection with the sale of stock in certain securities companies, was acquitted today after the jury had been out 24 hours. He was iccediately re-arrested on two fresh charges, one of them being that he is alleged to have deserted his wife and children in Boston.

10 1-2 CTS. A POUND FOR BEET SUGAR

That Is Maximum Wholesale Price for All Points in the United States. Distributing Committee Planned.

Washington, November 14.—A maximum wholesale price of 10½ cents a pound for all beet sugars at all points in the United States was established today by the department of justice.

This price was fixed at a lengthy conference between Howard Figg, special assistant to the attorney general in charge of food prices, and representatives of the leading beet sugar refiners, who had sought an increase over the present price on the grounds that they could not make a reasonable profit.

Previously beet sugar prices ranged from 10 cents a pound in most sections to 10½ cents.

It was said that a general order would be issued within a week which would "settle the sugar price and avoid further misunderstanding."

Plans are being considered by the department for the creation of a sugar distributing committee to sit in Chicago and to have complete control of the distributing of all beet sugar.

Commenting on the above dispatch Friday night, John A. Manget, chairman of the Fulton county fair price committee, said that Atlanta would not be affected by the price established because no beet sugar in quantity reaches this city, the distribution of beet sugar being principally confined to the western and middle western states.

Hayes' Healing Honey Stops The Tickle

Heals The Throat
Cures the Cough
35c per Bottle

A FREE BOX OF
GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE
Opens the Pores and Penetrates

For Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup, is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY
You get the Cough Syrup and the Salve for one price, 35c.
Made, Recommended and Guaranteed to the Public by
Paris Medicine Company
Manufacturers of
Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets & Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

YOU CAN'T WORK WELL WITH A COLD

Relieve it with Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey

NOBODY likes to be around a person suffering from a heavy cold. It exposes them needlessly. You can take care of your job and keep business and social engagements shortly after you begin using Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. For it is prompt in helping Nature expel phlegm, allay inflammation, ease breathing, and driving away irritating coughs.

Use it — give it to the kiddies. Don't suffer a minute longer than you have to. The ingredients used in Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey are highly beneficial in promoting the relief cold-sufferers seek. Safe and economical.

At all druggists. 30c., 60c & $1.20.

LOOK FOR THE BELL ON LABEL
Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey
For Coughs and Colds

Give the Family PODOLAX
Correct those tardy bowels naturally, smoothly, comfortably with Po-Do-Lax. Liven the lazy liver. Keep the family healthy, pink-cheeked, free from constipation and its dangerous results. 60 c. Druggists everywhere.
PODOLAX
LIVER AND STOMACH

BABY LOST MOST ALL HER HAIR

From Eczema. Head Sore All Over. Cuticura Heals.

"When my baby was very little she broke out with white blisters that would dry up later on and then break out again. Her head was sore all over. She would fret and her hair came out until she did not have enough to cover her head. We were told it was eczema.



"I sent for a free sample of Cuticura. I purchased more and I used one cake of Soap and one box of Ointment when she was healed." (Signed) Mrs. R. C. Hunt, McCool, Miss.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum usually prevent skin troubles. Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the world. For sample each free address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. H, Malden, Mass."
Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Daniel Bros. Company 45 to 49 Peachtree

Headquarters for
Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

Overcoats you'll like

In rich fabrics, in fine tailoring, in beautiful colors, in handsome styles

'TWAS a great response the men of Atlanta gave to our suggestion to *buy overcoats now;* with a most extensive showing of richest aterials in double-breasted types, with or without belts, ulsters, Chesterfields, raglans, form-fit or box models, every man found a coat he liked.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

best productions are here; new types made specially for us with the best ideas for men and young men at prices that really save.

Cold weather necessities

All the good things for men's comfort are here; gloves, underwear, sweaters, sox, outing pajamas or night shirts, in a variety to please.

Daniel Bros. Co. 45 to 49 Peachtree

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes



LOUIE, THE LAWYER :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: It Proves They're Real, Anyway!



REDUCTION IN COST OF PAVING ALLOWED

Street Committee Acts on Complaint of South Boulevard Owners.

Property owners on South Boulevard, between Fair and Berne streets, were represented before the street committee Firday aftrnoon by a delegation of residents on this street protesting at what they claimed to be excessive assessment charges levied against them for their share of the cost of paving South Boulevard. The cost was assessed at $1.29 per front foot.

After considerable discussion the committee voted to deduct the current overhead expense charged by the city on the job, reducing the assessment to $1.13 a foot. Chairman J. N. Landers opposed this course as setting a precedent which citizens on other streets would immediately seize to support similar claims.

The question of recommending an appropriation to relieve property holders on Spring street, which is to be paved by the county, of all expense in connection with it except putting down new sidewalks and new curb, where necessary, was presented to the committee, who instructed the chief of construction to make a personal inspection of the street and prepare an estimate of what appropriation would be needed and present it at a call meeting of the committee which will be held at an early date. The estimate will also include the money necessary to make changes in buildings along the street where considerable grading or filling will be done.

The committee approved a motion by Councilman J. H. Ewing to appoint the city tax assessors to represent the city in proceedings to condemn property which juts out on West Peachtree street, starting at Simpson street and extending to Pine street. He will introduce this as a resolution in council next Monday. This is part of a proposed plan to widen West Peachtree street.

BACK, STOMACH AND LIVER WRONG

Tarrytown, Ga., Resident, Gives ZIRON Iron Tonic Credit for Quick Recovery.

Many medicines are recommended as specific cures for certain diseases. Ziron, the new iron tonic, is not. It is not meant to cure disease. It is meant to prevent it. Ziron is a tonic. It helps to restore the system, run-down by overwork, improper nourishment (caused sometimes by stomach or bowel troubles), or as a result of some weakening illness.

In this way Ziron helped Miss Mattie J Calhoun, of Tarrytown, Ga., who says:

"I was troubled with my back, stomach and liver. After having used five bottles of Ziron I am glad to say that it helped me more than any other medicine. It has also been of more help to my nerves than any other remedy I have ever tried."

When you feel weak, un-energetic, un-ambitious, nervous, depressed and weary, try Ziron Iron Tonic.

Ziron should help bring you relief, just as it brought relief to others. But if the first bottle does not benefit you, you get your money back.

Ask your druggist about it today.—(adv.) ZN 28

Your Blood Need: ZIRON



Skin trouble costs many a man his job

No matter how efficient a man may be, if he has an ugly skin-eruption, there are positions in which he cannot be tolerated. He may know that it is not in the least contagious, but *other* people are afraid, they avoid him, and he must make way for a man with a clear, healthy skin. Why run this risk, when

Resinol

Ointment and Resinol Soap stop itching and clear away eczema and similar humors, so quickly and easily?

*Physicians have prescribed the Resinol treatment for over 20 years. Every druggist sells Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. For sample of each, free, write to Dept. 7-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

HEARTBURN

Caused by

Acid-Stomach

That bitter heartburn, belching, food-repeating, indigestion, bloat after eating—all are caused by acid-stomach. But they are only **first symptoms**—danger signals to warn you of awful troubles if not stopped. Headache, biliousness, rheumatism, sciatica, that tired, listless feeling, lack of energy, dizziness, insomnia, even cancer and ulcers of the intestines and many other ailments are traceable to ACID-STOMACH.

Thousands—yes, millions—of people who ought to be well and strong are mere weaklings because of acid-stomach. They really starve in the midst of plenty because they do not get enough strength and vitality from the food they eat.

Take EATONIC and give your stomach a chance to do its work right. Make it strong, cool, sweet and comfortable. EATONIC brings quick relief for heartburn, belching, indigestion and other stomach miseries. Improves digestion—helps you get full strength from your food. Thousands say EATONIC is the most wonderful stomach remedy in the world. Brought them relief when every thing else failed.

Our best testimonial is what EATONIC will do for you. So get a big 50c box of EATONIC today from your druggist, use it five days—if you're not pleased, return it and get your money back.

EATONIC
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

BLOODY OVERALLS FOUND IN AMERICUS

And Identified as Sam Duckworth's Garment—Pathos Features Case.

Americus, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—A pair of blood-stained overalls, identified as belonging to Sam Duckworth, have been found on the Greene Perry farm, where the Duckworths resided, and brought to Americus. One of the pockets of the garment bears the plain imprint of a bloody hand, and an effort will be made to establish the fact that the imprint is that of the hand of Sam Duckworth.

Bent with her 60 years of ill-spent life and burdened with all of the disadvantages that illiteracy loads upon mortals, Mrs. Sallie Duckworth, mother of Sam Duckworth, and accused with him jointly of the murder of Mrs. Pearl Duckworth, spent all of today cursing and abusing the jail officials who have her and her wayward son in charge.

Mrs. Duckworth is a woman of unusual strength, and she has never denied the charge against her, nor has she accused anybody else of the murder. Sam Duckworth's only direct statement regarding his wife's murder is summed up in the words: "I didn't do it."

Mrs. Sallie Duckworth has a long record of violent living, too, and the officers are investigating her connection with the affair with closest scrutiny. Several years ago she shot and wounded Tom Lane, an aged man living in the twenty-eighth district, near Americus, where the older Duckworth woman then lived, the shooting, it is said, growing out of the sale of liquor, in which traffic, it is charged, she has long been engaged.

Later Mrs. Sallie Duckworth attempted suicide, but failed in the effort, and in recent years has lived with her son, Sam.

The young son of Pearl and Sam Duckworth is the most pathetic figure in the whole family circle at this time. Greene Perry, on whose farm the Duckworths lived at the time of the tragedy, came to Americus today and made arrangements for the child to be placed in an orphanage. Sam Duckworth consented to this, but later asked that the boy be given into the custody of his sister, Mrs. Wesley Johnson, who lives near Americus, and who offers to care for the little waif.

Sam Duckworth has expressed some anxiety concerning the child, but has not asked to see the boy. Neither did he express any desire to look upon the remains of his wife before they were laid to rest today in a plain pine coffin in the family burial ground near Chambliss mill in the twenty-eighth district.

Duckworth, who is confined in the same cell with Walter W. Wilson, accused murderer of Joel Edge, has not slep since his arrest. He eats his meals and apparently enjoys the plain jail fare served him, but he is so nervous he paces the floor continuously, runnig his hands through his hair and talking to himself in a low tone. He has had few visitors since his arrest and as yet has not succeeded in obtaining counsel.

CITY WILL INSIST ON THE PAYMENT OF SANITARY TAX

Many apartment house owners are too negligent in their payment of the sanitary tax assessed against them by the city, according to Mayor Key, and he brought this to the attention of the board of health Friday and recommended that inspectors be instructed to go after the delinquents.

Chief Jentzen informed him that he had already taken up the matter with the tax assessors and they will co-operate with the sanitary department in seeing that no one overlooks his sanitary tax.

LEWIS HOLLIDAY DIES

Mother at Bedside When the End Came.

Lewis W. Holliday, a former Atlanta man, died in Chicago Friday morning after a brief illness.

Mr. Holliday was for several years connected with the foreign advertising department of The Constitution, and at the time of his death was in the advertising business in Chicago, where he moved about five years ago. He received his education at Tulane university.

He was the son of the late Dr. R. A. Holliday, and the grandson of Dr. John S. Holliday. He was in good health up until a few days before his death, when he was affected with heart trouble and other complications. His mother, Mrs. Mary Holliday, was at his bedside at the time of his death.

Surviving Mr. Holliday are his wife, his mother, Mrs. Mary Holliday, and five children.

WILL ENTER PRACTICE OF LAW IN ATLANTA

W. N. McGhee, who recently resigned his office as assistant chief examiner of the interstate commerce commission, has moved to Atlanta, where he will practice law. Mr. McGhee has offices with W. A. Wimbish and W. D. Ellis, Jr., at 525 Grant building, Atlanta.

Mr. McGhee graduated from Mercer university law department in 1902 and was engaged in the general practice of law, and was later appointed attorney for the interstate commerce commission. He was made editor of the board of review of the commission in 1915 and in 1916 a reviewing member of the commission.

He was later appointed assistant chief examiner of that commission and held that office up until his resignation.

LEE REPORT CORRECTED BY CRAWFORD JACKSON

In a letter to The Constitution, Dr. Ed Mincey, chairman of the board of public welfare, encloses a letter from Crawford Jackson, of the Juvenile Protective association, which takes issue with the report of Miss Emma W. Lee in giving the Associated Charities credit for being the leader in probation work in Atlanta. Mr. Jackson states that the probation system here was started one year before the organization of the Associated Charities.

You Can Think and Work Better; Eat and Sleep Better

If You Have Pure Blood

Your blood is made up of the food you eat, the water you drink, and the air you breathe. If your food, water and air are bad, your blood will become impure. But, even when the best and most nourishing food is eaten, the purest of water is drunk, your blood may be made impure from other causes.

For many years Plough's Prescription C-2223 has been used with great success as a blood purifier. Before the treatment, ready prepared, was offered to the public, it was used by a prominent physician to relieve those conditions caused by impure blood. It was his prescription for blood and rheumatic troubles.

This concentrated liquid treatment contains certain medicinal ingredients which are known and used by the medical profession, and authorities agree that these are some of the few drugs which are of value in the treatment of rheumatic conditions, skin diseases and troubles caused by an impure state of the blood.

If you are half sick, tired all the time, have reason to believe that your blood is impure, go to your nearest druggist, get a $1.50 bottle of Plough's Prescription C-2223 and a 25c package of 2223 Liver Pills; or the 2223 Laboratory, Memphis, Tenn., will send both, all charges paid, on receipt of $1.75. Your money back if you are not satisfied. Clip and mail this for sample of Pills and leaflet regarding Plough's Prescription C-2223.—(adv.)

Prescription C-2223 Itching Skin

Macon Casualties Result of Tuesday Fireworks Heavy

Mayor's Order Removing "Lid" Taken Advantage of by Rough Crowds. Many in Jail and Hospitals.

Macon, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—It will probably take more than an armistice anniversary celebration hereafter to get Mayor Glenn Toole to issue another order declaring that "lid" off as far as the use of fireworks is concerned, for no single act of the mayor during his entire administration has brought him greater censure than the lifting of the ban on explosives last Tuesday.

When the mayor decided to permit the use of fireworks he probably didn't realize to what extent some persons would go under the guise of patriotism, but it is probable no more disgraceful scenes have ever been enacted on Macon's streets than took place on the anniversary of the signing of the armistice on the western front.

Grown men and boys armed themselves with weapons of all kinds, from big .44-caliber pistols down to the toy cap pistols and explosive canes, and then set out to have a good time. This consisted of such innocent pastimes as firing at the feet of women and girls who attempted to walk through the business portion of the city and in one instance a grown white man, who is said to have had a little more "white lightning" than was good for him, deliberately shot a young woman in the face with the waddin from a blank cartridge. In several instances the dresses worn by women were burned by the fire from the pistols.

A number of small boys were painfully injured and are not yet out of danger as a result of accidents due to the explosion of fireworks. Five youngsters were yesterday administered tetanus anti-toxin at the Macon hospital to minimize as far as possible the danger from lockjaw, while numerous other persons have received treatment from physicians.

One young man has been indicted by the Bibb county grand jury on three counts as a result of the too promiscuous use of a blank pistol. He is Charley Seard, and he is alleged to have shot Frank Stewart, a twelve-year-old boy, in the face, and the injury may result in the lad losing one of his eyes. He is said to be in a serious condition at the present time. The most serious count in the indictment against Seard is that of shooting at another, which is a felony and is punishable by imprisonment. Seard was placed in jail following his arrest.

At the time the mayor issued his order to permit the unrestricted use of fireworks, despite the city ordinance prohibiting it, he told persons who entered a protest that there was not $25 worth of fireworks in the entire city. Twenty-five dollars' worth of fireworks, however, when improperly used, appears sufficient to wreak considerable havoc, as is pretty generally admitted since the casualty list for last Tuesday's celebration has been published.

MICHIGAN PLANS WAR ON HIGH LIVING COST

Lansing, Mich., November 14.—Approval of a bill to be submitted to the next legislature, authorizing municipalities to sell fuel and food at cost, plus delivery charges, will be asked by Prosecuting attorneys of the state, called to meet here next Thursday.

This became known today when Attorney General Groesbeck summoned the prosecutors who have been investigating living costs throughout the state. A committee of the prosecutors named to draft legislation designed to curb alleged profiteering in foodstuffs is expected to present other proposed measures intended to reduce living costs.

PRESIDENT WILSON ALLOWED TO SIT UP

Washington, November 14.—President Wilson was permitted to sit up for a short time again today, the fourth day in succession. Dr. Francis X. Dercum, the Philadelphia specialist, is expected to pay his regular weekly visit to the white house tomorrow to check up on the patient's progress.

CAPITOL GOSSIP

In the case of the city of Atlanta against the Standard Life Insurance company, the supreme court Friday affirmed the decision of the lower court against the city in enjoining the collection of a tax levied on the insurance company's reserve. The code provides that in estimating the value of the personal property of an insurance company, certain items should first be deducted, including the reserve.

City council passed an ordinance levying a tax on insurance companies, of which the Standard Life made a test case on the ground that the ordinance was contrary to the general statute. The city claimed that the statute itself was unconstitutional, being in violation of that section of the fundamental law which says that all taxation shall be uniform and on an ad valorem basis.

The court upheld the constitutionality of the act and knocked out the city ordinance, but Chief Justice Fish dissented.

Big Inheritance Tax.

Comptroller General Wright Friday was in receipt of a check from the tax collector of Spalding county for $4,016.28, covering the inheritance tax on the estate of the late Seaton Grantland, former well-known citizen and mill owner. The estate was appraised at $426,293.68. Exemptions of $24,655.55 were allowed, leaving $401,268.13 on which the tax was assessed.

State Money Secured.

Attorney General Clifford Walker has reported to the governor the collection of $920.08 from the Citizens' Banking company, of Baxley, which has been in the hands of a receiver. This institution was formerly a state depository and the check turned into the treasury by Mr. Walker includes all monies due the state with interest thereon.

Prominent Visitors.

Savannah, Ga., November 14.—(Special.—The party from Philadelphia, 120 prominent citizens of the eastern coast section, attending the Atlantic Deeper Waterways association in Charleston, arrived in Savannah this morning on their way home, coming by rail to Savannah, and will sail tomorrow for Philadelphia. The city council and the various commercial organizations took the party in charge, showed them the harbor and port and terminal facilities and drove them over the interesting sections about Savannah.

BAKER IS DEFENDED ON WAR CONTRACTS

Washington, November 14.—Representative Garrett, democrat, Tennessee, minority member of the special subcommittee investigating ordnance expenditures in the war department, today filed a report answering charges made by Representative Graham, republican, Illinois, in a majority report issued several days ago, which claimed "settlements of war contracts by the war department, in some instances, seem to have been obviously tainted with fraud."

More than four thousand claims have been settled by the war department since the armistice, Representative Garrett estimated.

"These claims and the settlements aggregate millions of dollars," his report continued, "and nearly three thousand yet remain to be settled. The majority report cites the case of eight contractors, and without giving the details of a single settlement of any one of these eight, makes a request that Secretary Baker review the thousands of settlements already made."

Passage of the resolution introduced by Chairman Graham, accompanying the majority report, and requesting review by Secretary Baker of all settlements, Mr. Garrett said, "was wholly unnecessary."

"Its passage would be extremely unfortunate from whatever standpoint it may be viewed," he added. "Its passage will be construed as a reflection upon the integrity of that branch of the war department which has been engaged for more than a year in the settlement of claims against the government growing out of war contracts involving billions of dollars.

"There is nothing in the evidence taken by the committee on expenditures in the war department to justify any such imputation, or to give ground for any such inferences," Representative Garrett declared.

"The majority report states that the committee has gone into a few of the great mass of claims that have been adjusted,' mentions certain ones, and, without definite reference to any particular adjustment, concludes with a loose indictment, 'if not actual, of fraud and of the laxness and inefficiency of the government representatives,' coupled with general criticism of the settlement organization. Too strong emphasis cannot be laid upon the unfairness and injustice of citing 'a few' cases and without giving a single detail as to one or them, predicating upon them a sweeping blanket resolution asking for a review of all settlements."

FRENCHMEN IN RIOT AT POLITICAL MEETING

Paris, November 14.—Serious disorders occurred last night during a political meeting in the Passy quarter, when M. Evain, president of the local council and nationalist candidate for the chamber of deputies referred to the "wave of idleness" which he said was submerging Paris. Working men in the first balcony of the large hall became enraged and flung chairs and other articles upon the stage, the meeting breaking up in an uproar. M. Evain's secretary suffered a severe scalp wound; M. Lelu, a lawyer, a broken arm, and M. Boucheron, another candidate, a face wound.

SOUTHERN METAL MEN MEET IN CHATTANOOGA

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 14. Discussion of various phases of the industry featured the semi-annual convention of the Southern Metal Trades association here today, papers being read by President William T. Harding, of Raleigh, N. C., on "Co-operation;" "Labor Conditions," by J. G. Trazzure, Atlanta, and "Foundry Practices," by James H. Hollowell, Atlanta. The convention closed tonight with a dinner on Signal mountain.

Pheumatism

is completely washed out of the system by the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water Positively guaranteed by money back offer. Tastes fine, costs a trifle Delivered anywhere by our Atlanta Agents, Coursey & Munn Drug store, Marietta and Broad Sts.—(adv.)

BAD BREATH

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work. People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through taking them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. They act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood, and purifying the entire system. They do that which calomel does, without any of the bad after effects. Take one or two every night for a week and note the pleasing effect 10c and 25c a box.—(adv.)

NO FEAR OF CROUP NOW

Give the Sufferers Cheney's Expectorant, the Famous Remedy for Colds, Coughs or Whooping Cough.

Good for Every Member of the Family.

To relieve cold, croup and pain in the chest, thereby preventing influenza, pneumonia and other troubles that start with an ordinary cold take Cheney's Expectorant, an old and tried remedy, which can be procured at any drug store, at a small cost, and should be kept in every home as it is invaluable for both children and grown people. Boykin R. Smith, of Jasper County, Ga., says, "It is the BEST preparation for coughs and croup in exisstence." "Cheney's Expectorant is the greatest relief for whooping cough I ever tried."—Mrs. W. A. Blackwell, Roost, Ky.

Cheney's Expectorant is a combination of the best recognized drugs prescribed by physicians for the treatment of stubborn coughs, asthma, colds, bronchial troubles, whooping cough, sore throat. Try it.—(adv.)

HELP YOUR DIGESTION

When acid-distressed, relieve the indigestion with

KI-MOIDS

Dissolve easily on tongue—as pleasant to take as candy. Keep your stomach sweet, try *Ki-moids.*

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MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION
19-5

BIG SOCIAL WELFARE MEETING IS PLANNED

Various Organizations Will Consider Phases of Miss Lee's Report.

The board of public welfare will seek the co-operation of the other welfare agencies of the city in an effort to raise the social welfare standard of Atlanta, it was indicated yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the board held in the city warden's office. The board took action on the recommendations recently made by Miss Emma W. Lee, special welfare investigator, by voting to receive the report and to give it careful consideration. The board will study the report with a view to making its recommendations as effective as possible, and will get behind those which seem practicable at the present time.

Further consideration and charge of the report was placed upon motion this afternoon in the hands of a joint committee of three members from the board, and three from the central council of social agencies.

Dr. Ed Mincey, chairman of the board, was made chairman of the joint committee. The other members are Thomas Connally and Charles G. Zeigler, fro mthe board, and Joe Logan, Robert Dexter and Julian Boehm, from the central council.

The meeting resolved itself into a consultation of this joint committee. It was decided that each organization or agency mentioned in Miss Lee's report should be furnished with a copy of the parts of the report pertaining to its work, and that a meeting of the interested organizations should be called to act upon the recommendations made by Miss Lee.

BOYS ARE SUCCESSFUL IN TESTS FOR BADGES

Ten Boy Scouts Appear Before Court of Honor Friday Afternoon.

That the future men of America will have a greater all-round knowledge of various occupations and that most boys of today have a knack of meeting any emergency was demonstrated by ten stalwart Boy Scouts who appeared before the Atlanta Boy Scouts' court of honor Friday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in the Chamber of Commerce building to demonstrate their ability in various phrases of scouting.

The meeting Friday was the second one of the court of honor and it proved a big success. All of the boys passed in their tests except one who was asked to appear again at a future date, not that this youngster was not well grounded on scouting, but an attack of stage fright hurt his prospects.

The scouts appeared before the court to compete for merit badges in swimming, life-saving and chemistry. Each boy was questioned thoroughly by the court before he was entitled to wear the merit badge.

Scouts D. B. Robertson, Bartow Ford, W. F. Chester, Jr., Julius Young, Jack Williams and Robert Nixon passed the examination for swimming. Assistant Scout Master Alan D. Whittaker, Jr., passed in chemistry. Scout Oliver Merrill appeared for examination on life-saving, but was asked by the board to appear again at a future date.

The following members of the court of honor were present: E. E. Pomeroy, president, Julian Boehm, Kindall Weisiger, Forrest B. Fisher and W. M. Clemens.

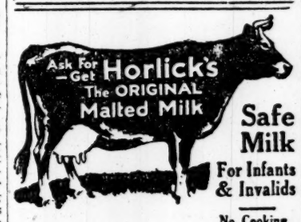
Macon Drive.

Macon, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Macon's Red Cross roll call has come to a close and the report of J. E. Hall, chairman, shows 5,425 Bibb county people answered. This is less than half of the quota assigned to this county.

134 PEACHTREE ARCADE

Business Announcements : Commercial Stationery : Club Announcements : Lodge or Emblem Cards

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Safe Milk
For Infants & Invalids
No Cooking

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages
Quick Lunch at Home or Office
Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

Reds Are Advancing Ten Miles Each Day, According to Dispatch

(The Constitution—London Times—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Omsk, November 12.—(Delayed.) The "reds" are advancing ten miles daily. General Sakharov has proclaimed a state of siege and has appointed General Ivanovrinov his assistant. The civil evacuation of Omsk is proceeding satisfactorily. The allied residents have gone.

General Dieterichs attended a conference with the civil and military authorities. He was offered the post of commander-in-chief in the Far East.

DESIGN APPROVED FOR VICTORY MEDAL

Washington, November 14.—The design for the "Victory Medal" to be given every American who took part in the world war, was approved today by Secretary Baker. James E. Frazier, a New York sculptor, designed the medal which will be of bronze about the size of a silver dollar. On the one side will be a figure of Victory, with the inscription "The Great War for Civilization," and on the reverse side the names of the allied and associated powers.

TIP-TOP BREAD

Single Loaf Hygienically Wrapped and Sealed — 10¢

"The American is always a gentleman—"

BALLARD Bifocals — BALLARD Kryptoks

Moved

September 1st, we moved into our new store—105 Peachtree Street, opposite Piedmont Hotel.

Our new fixtures have not arrived, but we are doing business as usual and your needs will be well taken care of. Our shop is in thorough shape to take care of any amount of high class optical prescription work. Our stock is the most complete ever shown in the states—no need of going East, you will find everything here of merit at prices which will interest you.

Walter Ballard Optical Co.

105 Peachtree St. Atlanta Ga.



Mr. Axon

THE CONSTITUTION

ESTABLISHED 1868.

The Standard Southern Newspaper.

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly

CLARK HOWELL

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A BROKEN FAITH!

By adopting a devitalizing "reservation,' which virtually nullifies the peace treaty so far as the United States is concerned, the senate has put this country in the attitude toward its associates in the world war of having made common cause with them in the fighting, and then, in a cowardly, craven, manner, of shirking its part of the responsibility in maintaining the very principles it fought to establish.

When the war ended the terms of peace were agreed upon by all of the victors acting still in unison—terms based upon principles outlined by us in common with our associate nations in the war. We are now put in the position before the whole world of saying to those countries with whom we fought:

"You may go on and enforce the terms of this perce if you want to; but we are going to tuck our tail between our legs, slink away by ourselves, and go to the game of money-grubbing! Our boys have died by the thousands to win the victory that made possible the terms upon which peace was secured; but you must go ahead and enforce those terms if they are to be enforced. So far as we are concerned, we are out for business with both former enemy and former associate! We play no favorites!"

Thank God, with the exception of two senators, one paired for the reservation and one voting with the republican majority for it—that one, unfortunately, a Georgian!—**the hands of the southern section of the country are clean!**

When the test came every southern senator in the chamber, with the exception of one—Senator Smith, of Georgia—who, with only three other anti-Wilson acid-throwers of the president's own party, had joined forces with the solid republican "battalion of death"—stood in his place and defended the cause of right and humanity as our sons had defended it under Prussian gunfire!

If ever there was a reason why America should have gone into that war—why more than 70,000 American young men should have made the supreme sacrifice—and **why 1,700 Georgia boys should have laid down their lives in defense of a principle, then there was still greater reason why the senate of the United States should have voted to sustain the principle for which they fought and died,** and thus to **have sanctified the ghastly sacrifices this country made in behalf of that principle!**

This cowardly and ignominious reservation—which the president said would "cut the heart out of the treaty"—virtually says to the Germans: "So far as the United States is concerned you are at liberty to go ahead at your pleasure or convenience, again ravish Belgium, again override Serbia, again massacre the Rumanians, again invade and trample down the fields of France, if and when you feel so disposed. This country shall not interfere. This country 'assumes no obligation to preserve the territorial integrity or political independence of any other country or to interfere with controversies between nations!"

Every vote cast in favor of the proposal that we wipe our hands of those obligations which we assumed when we entered the war for world liberty—for the proposal that we put our country in the attitude of saying to our former associates in the war that they alone must assume the responsibilities which we ourselves helped to put upon them—was a vote in contradiction of the sacrifces that were made by every American boy who shed his life-blood for his country and for human liberty!

The whole country stood at the shrine of the memory of those boys the other day, and paid solemn tribute to the part they so manfully played in behalf of world freedom and the perpetuation of civilization.

The United States senate now comes along, within the same week and makes official declaration of the fact that those same boys died in vain—that their sacrifices are not worthy of the support of the senate.

One of those boys—now sleeping "'neath the poppies in Flanders field"—speaking for his comrades, said:

We are the dead. Short days ago
We lived—felt Dawn, saw Sunset glow,
Loved and were loved; and now we lie
In Flanders fields.

* * * * *

To you, from failing hands, we throw
The torch: Be yours to hold it high!
If ye break faith with us who die
We shall not sleep, though poppies grow
In Flanders fields!

The senate has shamelessly and ignominiously broken that faith!

THE NEELY PLAN.

Governor Dorsey has issued a proclamation urging farmers and business and professional men throughout the state to attend the cotton conference to be held in Macon next Friday.

This meeting affords a splendid opportunity to duplicate what those interested in the cotton industry did at the recent meeting in Atlanta, when between $100,000 and $500,000 was subscribed toward the financing of the proposed Georgia Cotton Bank and Trust corporation which is being organized to finance the annual cotton crop production as an institution allied with and subsidiary to the American Cotton association.

This is one of the most significant movements ever launched in the south; and it is one with which the cotton planters should identify themselves, for it means more to them than to others.

The plan of the proposed banking corporation was formulated by a man of no less prominence in the agricultural and commercial affairs of the state than R. C. Neely, of Waynesboro.

Mr. Neely is one of the most extensive cotton planters in Burke county the leading cotton-producing county in the state, and he is prominently identified with the mercantile and banking business.

These connections place him in a position to know the cotton business through and through. There is perhaps not a man in Georgia who knows more about cotton and the cotton industry, from the field to the loom, than Mr. Neely.

The suggestion of the necessity of putting into shape such a plan as that now being worked out originated with no less an authority than Governor Harding, of the federal reserve banking system, who declared that something of this kind was necessary to protect the cotton grower and to place him in a position where he would not have to sacrifice his product on a falling market.

Impressed with the importance and the value of that suggestion Mr. Neely set himself to work to see it some such plan could not be evolved. He viewed the situation from the standpoint of a banker, a merchant and a farmer.

He finally formulated the plan which he presented to Governor Dorsey, who, in turn, passed it on to the farmers and business men at the recent meeting in Atlanta, giving Mr. Neely full credit as its author.

That meeting subscribed over $400,000 toward the financing of the plan, and since that time one eastern bank has offered to supply whatever money might be necessary to complete the required fund. It was prompt to see the value of the movement as a remunerative enterprise; but Governor Dorsey turned down its offer because he realized that to serve the farmer **first the movement must be financed by the farmer himself.**

He has received remarkable encouragement throughout the south; and he believes that, based upon the sound principles formulated by Mr. Neely this enterprise can be made to work wonders for the cotton farmers, and for the south.

THEY DESERVE IT.

The Constitution is in receipt of a communication, generally signed from the firemen and policemen of this city, expressive of their appreciation of this newspaper's support of the movement to procure for them a general increase in their salaries; and which movement, we are as glad as they to be able to say, was successful.

We supported that movement for better pay for our policemen and firemen because we believed it was meritorious and right.

Had the request of those faithful servants of the public been unreasonable, The Constitution would have opposed it. But it was in every sense reasonable and just and we accordingly gave it our cordial support.

The laborer is worthy his hire; and certainly there is no servant of a community that deserves greater appreciation, or more liberal consideration, than the men who, day and night—and oftentimes to their own grave peril—stand guard over the lives and property of the people

Just From Georgia

BY FRANK L. STANTON.



The hallelula season
In the old home-place.

Joytime at Home.

I.

Winter time in Georgia—
We're singin of its praise.
Wind that shakes the shutter,
But the fire's on the blaze

II.

The barns are piled with Plenty—
Home-folks sayin' grace

III.

Winter time in Georgia
Joy's own time an' chance;
Hear the fiddle's music?
The girls have come to dance!

* * * * *

Georgia Philosophy.

The Columbus Enquirer-Sun man preaches to this purpose:

"All things are high to the fellow who doesn't produce them.

"The first day of next January will usher in a big waterways convention.

"This world abounds in idiots, but the greatest of these is the man who argues with his wife.

"Some people would have a great deal less money in the bank if they were not getting something for nothing.

"Human nature is very strange When you are tired you are overworked, but when the other fellow is tired, he is lazy."

* * * * *

His Christmas Message.

I.

Ole Man Sandy Claus
Fixin' fer ter come,
Gwine ter give de li'l' boy
Tin ho'n an' drum.

II.

Ole Man Sandy Claus,
What I say ter you:
Don't fergit de ole folks—
Dey's lookin' fer you, too!

* * * * *

As Harve Sees It.

In the days of old, says Harve Parsons, the dance was not particularly hard on the wind, but the present style calls for robust youth The dance, in its latest stage, is performed thusly: Youth grabs damsel in a half Nelson, while she pokes her ear in his vest pocket; then, walking pigeon-toed with 28-inch stride, he pushes her backward around the hall until the music stops, whereat he comes out of the clutch long enough to demand a return match.—Hutchinson Gazette.

* * * * *

Counting Troubles.

If you stop to count your troubles,
You'll drink a bitter cup—
The world goes on an' leaves you,
An' you can't catch up.
You'd better whistle on the way
An' give the world a glad hooray!

* * * * *

Look for Warm Welcome.

Last night Evangelist Scoville spoke on the Bible hell. Mr. Delosa Smith sang a solo, "We Will Meet You There."—Cedar Rapids Gazette.

* * * * *

For the Morning Song.

When the bright day comes it don't stay long, but it gives you time for the Mornin' song; and you'd better rise when it lights the skies and the road you have to travel.

* * * * *

Thanksgiving Country.

In the country of Thanksgivin',
Findin' lots o' joy in livin',
An', for all that's out o' place,
Still the world's a friend to grace.
Blessings all around—above us,
Homey rest, an' hearts to love us.

"In the Day's News."

Ex-King Manuel II., in whose interest a strong monarchist movement is reported to have developed in Portugal, will quietly celebrate his 30th birthday today on the estate in England where he has resided since he lost his throne. So far as the public is aware he has expressed no desire to change his present lot, which is that of an English country gentleman and chicken farmer, for the strenuous and uncertain life of a king. Manuel was born the day his relative, Dom Pedro II., was deposed from the throne of Brazil. His own succession to the throne of Portugal was the result of the assassination of his father and elder brother. The revolution in 1910 put an end to the monarchy, and Manuel escaped to England. He belongs to the house of Braganza, which dates from the end of the fourteenth century. His mother, Queen Marie Amalia, who also resides in England, was an Orleans princess, daughter of the count of Persia.

From Here and There.

Savings banks were invented by a clergyman.

Tokio has more than thirty daily newspapers.

The Bible contains no words or names of more than six syllables.

The oldest known English picture is one of Chaucer, painted in 1580.

Amber is found in various colors besides yellow—black, white, brown and green.

In proportion to its size, Belgium has more miles of railway than any other country.

The human brain usually stops growing at about fifty, and from sixty to seventy its tendency is to decrease in size.

Of the twenty-odd million acres which comprise Ireland, nearly one-seventh are barren, being mountain, turf, bog or marsh.

Kilkenny Castle is one of the oldest inhabited houses in the world, many of its rooms being much as they were 600 years ago.

A peculiar fact about the banana is that no insect will attack it, and another is that it is immune from the diseases that fruits are subject to.

When a man in Denmark is found so drunk as to require medical attention the doctor's bill must be paid by the proprietor of the tavern where the inebriate obtained his last drink.

A favorite mode of suicide among the African tribes who dwell near Lake Nyassa is to wade into the lake and there calmly wait for a man-eating crocodile to come and finish the job.

Seen and Heard in Washington

The New Jersey Election Analyzed and Put Up by Mr. Hollomon as More Than an Offset for Kentucky—Some of the Abortive Methods Resorted to in Attempts at Promoting Hyphenism.

BY JAMES A. HOLLOMON

Washington, November 14.—(Special.)—The republicans are crowing so much about having overturned a rock-ribbed democratic statike Kentucky, but, for the love of Mike, how about New Jersey? I have before me, issued today, one of the republican committees' stereotyped articles about the "breaking of the solid south," and so on, claiming it as a "repudiation of Wilsonism," and yet in the so-called analysis of the off-year election the story of New Jersey is very adroitly omitted. Let me analyze some, and then see how the thing stands.

In 1916 Mr. Hughes, republican, carried New Jersey by approximately 58,000, and in the same year Senator Freylinhuysen—the name itself is enough to kill him—carried it by 74,000. He, too, is a republican. In 1918, during the war and when the republicans had already begun to nag, embarrass and otherwise hamper a democratic administration Governor Edge, republican, was elected United States senator by only 24,000 majority, the republicans losing a clean 50,000 votes in the two years. Now comes the election of 1919, wiping out the republican majority entirely and swinging the state—as normally republican, and more so, as Kentucky is normally democratic—into the democratic column.

Where is there any ground for crowing about Kentucky? The net losses are republican, anyway it is figured.

* * * * *

But that is not all.

The republican leaders, purposely and deliberately, injected national politics into the New Jersey campaign. On the 15th of October Chairman Will Hays, of the republican national committee, said in a letter addressed to the republican state chairman that republican national success could "only be certain by the accomplishment in every state of each step in republican victory as it can be taken."

"Let the republican victory be so overwhelming," Mr. Hays added, "that from New Jersey will go a voice reassuring the nation in most emphatic terms that the republican party is moving unfalteringly into that complete control which the people want."

In the same letter Mr. Hayes appealed for the election of the republican gubernatorial candidate in New Jersey because his success would contribute to the triumph of republican national policies.

Senator Frelinghuysen in a statement said:

"To vote for the democratic ticket in New Jersey means a repudiation of the republican party, and asked for a vote of confidence for the republican leadership.

To intensify this statement it is only necessary to add that Senators Harding, of Ohio; Watson, of Indiana; McCormick, of Illinois, and other republican statesmen, including Representative Wood, of Indiana, canvassed New Jersey in behalf of the republican cause.

These are matters of public record and they cannot get from under them.

Governor-elect Edwards based his campaign upon national issues. From the very beginning he declared that he stood squarely on the national and international policies advocated by President Wilson; that he favored the peace treaty, incorporating the league of nations, without amendments or reservations, and also he favored a complete and unqualified and whole-hearted indorsement of the national democratic administration. He was overwhelmingly elected, over-riding a rock-ribbed republican majority on that basis.

* * * * *

One of the remarkable developments of the New Jersey contest was the effort of republican leaders—"abortive" hardly condemns it sufficiently—to induce the Italian voters, and New Jersey has many of them, to vote the republican ticket as a personal rebuke to President Wilson. Of course, the sinister arguments put forth need not be gone into here. The organization known as the Italian-American republican executive committee, owned and operated and controlled and financed by the state committee, issued an appeal to the Italians in the language of their birth, urging support of the republican candidate and closing with the striking exhortation—

"Choose between the democratic party with Wilson and the republican party with d'Annunzio."

From the returns it is very evident they followed the advice, but chose the "democratic party with Wilson."

The failure of such an appeal, by the way, commends itself to general attention in that it serves or should serve as a warning to political leaders who seek to arouse national prejudices, and promote the development of hyphenism.

* * * * *

Going further into this New Jersey analysis—

Speaking of the prime issue in the contest, The Newark News, the leading independent daily newspaper of New Jersey, says:

"This issue was the issue of the repudiation of the league of nations. By inviting Senators Borah and Johnson here, two of the most irreconcilable league wreckers; by the statements of Edward Casper Stokes, republican state chairman, the voters were informed that an attempt had been made to inject a national issue into the campaign and the republicans at Washington and in the state would count the election of Mr. Bugbee (republican gubernatorial candidate) as an approval of the senate's course toward the treaty and a forecast for 1920. Mr. Stokes went so far as to say that on this issue he would concede 1920 if Edwards (democrat) was elected. Senator Frelinghuysen, through Bugbee, campaigned here for support of his attitude of opposition.

"They have their answer, which they can carry to the obstructionist republicans in the senate. They cannot now dodge that as an issue, because they made it an issue, and it made votes—for Edwards. Neither the issues of personality, nor prohibition, nor the public service as presented, are quite sufficient, wholly by themselves, to account for such an overturn in a distinctly republican state. Mr. Stokes and the republicans in the senate raised the point that helped to decide the indifferent and unconvinced."

So, after all, republican pie-hunters and lukewarm or anti-Wilson democrats in the south who see a republican victory in 1920 forecast by the Kentucky results have another guess coming. Look at New Jersey! Study the election results there as I have stated them and call in the bets.

* * * * *

And as to Kentucky, why, bless your life, there was not a single national issue injected into that campaign. It was fought out purely on local lines. Republican National Committeeman Hert, of that state, is my authority. Above his own name, in a signed statement, he declared the league of nations did not enter into the contest. So that disposes of that. The light vote in rural Kentucky is what did it, as the state is always close, but that is neither here nor there. It went republican in a state election. Till bet a dollar to a doughnut it will not go republican in a national election.

:: Men and Business ::

By RICHARD SPILLANE

A reader sends a copy of an editorial from Saward's Journal, which, under the heading "Riding for a Fall—Labor Will Get an Awful Jolt When Capital Goes on Strike," says:

"There are two ways of bringing down the cost of living. One is for the people to work harder and save more, so the production will eventually catch up with the demand and prices will decline through the operation of economic laws. The other way is to keep on striking for higher wages and shorter hours until capital goes on a strike.

"A panic is nothing more or less than a strike of capital. Owners of securities decide their investments are no longer saft and throw them overboard. Depositors start a run on banks, and the banks are obliged to call their loans. Business paralysis sets in; factories and mines close and soup kitchens spring up.

"Prices come tumbling down and so do wages. Men go round begging for any kind of a job, instead of demanding more mone money for less work. When there are several applicants for a job wages will come down just as surely as they advance when conditions are reversed. Hot air from labor leaders may cause a well-paid workman to strike, but it will not prevent a hungry and penniless man from taking less than the union wage in order to feed himself and his family.

"A man who has tramped the streets for weary months looking for work is very meek and modest when he finally sees the chance for a job. He is not apt to quibble over wages and hours, just so long as the job will enable him to pay the rent and renew business relations with the grocer and butcher. Moreover, he is going to work hard, so the boss won't fire him and hire one of the other tired and hungry men who come around every day begging for a job.

Many employers believe this is the way the present labor unrest will finally be cured—by panic and hard times. The more intelligent labor leaders are beginning to fear as much. But the rank and file of the workers do not realize that they may be riding for a fall.

That is what the Indians call bad medicine. We do not want panics or hard times. We do not want capital to go on strike. There would be few, if any panics or hard times or strikes if capital and labor worked in harmony.

A strike of capital is unthinkable. It is no more to be condoned than a strike of labor. Strikes do not cure. They recrudesce when the cause is not removed.

Somebody has said he wouldn't spank a bad-tempered child.

"Well, what would you do?" he was asked.

"Spank the parent," he replied.

Something of the same philosophy is in the theory of Samuel M. Vauclain. He does not believe in time-clocking his army of men to see they are not late in getting to work. Neither does he require them to come in by certain gates.

"But what do you do if men come late?" he was asked.

"Fire the foreman," he replied.

He is right. A foreman or boss of any kind is paid to exercise leadership, give direction to those under him develop a spirit of faithfulness and good service.

A slack force indicates a slack boss.

The greatest trouble in connection with the solution of the labor problem is that people persist in giving all their attention to the effect, while they ignore the cause. It is like using face powder to overcome a blood impurity.

* * * * *

The insurance company president was talking.

"I see," said he, "a man long reported dead has been found in the mountains in Central America, broken physically, ragged, emaciated a human wreck. His people were to collect his life insurance and he had been in hiding until they got the money and he thought it safe to come back.

"Queer things are done to swindle us. The picturesque and romantic side of our business doesn't get the attention from writers it warrants. Take the Hunter case, for instance. Hunter had a $25,000 policy in our company. He lived in west Texas, near the Pecos. He rode away one day from his ranch house and didn't come back. His horse did, however. It was reported Hunter was drowned in the river. There was no proof. It was hinted he was murdered. There was no proof.

"'Every effort' was made to unravel the mystery of his disappearance, but without avail. He was a man of fair prominence. The case commanded a good deal of notice. In course of time the heirs put in a claim for his life insurance. We were not satisfied he was dead, although we had no evidence that he was not. An insurance company has to be extremely careful in order to protect itself. Generally, if a person is missing seven years a company assumes the man is dead and pays the claim.

"But the Hunter heirs sued and we had to answer. The case went from court to court until finally it reached the supreme court of the United States. There the argument for the Hunter claimants was made by a United States senator from Texas. The court decided against us, four to three, and we settled. With legal fees, the case cost us $50,000.

"That ended it, we supposed, but it didn't. We had an agent who kept the Hunter case in his mind morning, noon and night. It was an obsession with him.

"He had collected every photograph of Hunter he could obtain. He believed Hunter was alive and some day he would find him.

"Now, he never had seen Hunter and the case had been settled and forgotten and years had passed when, one day in Birmingham, Ala., our man went into a barber shop, and, after taking one look at a gentleman in one of the chairs getting a shave, rushed out and got a policeman.

"The man in the barber chair was Hunter. He slept in jail that night.

"But he didn't sleep there the next night. Not much. He retained a lawyer, who got him released and immediately filed suit against us for false arrest.

"And we had a deuce of a time settling it, too, for he had a good case. He was not a party to the suit against us on the insurance policy. He simply has disappeared, as many men disappear, because they are not happy in their home life. Our agent had been precipitate in his arrest. His error cost us some money.

"We thought when we settled with Hunter on the false arrest suit that surely ended the case, but there still was another development.

"I told you the argument for Hunter's heirs' in the supreme court of the United States was made by a United States senator. Well, one day I got a letter, and it was from this senator. It was a plain, simple statement. It said that when he made his plea to the supreme court justices he believed fully that Hunter was dead and that the claim had every element of right in it. He had just heard of the discovery of Hunter in Birmingham and he was astonished at the news. For the argument in court he had received $1,000. In light of what he had learned he could not retain this money, so he desired to turn it over to us and to express his regret that he had been a party to causing us heavy loss. With the letter was his check for $1,000."

"Who was the senator?" the insurance president was asked.

"Charles A. Culberson," he replied.

HEALTH TALKS

By WILLIAM BRADY, M. D.

MUSCLE SENSE AND MUSCLE ANARCHY. (S)

A normal individual has not only control over his voluntary muscles, making them rest or work as he wills, but he has a peculiar muscle sense which enables him to know exactly what position any muscle is in even though the limb is moved in various ways by another while the individual's eyes are closed or blindfolded. In locomotor ataxia this muscle sense is conspicuously feeble or lost, so that one of the earlier symptoms in many cases is inability of the patient to tell what posture a limb has been given if his eyes are covered. Loss of the muscle sense explains the peculiar clumsiness and difficulty in moving about in the dark which sometimes troubles a victim of locomotor ataxia long before he realizes that there is any serious trouble. It explains also the characteristic swaying of the patient when he closes his eyes while standing erect with feet together. It explains his awkwardness in finding the tip of his nose with his forefinger tip quickly and accurately with the eyes closed.

But the enfeebled muscle sense may be greatly strengthened by suitable exercise, with the result that the individual's control over his muscular activities improves remarkably.

It is a very suggestive fact, appointed out by Dr. Maloney, whose work on muscle re-education for tabetics has been such a boon to victims of ataxia, that tabetics who are blind do not become so ataxic as tabetics who have good vision, that is, they preserve better muscle sense and their movements are not so uncertain or awkward. On this observation Dr. Maloney based his recommendation that persons with locomotor ataxia should carry out systematic muscle-re-education exercises blindfolded.

One of the simplest and most helpful of these exercises consists in walking, or even in creeping on hands and knees up and down a strip of linoleum for a given number of times three times a day. As the blindfolded patient improves his performance, that is, learns through muscle sense and other visual guidance to follow a fairly straight and unbroken course, the width of the linoleum strip is gradually lessened from time to time, until ultimately a strip eight inches wide can be walked. Of course such exercise is done barefooted, but pads may be worn on the knees for creeping. It is essential that there be no curious spectators or other persons present who are not in complete sympathy with the patient, and that the patient devote his thought strictly to his movements and strive to feel every sensation that accompanies the movements so that he may develop more muscle sense and suffer less from muscle anarchy.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Blame It on Ma.

My son of sixteen blames me because he has a goitre and round shoulders. His goitre is small, but he is afraid it will grow big and he is doing all he can to get rid of it. I rub it with lard nearly every night. Can you give me some advice? (Mrs. F. G.)

ANSWER.—He should eat any available sea food, preferably fresh, but canned or salt fish if fresh sea fish is not available. Something of this kind three days a week. A useful and comparatively harmless remedy which has prevented and cured mild goitre in many school children is sodium iodide. A tablet of three grains of this may be dissolved in the drinking water, say a quart, which the child takes each day, or preferably in two quarts of water if the child will take that much, and continued for a month. More than three grains daily would not be more helpful and might produce undesirable effects. Rubbing lard on a goitre is wasting food.

Wetting the Bed.

Would you kindly tell me what I should do for my boy who is 8 years old and still wets the bed. He is healthy and never wakes in the night unless I awaken him. (M. S.)

ANSWER.—The important thing is to discipline the boy, but never to punish or censure or embarrass him. Friendly discipline, if persevered with for a reasonable time, will overcome bedwetting in most cases. Detail suggestions how to carry this out will be sent on receipt of a stamped addressed envelope.

Fifty Cents Per Mole.

Could you please tell me any way I can remove small moles from my face? I have 37 of them. I went to beauty specialist who wants 50 cents apiece for removing them. That seems pretty steep. (S. M.)

ANSWER.—The electric needle, applied by a physician, not a "beauty specialist," is probably the best method. Carbon dioxide snow, also applied by a physician, is useful for destroying larger moles. Heavy and deeply colored moles are successfully removed by radium treatment, by a physician or surgeon. "Beauty parlor" surgery is expensive at any price.

Dr. Brady will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. Writers names are never printed. Only inquiries of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in full and a stamped, self-addressed envelope is enclosed. Requests for diagnosis or treatment of individual cases cannot be considered. Address Dr. William Brady in care of The Constitution.

MY SONG AND I.

(For the Constitution.)

My song and I, when April's all a-quiver,
Fare forth to find some shy, untrodden place,
Often along the quiet, dreaming river,
With Spring's new glory fresh upon our face:—
Fair fields below, above, the bluest sky
As we go forth, my song and I.

Sometimes we meet a beggar on the way
Needy of alms in plenteous world like this,
And forth to him our scanty coins we pay
And then behold the space is filled with bliss
Adown the vale and up to yonder sky
As we fare forth, my song and I.

Somehow, the tulip burns a deeper red,
The rose has shyer sweetness in its face:—
I feel a deeper blessing rest upon my head
And more of God and Joy in every place:
Where'er our path may lead, both low and high
As we go forth, my song and I.

When twilight leans from out the blue and slips
Its nameless glow upon the sunset there,
The face of Gladness lifts her ruddy lips
For us to kiss—Ah! face surpassing fair!
God's glory seems forever passing by
As we go forth, my song and I.
—H. E. HARMAN.

One Year Ago Today in War

American airmen landed in Cologne.

Former German crown prince was interned at Laestricht.

German people appealed to President Wilson to save them from starvation and anarchy.

The Destructive Power of a Feeble Minority

BY NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS



An official in Washington has just given out a warning as to the gold now being spent by enemies to promote the overthrow by force of our government. With the note of authority this man asserts that the treasure belonging to the Russian government that was seized by the bolshevists is being used to finance the agents of revolution now working in every country, and particularly in Italy and the United States. To many Americans our institutons are so firmly founded, our prosperity so great, as to make these enemies seem contemptible and utterly impotent. There is one consideration, however, that gives pause to the thoughtful patriots.

It is a striking fact that a feeble and contemptible minority fomented and carried on the French revolution. History shows that out of nearly twenty millions of people in France there were not over twenty thousand active revolutionists. Right through the French revolution the farmers were opening the furrows, sowing the seed and reaping the harvest. The husbandmen were tending their vineyards, trimming their vines and ripening the wines. The bricklayers were burning tile, the carpenters were repairing and building houses, the woodsmen were busy in the forests, the miners were digging the coal, the spinners were in the silk and woolen mills and the merchants were buying and selling. Meanwhile, there were a few thousand revolutionists organizing the red terror movement in south France. In and about Paris were ten thousand active revolutionists, headed by men under the influence of Mirabeau and Marat, Danton and Robespierre. These agitators filled the public eye. But there were only six thousand revolutionists in the mob that sacked the Tuileries. There were only a few thousand people in Paris that witnessed the beheading of Louis XVI. When the judge pronounced sentence upon the Widow Capet and Marie Antoinette was driven toward the place of execution the crowds filled the sidewalks for four blocks and pressed around the guillotine. Not until the papers announced it the next morning did the people of Paris know what had taken place.

Yesterday's news contained the account of the cyclone in the southwest. That tornado destroyed twenty or thirty houses. It cut a path twenty rods wide. Meanwhile all of the rest of the three thousand miles of farms and factories and towns and cities between the Atlantic and Pacific were untouched and the people went forward, quietly fulfilling their tasks. Behold how great a place that little tornado filled! Not otherwise was it with the most drastic events in the history of the French revolution. Ninety-nine percent of the French people did not even know what had taken place in Paris until weeks after the event. There was one little cyclonic center, one tornado-like point, around which the forces of destruction moved. At no time was there more than a score of guiding revolutionary spirits. These few inflamed and organized twenty or thirty thousand savage followers.—who sharpened spears, ground charcoal for powder, lighted torches and brought about the death of some ten thousand people.

Take that little handful of malignant and powerful leaders out of the year 1789 and there would have been a political reformation in France accomplished by orderly processes. It has not escaped the attention of historians that the mob that has lost its leader soon disintegrates and becomes an impotent multitude. That member of parliament who but yesterday recounted in the house of commons his experiences in Russia during the era of bolshevism observed that the revolution had its power through one of the most skilful demogagues and leaders in the art of inflaming passion known to history—Trotsky—and that without Trotsky and one or two of his associates the Russians under Kerensky would have slowly righted the wrongs of the old regime. All this should fix the thought of Americans upon the influence of these radicals who are negligent in number, but fully competent to light a spark that will become a conflagration. The bolshevists in the United States are like the revolutionists of France in number, but fully equal to the exploding of hidden dynamite.

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Bits of New York Life

BY O. O. M'INTYRE

New York.—The Manhattan Night Toilers number in the thousands. You may see them going to work about 6 in the evening and at 11 at night. They are easily spotted. There is an indefinable something about them that explains to the world that they are sun dodgers.

The cafeterias and quick lunch rooms are crowded with them at midnight. Some day a statistics hound who has made enough in the dried fruit business and can devote his dotage to chasing trick figures will have gathered for him the number of men who work while the nine-to-fivers sit up with a toothache or sleep.

He will be shown also that 64 per cent of the night-time employees and bosses wear worried looks, like men who are constantly and ineffectually trying to convince wives that they ought to be allowed to continue to work while the date changes.

Getting out a newspaper requires reporters who begin deserting Park Row about 11 or 12 o'clock at night, while inside the offices the copy readers mull over their yarns. A copy reader is a man who cuts all the good stuff out of a reporter's story. He also writes headlines.

These copy readers go home about 2 a. m.—at least a few of them do and the rest are supposed to. One or two in each office remain until 4, in case something or somebody of importance should be blown up. The compositors and printers stay until 4 o'clock.

The night forces in the large hotels like the Pennsylvania, Commodore and McAlpin form a great army of night toilers. The all-night restaurants and drug stores and subway workers another large army. One of the strange things about night work is its impetus toward longevity. In the recent flu epidemic a doctor discovered that the night workers were practically untouched and those who were recovered quickly.

At last The New York Morning Sun has broken a hard and fast rule and permitted a cartoon to enter its sacred pages. Frank A. Munsey has for years been a cartoon atheist. He permitted them in The Evening Sun for awhile and then suddenly put up the barrier. Now The Morning Sun has a daily cartoon. H. T. Webster is the cartoonist who has the honor of breaking the Sun's rule against cartoonists.

There are all kinds of ways to have an apartment on Fifth avenue. Some go down in Wall street and make a few quick turns and land on the avenue and others do not arrive by such quick strides. But the "window sellers" seem to have the bulge on all. Many women and some men have made the entire rent for a year merely by selling window space to the populace who wish to see the New York parades—all of which go up Fifth avenue. "Window space" sometimes sells as high as $10 per person.

A well-known Hoosier novelist was talking the other day about the tendency of children in this generation to think of garbage as something extremely ludicrous. He quoted a remark his son had made about garbage to illustrate the point.

There are no alleys in New York and the novelist was pained to find the garbage can set out in front of the stone bungalows and brown fronts to be snatched away municipally.

"Back on the old Indiana farm," he said over an after-dinner cigar, "I did not think garbage funny, for after I had chopped wood, carried in water and curried a few horses it was my duty to carry the kitchen slop to the pigs. That is why I grew up to be a great strong man—and a power for evil in the nation."

And then with a tear struggling for expression he sighed: "Slop and the world slops with you; weep and they turn and go; for the carrots we wasted yesterday, to the deep pure ocean go."

TODAY'S TALK

BY GEORGE MATTHEW ADAMS

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Absorption in One's Work.

When universal work shall become the habit in the world, there will be no ned of any agency for the prevention of wars, intrigues and crimes, whether national or personal.

Absorption in one's work is the cure for almost every ill imaginable.

It is fine to have ideals, and to be good in one's aims—but a greater thing by far is to work out through the powers for work which we possess, the practical application of those things which are near and dear to us in their effect upon society as a whole.

The everlasting greatness of Theodore Roosevelt will always rest upon the fact that he put his ideals to work with every ounce of energy which he possessed. And he was so absorbed in the things for which he stood that his personal life became secondary to them.

Happiness is found in work.

The love of one's work must come first as above everything. Just the minute that work is dominated by the desire for the reward that it brings, then does work lose its controlling genius over great character formation.

The greatest thing that you can teach a child—is to work.

Work is patriotism, honor, righteousness, justice, kindness, consideration honesty—and a thing that exalteth human beings as it does nations. Without it, every prop which holds society secure would fall and all life would be a chaos of ruin and despair.

Work—and work with all your heart and ability. And all things are bound to work for you because you work.

Today's Anniversaries.

1807—Peter H. Burnett, first state governor of California, born at Nashville, Tenn. Died at San Francisco May 16, 1895.

1813—An uprising took place in Holland against the French.

1857—James Hamilton, Jr., governor of South Carolina and the official head of the nullification party, died in Texas. Born at Charleston, S. C., May 8, 1786.

1869—Emperor of Austria and other notables arrived at Port Said for the opening of the Suez canal.

1894—Queen Victoria received a deputation from the queen of Swaziland.

1906—President Roosevelt visited the city of Panama, the first time a president of the United States passed beyond the jurisdiction of its flag.

1914—The Russians advanced upon Cracow.

Today's Birthdays.

Sir John Aird, one of the eminent financial leaders of Canada, born in Quebec 64 years ago today.

James O'Neill, a popular veteran of the American stage, born in Kilkenny, Ireland, 70 years ago today.

Charles E. Merriam, university professor and several times candidate for mayor of Chicago, born at Hopkinton, Iowa, 45 years ago today.

Today's Events.

The republic of Brazil celebrates its thirtieth anniversary today.

The Florida State fair will open at Jacksonville today for an engagement of two weeks.

A "victory dinner" to celebrate national prohibition is to be given in St. Louis tonight in connection with the national W. C. T. U. convention.

The problems of the Czecho-Slovaks in the United States are to be discussed at a congress of representatives of the race in America which has been called to meet today at Chicago.

The name "Omaha," in honor of the Nebraskan metropolis, is to be bestowed on a 9,600-ton freighter of the United States shipping board, which is to be launched today at Wilmington, N. C.

A notable wedding today will be that of Miss Ruth Rea, daughter of Samuel Rea, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, and Lieutenant Commander George B. Junkins, which will take place at the Rea country home at Bryn Mawr, Pa.

As part of a campaign to spread the gospel of public ownership of public utilities—including mines, railroads and packing plants—a conference will assemble in Chicago today under the auspices of the Public Ownership League of America.

"Motor to the country and fill your market baskets!" is to be the slogan of "Farm to Table week," which is to be observed throughout the United States during the week beginning today.

Red Cross Campaign Over But Large Subscriptions To Fund Still Expected

Headquarters in Chamber of Commerce Building Closed and Clerical Organization for Drive Is Disbanded.

CHAIRMAN ALEX SMITH GIVES OUT STATEMENT

Subscriptions and Applications for Membership Will Be Received by R. M. Cook, 414 Chamber of Commerce.

Although, in the sense that subscriptions can still be made and that the executive committee earnestly hopes they will be made, the third Red Cross roll call is still on in Atlanta, nevertheless the headquarters in the Chamber of Commerce building have been closed and the clerical organization has been disbanded.

With considerably over the required 26,000 of dollar membership subscriptions in hand, the special war fund is yet far from the complete quota. Latest figures show a little less than $15,000 of the required $34,000 received.

Therefore, subscriptions, which for various good reasons have been delayed in coming in, will still be received through the mails or through the treasurer, R. M. Cook, at 414 Chamber of Commerce building.

Statement by Smith.

With extreme gratitude to all who have so willingly worked for the cause during the ten-day campaign just closed, the executive committee decided upon the above arrangements at a meeting held Friday at noon. At the close of the meeting, Chairman Alex Smith gave out the following statement:

To the Public: By direction of the executive committee I announce that the clerical organization of the third Red Cross roll call has been discontinued. Its function was to afford opportunity to the people to answer the call, and to further continue it would involve unnecessary expense, which the Red Cross always avoids—the opinion of an infinitessimal few to the contrary notwithstanding.

I report membership subscriptions to date of $26,554, and war fund, $14,625.50. It is reasonably certain the membership will exceed thirty thousand and large additions to the war fund are on the way, delayed only by causes which are unavoidable. Hence both lists will remain open as long as responses continue.

This campaign has not been a "salesman's" job. If so it would have failed. Its success is due to the "pull" of the great cause itself. The war fund allotment has not been fully understood and the time was too short to clear it up. The reason for this call lies in the ambition of the Red Cross to live up to its achievement, best expressed by a wounded colored soldier, who said: "Whar dar's need, dar's de Red Cross."

The committee is grateful to the public for the fine support given under the stress of other demands. A typical example of the spirit of intelligent people toward the Red Cross was afforded today by one of our prominent citizens, whose patriotism and civic loyalty has never flagged in all Atlanta's history. He duplicated his bank's subscription with his personal check and wrote, "The good work appeals to me. I am glad that you are interested in such a noble movement."

This same spirit is moving numbers of others to add to the war fund in amounts both large and small, and it is not at all certain Atlanta's quota will not yet be fully made up. For this purpose the treasurer will keep the books open and carefully record and acknowledge all subscriptions and applications for membership addressed to him, R. M. Cook, 414 Chamber of Commerce. Team captains and workers, still on the job, will likewise kindly report to him or to me and turn over their unused supplies.

For the uniform courtesy and cheerful co-operation of all the workers and contributors, and especially the Indies, the soldiers and sailors, the American Legion, the Rotarians, Kiwanis, the Ad Men's club, the Girls' Overseas club, the Metropolitan Life Insurance solicitors, the heads of houses employing clerical and labor forces, and above all the press and the reporters, the executive staff extends its most hearty thanks.

Respectfully,
ALEX W. SMITH, Chairman.
November 14, 1919.

Many Subscriptions.

Subscriptions continued to come in on Friday and many names were added to the honor roll of those who have given 25 per cent or more of their last year's subscription.

The money given to the Red Cross, the executive committee asked that it be stated will go toward actual relief work. The Red Cross funds and expenses are audited by the United States government and during the war the Red Cross made the remarkable record of spending $1.20 for every dollar received.

Because the negroes of Atlanta were not organized in time for the Roll Call, Seymour Carroll, a prominent colored citizen, has been appointed to stage a special roll call for the colored people. The Red Cross has helped thousands of negro soldiers and their families right here in Atlanta, and it is believed the colored people of Atlanta will show their appreciation of this fact. So far it is estimated that $50 has been spent by the Red Cross for negroes in Atlanta for every $1 negroes have given the cause, chiefly because the negroes have not had the opportunity to contribute. With a special roll call staged for them, the excutive committe in confident they will make up this difference in large degree.

Names on Honor Roll.

New names added to the honor roll on Friday included the following:

Mrs. Lee Ashcraft, Adair & McCarty Bros., Atlanta National bank, Atlanta Utility Works, Atlanta Paper company, Atlantic Ice and Coal corporation, Atlanta Leather company, Atlanta Coca-Cola Bottling company, George L. Austin, J. F. Alexander, Atlanta Casket company, Atlanta Cadillac company.

J. Epps Brown, Joseph Q. Barton, Jr., E. Basil.

R. O. Campbell Coal company, R. L. Cooney, Citizens' and Southern bank, Dr. W. L. Champion, Childs company.

R. C. DeSaussure.

Ellis Cotton company, Captain J. W. English.

Fulton National bank, Fourth National bank.

Vernon Hall, George Hillyer.

C. H. Johnson.

Arthur Montgomery, Grover Megahee.

Nunnally company.

Parks-Chambers-Hardwick company, G. S. Prior.

F. S. Royster Guano company, John H. Raines, S. P. Richards company, A. M. Robinson company, L. W. Rogers company.

Victor Lamar Smith, Marion Smith, F. O. Stone Baking company.

J. M. Tull.

Webb & Vary, George F. Willis.

Correctly Graded Diamonds— Write for Selection

Diamonds sold by us are tagged in plain figures.

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Established 1887

FIFTY DENTISTS WANTED IN U. S. HEALTH SERVICE

Ex-Soldiers and Sailors to Be Given Preference in Filling Vacancies.

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, Novmeber 14.—Fifty dentists are wanted at once by the United States public health service to fill existing vacancies, according to an announcement of the office of the assistant secretary of war, who nas just bee nadvised of these opportunities, which, if possible, are to be filled by honorably discharged soldiers and sailors.

The successful applicants for the positions will be commissioned as first lieutenants and captains in the United States public health service, the announcement adds, and will receive pay at the same rate, plus allowances for commutation, etc., as do officers of corresponding grades in the army.

Those who are desirous of appointments are notified to make applications immediately to the surgeon general of the United States public health service (attention of the dental section), Washington, D. C.

AGREEMENT IS NEAR WITH RAILWAY UNIONS

Washington, November 14.—Conferees, representing the railroad administration and heads of the four great railroad brotherhoods, on the latter's demands for revision of employees' working conditions, appeared confident tonight they would complete their work tomorrow.

Today's session, the fifth, was said to have developed no difficulties of importance further than the question of time and a half for overtime of trainmen in road service, which still remained unsettled.

Minor differences, railroad administration officials said, have been practically all disposed of and tentative conclusions have been reached on most of the more important issues. These same officials, however, admitted that not infrequently in such conferences, smooth running machinery suddenly has gone awry, but they hastened to explain that they anticipated nothing of the sort in the present sessions.

Questions of wages, which, at first, were not involved in the direct demands, were said to have cropped up in recent sessions and were brought in again today. Neither side believed the differences on wages would precipitate prolonged difficulties, however. Mr. Hines was said to have stood steadfastly by his previous declaration that no general advance in wages could be given serious consideration owing to the imminent return of the roads to private operation.

ROOSEVELT ASKED TO ATTEND GREAT MEET AT SAVANNAH

Savannah, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Lieutenant Colonel Theodore Roosevelt has been invited to attend the coming sessions of the Southern Commercial Congress, to be held in Savannah early in December. It is expected that he will be present. His father was one of the leading spirits in the organization eleven years ago in Washington.

Dr. Charles J. Owens, director general of the congress, is in Savannah and is arranging the details of the coming meeting. Florida Senator Duncan U. Fletcher will make one of the chief addresses on "the south's part in the restoration of the American merchant marine."

CHINESE NOT FAVORED BY WAR DEPARTMENT

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, November 14.—The secretary of war announces that it appears some of the courts exercising naturalization jurisdiction have held that the words "any aliens" as used in the naturalization law of May 9, 1918, are all inclusive and have, therefore, naturalized Chinese who served in the army of the United States during the world war; other courts have taken the contrary view.

The war department appreciates the honest and faithful services of the men in question, but in view of the attitude of congress on the subject of Mongolian immigration consistently maintained for a long period of time, and since the matter is in its larger aspects one of national policy outside of the jurisdiction of the war department, it feels that it cannot request the legislation as suggested.

NO EARLY TRIALS FOR BRADSTREETS

Judge John B. Hutcheson Intimates That He Will Refuse to Call Special Session of Court.

It is not likely that there will be a special session of the Campbell county grand jury called to take up the cases of William E. Green, Clarence Bradstreet and Mrs. Catherine Bradstreet, and Robert Ellison, the negro chauffeur, charged with embezzlement of the Fairburn Banking company.

A request for this session has been made of Judge John B. Hutcheson, of the Stone Mountain circuit, he stated Friday night, but he did not express himself as of the opinion that the session would be called.

"There does not seem to me to be a demand for it," said the judge. "There is a regular session on the first Monday in February, and the call for haste in the matter does not seem to warrant a special session. .

May Not Call Special Session.

"I have not called a special session, and do not think that I will. There is a great deal of work to be done between now and the time for the February session. Next week I have court at Rockdale, and the DeKalb session that convenes soon after will last well up until the Christmas holidays.

"Regardless of all that, however, I see no reason why the case has particular qualifications that make haste at all necessary."

It was predicted that this special session of the grand jury would do away with the commitment hearing that has been in postponement for some time. If the grand jury should have indicted in a special session, the probability is that a special session of the superior court would have been called, thereby eliminating the necessity of the commitment hearing.

The improbability of a special session, however, still leaves the possibility for the commitment hearing of the defendants before Justice Homer McDaniel, in Fairburn, for which a date has not yet been set.

It is declared that the request for a special session followed an effort on the part of representatives of the defendants and the bank to reach a settlement on the civil phases of the case, since legal authorities declare that such settlements are possible.

The alleged shortage in the funds of the bank, it is said, might have been settled out of court, but court action of some sort will be necessary in the charges of embezzlement against the defendants.

It is thought that the negotiations for a possible settlement have been going on for some time, but it is now thought that they have been abandoned.

Have Prepared Cases.

The long delay has at least given the attorneys for both sides the opportunity to prepare their cases in detail, and it is declared that the ultimate trial will bring out a large number of affidavits and evidence of vairous kinds from both sides that will include the lengthy report of W. O. Martin, the auditor, on the condition of the bank, wherein it is charged that more than $90,000 shortage can be traced to Green.

It is not yet known whether the cases will be tried separately or together, as the defense has the privilege to demand separate trials and may do so, since Mrs. Bradstreet's attorneys have declared that they do not wish the trial of their client held until the case of Green has been disposed of.

All of the defendants are out on bond except the negro, Ellison, who is still in the Fairburn jail in default of bond of $2,500 as a material witness and $5,000 under the embezzlement charges. Mr. and Mrs. Bradstreet are staying at her father's home in Panthersville, and Green is in Fairburn.

Mountain "'Shiners" Paroled on Honor, Begin Terms Today

Anniston, Ala., November 14.—(Special.)—Federal court prisoners to the number of thirteen who had been sentenced to jail terms by Judge W. I. Grubb and then allowed to go to their homes to gather their crops, are due to return tomorrow to begin their terms. The men have been at liberty on their honor, all being convicted of violating the internal revenue laws by either making or selling whisky illegally and all have families on small mountain farms, who are dependent upon the meager crops raised for their winter food.

Honor prisoners of this type always are true to their trust, honesty being strong among the mountain folk who make whisky. It is expected that all of the thirteen will come to the jail Saturday morning to begin their terms. If any fail to do so officers say it will be because they are too sick to get there. Preparations have been made at the jail for the new prisoners.

WHITFIELD DENIES MURDERING CORDOVA

New Orleans, November 14.—New Orleans detectives at Alexandria, La., notified Superintendent of Police Mooney today that Andrew J. Whitfield, arrested in connection with the murder last Tuesday of Dr. Leopoldo Cordova, former Honduran consul, continued to deny any knowledge of the tragedy.

Mrs. Cordova, who was shot and dangerously wounded by the bandit who killed her husband, will be blind should she live, physicians attending her stated today. Whitfield will be brought here probably tonight.

DO Y UC'AVE SWEETS?

A Very Choice Syrup of Tempting Taste

The liking for sweets is a natural craving. The system requires a certain amount of such food. It acts as fuel. It builds energy. It maintains strength.

Domino Golden Syrup is different from any syrup you ever tasted. So good you can drink it—so wholesome you can eat all you like! And **never** tire of it.

And of rare "smack" and savor—flavored with just a dash of delicate cane taste—sweet—but not oversweet—and not too "brackish."

A pure, rich, smooth, mellow, full-bodied syrup of a light golden amber tint. Of just the proper consistency—neither too thick nor too thin.

You will like it—on bread, cakes, waffles, biscuit. A table delicacy for every meal of every day. Ask your grocer for Domino Golden Syrup. It is made by the American Sugar Refining Company, refiners of Domino Package Sugars—Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown.—(adv.)

Prof. Alfred Barili, After Living in City 40 Years, Naturalized

For forty years a resident of Atlanta, Professor Alfred Barili, a well-known teacher of music and voice, became a citizen of the United States Friday. Professor Barili, a native of Italy, has lived in this country since he was three months old, and has exercised all the privileges of a citizen, believing himself one until he recently discovered that his father had not been naturalized, as he thought. He immediately applied for citizenship upon this discovery and swore allegiance to the United States with a class of more than fifty that were sworn in before Judge Newman, of the federal court, Friday.

Judge Newman exhorted the members of the class to be good Americans, telling them that reds and I. W. W.'s were not wanted, to which all the applicants replied that they were not members of any radical movement.

Russians predominated in the class, there being, however, natives present from Italy, Ireland, Canada, England and Germany.

Ernest H. Willberger, of 1313 East avenue, was denied citizenship. Willberger claimed exemption from the draft because he claimed to be a resident of Switzerland, and it developed that he did this after he had taken out his first papers.

About twenty-five soldiers from Camp Gordon, most of them with enviable records for service "overseas," took the oath of allegiance, the countries of Russia, Italy, Denmark, Brazil, England, Austria and Germany being represented.

A native of Canada, Rev. Leo Wilkins Collins, a minister of Jeffersonville, was made a citizen of the United States.

The committee on Americanization recently appointed from representative Atlanta women witnessed the naturalization ceremonies. They were Mrs. James L. Logan, chairman; Mrs. David Woodward, regent of the Atlanta chapter, D. A. R.; Mrs. Charles F. Rice, Mrs. Ben Wylie, Miss Cora Brown, Mrs. Willis Timmons, Mrs. R. E. Harvey, Mrs. Lollie Bell Wylie and Mrs. C. L. Dean.

Crisp Asks Attitude Of Section on Great National Problems

Americus, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Expressing his individual opposition to both proposals, Congressman Charles R. Crisp has flooded the third district with circular letters asking his constituents to give expressions of opinion on the subject of compulsory military training in peace-time and the government ownership of railroads.

With the war department asking the establishment of a peace-time army of half a million men, Congressman Crisp, in his circular letter, states that $900,000,000 annually would be required to maintain such an army and that such a law would apply equally to whites and negroes.

On the government ownership of railroads, Congressman Crisp says that "since the government took over the railroads, passenger rates have been increased about 50 per cent; freight rates from 25 to 100 per cent, and notwithstanding this additional burden in the way of increased passenger and freight charges placed upon the consuming public, congress has appropriated out of the public treasury, raised by taxation, $1,250,000,000 to meet the deficit caused by government operation of railroads."

Although personally opposed to these projects, Congressman Crisp asks his constituents to favor him with an expression of their various opinions.

PURE AND DELICIOUS

BAKER'S COCOA



Is a most satisfactory beverage. Fine flavor and aroma and it is healthful.

Well made cocoa contains nothing that is harmful and much that is beneficial.

It is practically all nutrition.

Choice Recipe book free.

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.
Established 1780. Dorchester, Mass.

25 PER CENT INCREASE URGED IN RATES FOR ADS

New Orleans, La., November 14.—A resolution favoring an increase of 25 per cent in the rates on both foreign and local advertising in southern newspapers was adopted here late today by the advertising committee of the Southern Newspaper Publishers' association, which met here to plan a $10,000 campaign for exploiting the south. The increase in advertising rates was favored because of the shortage of white paper.

Arthur G. Newmeyer, of New Orleans, is chairman of the committee, which also will meet tomorrow with the advertising committee of the southern council of the American Advertising Agents' association to discuss the ways and means of spending $1,000 monthly in the interest of the south, contributed by 62 newspapers of the association. Mr. Newmeyer succeeded Walter G. Bryan, formerly of Atlanta, now of New York.

The other members of the committee which adopted the resolution are C. F. Gladfelter, Louisville; Victor H. Hanson, Birmingham; Major John S. Cohen, Atlanta, and W. A. Elliott, Jacksonville, Fla.

The resolution follows:

"In view of the present critical paper famine and auction market, and the further fact that the paper manufacturers will not establish a price basis for next year nor give any assurance of an increased paper supply, publishers everywhere are urged to increase immediately their advertising rates, both local and foreign, at least 25 per cent, and the advertisers and advertising agencies of America are urged to give the publishers of newspapers optional days for the insertion of their copy in order that the publishers may be able to meet this extraordinary white-paper situation."

We Tell You In Advance
The Price You Pay

Our FREE Examination System enables you to know exactly what your work will cost before it is begun.

Palace Dental Rooms
5 W. Alabama St.
Phone M. 1946.
Open Daily 8 to 6.



PLATES
Made and Delivered Same Day.

Set of Teeth $5 — Crown or Bridge $3
Silver Filling $1 — Gold Filling $2
OLD PLATES made like new $1 to $3

All other work low in proportion and all work GUARANTEED.

G. L. LEMON AND COMPANY
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
901 Healey Bldg. Phone Ivy 4754. Atlanta, Ga.

New Issue — Exempt from Normal Federal Tax

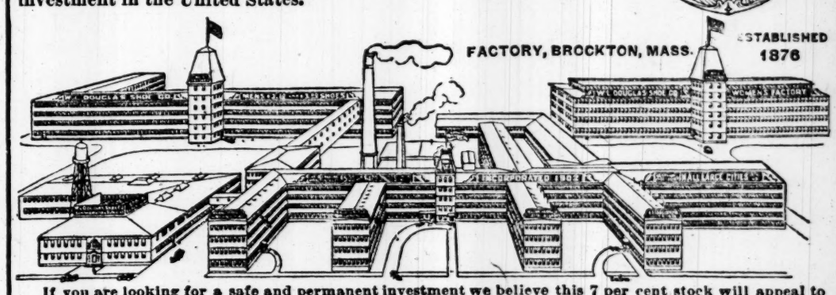
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO
(MASSACHUSETTS CORPORATION)
OFFERS $3,000,000
7% PREFERRED STOCK
PREFERRED AS TO DIVIDENDS AND ASSETS
PAR VALUE $100.00, NON-ASSESSABLE.



CAPITALIZATION

	AUTHORIZED	OUTSTANDING
7 Per Cent Preferred Stock	$5,500,000	$2,500,000
Common Stock	1,000,000	1,000,000

Dividends have been paid regularly for the past seventeen years. Payable January 1st and July 1st. There is no better 7 per cent investment in the United States.



FACTORY, BROCKTON, MASS. ESTABLISHED 1876

If you are looking for a safe and permanent investment we believe this 7 per cent stock will appeal to you. It is an old established business. The net earnings available for dividends after the Federal tax and all other taxes were paid during the past four years have averaged nearly four times the dividends on the preferred stock outstanding. W. L. Douglas name is known throughout the world. The trade mark is a very valuable asset worth millions of dollars, and is the property of the stockholders. It is one of the most valuable trade marks in the United States.

You would make no mistake to order at once as many shares of this stock as you can afford to buy, price $100.00 per share. If you care for more particulars fill out the coupon and mail at once. Application will be made to have this stock listed upon the stock exchange.

This company owns and operates 106 W. L. Douglas shoe stores located in the large cities. W. L. Douglas shoes are also sold by over 9,000 shoe dealers in the United States.

The past few years our shoes have been more extensively advertised than ever before. Stamping W. L. Douglas name and the retail price on the bottom of the shoes before they leave the factory has saved the wearers millions of dollars, and guarantees them the best shoes in style, comfort and service that can be produced for the price.

A great demand for W. L. Douglas shoes has sprung up in leading countries in Europe and Asia. Our domestic business has increased so that our sales have actually doubled in four years. In 1915 the sales were $8,069,628.41 and in 1918 $16,660,343.46. The past six months' business was at the rate of over $20,000,000 per year.

In common with other great businesses we need additional capital to meet the urgent requirements of increasing domestic and foreign trade. The new conditions of business also demand more capital. The cost of labor and material has nearly doubled so that twice the amount of capital necessary under the old business conditions is now required

Send certified check, cashier's check, Post Office Money Order or Express Order to W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

COUPON
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.:
Please send prospectus of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Company and special option certificate entitling me to purchase within thirty days.....shares of the 7 per cent preferred stock of the company. It is understood that this request incurs no obligation on my part, unless after investigation I subscribe for the stock.

Name .....
Street address .....
City or Town .....
State .....

Out of Town Folks Can Have This Delicious Candy, Too

Atlanta candy lovers are buying Government candy from us rapidly. This delicious confection, made by such famous firms as Lowney, Pirika, Greenfield and Wallace, is going fast.

We now offer the out-of-town shopper an opportunity to pick up some of these worth while bargains in sweetmeats.

Our Offer to the Out-of-Town Buyer

We will carefully pack and ship candy orders to any point within a radius of 300 miles of Atlanta, charging only the approximate cost of postage—15c for each five-pound order.

All Candy Carefully Packed

Every bit of this candy is packed in tins and boxes, hermetically sealed with waxed paper, and is as fresh and soft as on the day it was made. All of it was delivered to the government within the last few months. The government has carefully inspected the entire shipment and so have we.

Here Are the Prices:

Pirika's Assorted Chocolates	1-pound tin, 79c, 2 for $1.53, 5 for $3.60; half-pound box, 44c. Case of 48 tins, $34.00.
Lowney's Assorted Chocolates	1-pound tin 83c, 2 for $1.59, 5 for $3.75. Case of 48 tins, $35.00.
Pirika's Caramels	Half-pound boxes, wrapped in wax paper, 34c.
Wallace's Almond Bars	In cartons of 24 bars, $1.32.
Chocolate Dainties	10c a box, or $2.10 a carton of 24 boxes.
Wallace's Assorted Chocolates	In 1-pound sizes 79c, 2 for $1.53, 5 for $3.60. Case of 48 tins, $34.00.
Greenfield's Assorted Chocolates	Packed in beautiful ribbon-tied boxes, 98c per pound, 5 pounds, $4.75.

CANDY SALES COMPANY
Aragon Corner — Peachtree and Ellis Streets — Atlanta, Georgia

IN THE REALM OF WOMAN'S AFFAIRS

Women Voters Give Luncheon And Hear Mrs. McFadden Speak

The first of a series of luncheons was given yesterday at 1:30 o'clock, at the Piedmont hotel, by the women voters of Atlanta, and assembled for this interesting occasion were over one hundred prominent and representative women of Atlanta.

Mrs. Haynes McFadden was the principal speaker of the afternoon, her address following the luncheon Mrs. McFadden emphasized the importance of forming a permanent organization in each of the eleven wards of the city, with a permanent central organization, so that the women voters of Atlanta will be factors in civic affairs, and can be ready at all times to give splendid work in every branch for the betterment of the city.

The luncheon was served at two long tables, decorated with crystal vases filled with vari-colored dahlias. Covers were laid for Miss Eleanor Raoul, Mrs. Frank Graham, Mrs. Elliott Cheatham, Mrs. Haynes McFadden, Mrs. Church Lampkin, Mrs. Marguerite Beck Block, Miss Grace Archer, Mrs. Beaumont Davison, Mrs. C. A. McGinnis, Mrs. J. E. McGinnis, Mrs. C. P. Ozburn, Mrs Virgil Estes, Mrs. T. C. Jerome, Mrs A. A. Allen, Mrs. J. W. Evans, Mrs Geo. Holder, Mrs. Raum, Mrs. Phillip Wilcox, Mrs. William Rawling Mrs Albert Spalding, Jr., Mrs. Robert Fleming, Mrs. Earl Webb, Jr. Mrs. Louise Spalding Foster, Mrs. Hussey, Mrs. Frank Orme, Mrs Moreland Speer, Mrs. Weatherby Mrs. Kelly, Mrs. Tagg, Mrs. Gordon Johnstone, Mrs. N. S Barker, Mrs Lindsey, Mrs. Duncanson, Mrs. E. Elder, Mrs. Russey, Mrs. Victor, Mrs Kauffman, Mrs. Frank J. Graham Mrs. O. D. Culpepper, Mrs. Jerome Jones, Mrs. R. H Hughes, Miss Roda Kauffman, Mrs. W. H Harris, Mrs Nora G. Webb, Miss Lillie Peeples Mrs. James Wells, Mrs. Haynes McFadden, Mrs. Elliot Cheatham, Mrs William Dunbar, Mrs. R. L. Turman Mrs. E. G Black, Mrs. George Seiple, Jr., Mrs. J. M. Dorn, Mrs Roberts and friend, Mrs. H. P. Hermance Mrs. J. N. McEachern, Mrs. Marion Furse, Mrs. Elizabeth Tyler, Mrs. Fred Disbrow, Mrs. Ransom Wright Mrs. J. V. Wellborn, Mrs. Charles Goodman, Mrs. Charles Davis, Mrs. Joseph Billups, Mrs. George Murray Mrs. D. C. Robinson, Miss Louise Pittman, Mrs. T. B. Brogdon, Mrs Andrew Hester, Mrs. J. L. Beavers Mrs. R. A McMurry, Mrs. J. Hinton Clark, Mrs. R. C. Upchurch, Mrs. C. V. Eichelberger; press, Mrs. Stafford; press, Mrs. Wylie; press, Mrs Younge; Mrs. Cowan, Mrs. Lewis Hutcheson, Mrs. Thornwell Jacobs, Mrs. J. M. Gillespie, Mrs. Almond Mrs. Murray Hubbard, Mrs. William Kinsdon, Mrs. C. W. McClure, Mrs Abner Hord, Miss Austin Nell, Miss Miller, Mrs. J. F. Hurt, Mrs. J. S. McCollaugh, Mrs. J. M. Cooper, Mrs. H. G. Lewis, Mrs. J. B. Suttles Mrs J. W. McWilliams, Mrs. Newton Wing, Mrs. C. E. Robertson, Mrs. James Hamilton, Mrs. T. W. Cox Mrs. J. Carter Cook, Mrs. F. C. McConnell, Mrs. T. J. Akridge, Mrs. John A. Allen, Mrs. Thad Morris, Mrs. H. A. Mason and Mrs. Kell Martin.

134 PEACHTREE ARCADE
Christmas Greeting Cards
Dance Programs Party Invitations
Wedding Announcements
Webb & Vary Company Inc
Printers, Engravers, Stationers



XMAS
will soon be here with its varied pleasures and disappointments. Learn to dance now before it is too late. Phone Ivy 5786.
LANE'S DANCING ACADEMY,
Peachtree and Cain Sts.

Today's Calendar.

The marriage of Miss Nelle Murray to Mr. William Cobb Thibadeau will take place at 4 o'clock at the residence of the parents of the bride-elect, Mr and Mrs. Robert Murray, at 132 Peachtree place.

The football team of the Tech High school will entertain at a dance at the Druid Hills Golf club in honor of the Central High school team of Birmingham, Ala

There will be the usual dinner-dance at the Piedmont Driving club.

The Atlanta Athletic club will entertain with the usual Saturday evening dinner-dance at the East Lake Country club.

Dance for Bride-Elect.

Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Cochran gave a supper-dance last evening at their home in Springdale road, Druid Hills, in honor of Miss Edith Hays, a popular bride-elect of the month

The sun parlor, living room and dining room were thrown together for the occasion and were beautifully decorated in autumn leaves. Large vases and baskets holding yellow chrysanthemums were used on the mantels, and bookcases.

The daintily appointed table had as its central decoration a French basket filled with yellow chrysanthemums and fern.

Mrs. Cochran received her guests wearing a gown of peachblow velvet embroidered in silver.

Miss Hays was gowned in pink satin with bodice of real lace.

Mrs. C. S. Hays was handsomely gowned in black satin with overdraperies of lace.

The guests included about forty of the honor guest's friends.

Miss Frances Rowland Wedded To Dr. William E. Campbell, Jr.

A brilliant social event of last evening was the wedding of Miss Frances Rowland, at Mt. Vernon, N. Y., and Dr. William E. Campbell, Jr., which was solemnized at the Chester Hill Methodist Episcopal church in Mt. Vernon, N. Y., at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. Harry H. Beatty officiating.

Mrs. Robert Gregg was the matron of honor and Miss Ernest Campbell, a sister of the groom, was the maid of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Gladys Gould, Miss Helen Dunbaugh, Miss Leslie McCarten, Mrs. Haisey Jonnson, all of New York, and Miss Helene Balliett, of Waterloo, Iowa.

Little Miss Phyllis Hull, of New York, was flower girl.

Mr. William A. Rawson was Dr. Campbell's best man.

The ushers included Mr. Julian L. Robinson, Mr. Robin Adair. Dr. N. Broyles, of Baltimore, and Dr. Charles E. Caverly, Dr. D. H. Anthony and Mr. Robert G. Clarke, all of New York.

After the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. George T. Rowland entertained several hundred guests at a reception at their home on Summit avenue.

Dr. and Mrs. Campbell will go to New Orleans and Cuba on their wedding trip and upon their return will be at home in the McGehee apartments at Sixth and Peachtree streets. Many large parties are being planned in their honor. Among those entertainting will be Dr. and Mrs. Campbell, the parents of the groom.

The wedding of Miss Rowland and Dr. Campbell is of unusual interest to Atlanta's social world, as Miss Rowland is almost as well known here as in her home city, through frequent visits with her aunt, Mrs Forrest Adair. A graduate of National Park seminary, Washington and one of the most beautiful and popular young women who have ever been feted in Atlanta, Miss Rowland will be cordially welcomed as a resident here. Dr. Campbell, son of Dr. and Mrs. William E. Campbell, Sr., is a graduate of the University of Georgia and a member of Chi Phi fraternity. Afterwards he graduated at Columbia university medical school and was at St. Luke's hospital in New York for two years. He served during the war as first lieutenant in the medical corps, and since his discharge has resumed his residence in Atlanta.

Debutante Club Given Pretty Luncheon.

Miss Loudie Speer entertained the members of the Debutante club of 1919-1920 with a buffet luncheon at her home on Peachtree Circle on Frdiay.

Bright autumn leaves were used throughout the house. Lovely yellow chrysanthemums were used in the center of the attractively appointed table and the mints and ices were also in yellow.

Miss Speer wore a becoming gown of black satin.

Mrs. Speer's gown was also of black satin.

There were several very intimate friends of Miss Speer present in addition to the members of the Debutante club, who were Miss Emily Robinson, Miss Margaret Pratt, Miss Frances Dudley, Miss Hallie Crawford, Miss Augusta Crawford, of Columbus; Miss Julia Brantley, of Blackshear; Miss Mary Faith Yow of Avalon; Miss Dorothy Haverty Miss Loudie Speer, Miss Margaret Vaughan, Miss Marian Dean and Miss Garda Horton.

KWIZ

Reg. Pdg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Answers to Yesterday's Kwiz

1. Charlotte Corday, French heroine, assassin of Murat, in 1793, after guillotined.
2. The "Royal Arch" is a degree in the Masonic order.
3. The "Passion Play" is an enacted series of scenes depicting the life and sacrifice of Jesus Christ; the most famous is produced every ten years at Oberammergau, in the Bavarian Alps.
4. A planet is a moving or "wandering" star as apart from a fixed star; in our firmament the planets are the sun, moon, Mercury, Venus, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune and the earth.
5. Provincetown is in Massachusetts on the tip-end of Cape Cod.
6. A Kaffir is a name given to certain "infidel" people by Mohammedans; more properly, however, a kaffir is a native of the Bantu races in South Africa.
7. Maize is the name of corn applied by the North American Indian; maize is really Indian corn.
8. The "national" flag of Ireland is a solid green field with a golden harp centered.
9. True ivory is the tusk of the elephant.
10. Cricket, a game played with bats, balls and wickets, is England's favorite field sport.

New Questions.

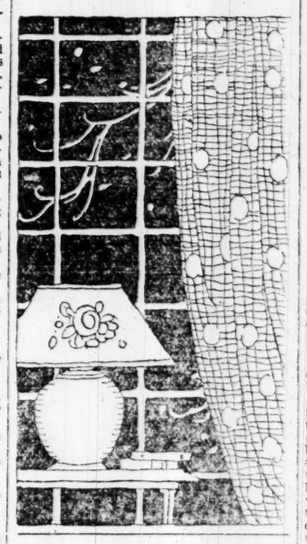
1. Where is the island of Formosa?
2. Who was Garibaldi?
3. What is an esplanade?
4. What insignia is worn by General Pershing to designate his rank?
5. What is a mizzen-top?
6. In legal parlance, what is the meaning of "habeas corpus?"
7. Why is "Limburger" cheese so called?
8. What is an inheritance tax?
9. Who is George Bernard Shaw?
10. What was the French "Commune" and why so called?

YOUR HOME AND YOU

BY HELEN KENDALL.

The Lamp as a Home-Maker

Many a living room that would otherwise be quiet, ponderous and even somber in its effects is rendered cosy and inviting by the placing of its lamps. Lamps are to a room what flowers are to a garden—brilliant spots of light and color against the graver surroundings. Watch guests who enter your home in the evening and see them gravitate toward the lamp, especially if it has a welcoming chair near it. Not all the concealed lighting in the world, not all the beautiful sconces on the side walls, can take the place of the big glowing lamp, down near your elbow, with its mellow shade and air of good cheer.



Let us put in a good word, too, for the lamp which can be seen through the window. Did you ever come down a darkish street on a winter's night and see a cheerful lamp in some house that you passed? Didn't it look homelike and warm? There's an art in placing a lamp where it may light the family reading table and yet be glimpsed from the street.

Lamp shades specially designed to harmonize with the hangings and upholstery of a room may be had now in profusion. Two-toned silks give a soft, diffused light. One of thin mahogany-colored silk over peach color is good with Oriental rugs having a god deal of deep rose. In rooms having a good deal of warm browns and yellows, a shade of Chinese vermillion silk over pale yellow is attractive. Shades made of thick yellow vellum with painted designs in dull reds, blues and greens give a rich glowing light, and an effective way of treating shades either of vellum or of heavy paper is to cut away the design, and paste underneath a thin lining paper of some harmonizing tone.

An ingenious home-maker can easily design and make her own lamp shades. A woman who had a single electric lamp hanging from the ceiling made a pretty, deep lantern-shaped shade by sewing yellow silk very full upon a wooden embroidery hoop. The silk fell about fourteen inches and was then sewed to another similar hoop. To this lower hoop were attached cords of yellow silk, converging in a Chinese tassel of blue and gold, which concealed the drop chain controlling the light. The effect was of a large and luxurious lamp, although the bulb was the usual small one.

Electric lamp equipments may be fitted into any form of base at small expense. Large jars and vases, brass bowls, and even tall narrow baskets may be adapted for the purpose, and be odd as well as appropriate.

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The Lady of the Night Wind

BY VARICK VANARDY

Author of "The Two-Faced Man," "Alias the Night Wind," Etc.

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(CONTINUED FROM YESTERDAY.)

CHAPTER XXXIX.

Fulfilling the Compact.

There was yet another person who was both puzzled and troubled in regard to the Nest, and that person was Bingham Harvard, one time alias the Night Wind.

For Bing had seen the face at the window the instant he stepped his foot upon the boathouse platform, and he knew that the face was not Katherine's.

True, he had not seen it plainly enough to recognize it, but there was nevertheless not the slightest doubt in his mind concerning the identity of it.

It had been Belknap's face, of course, and Belknap could not have found entry to the Nest without the personal assistance of Katherine, therefore she was hiding him.

It was with the greatest difficulty that he succeeded in controlling himself so that his companion, Carruthers, might not see the shock he had received, and he found that he faced even a greater difficulty when he attempted to reason out to his own satisfaction why Katherine should have consented to such an act.

Try as he might, he could find only one possible solution of the problem, and that was that Belknap had succeeded in so working upon Katherine's sympathies that she had been prevailed upon to help him to escape. That Katherine—his wife—Lady Kate of the Police—peerless and fearless Katherine—was afraid of the man, and had been forced through fear of him to do what she had done, Harvard did not for a moment believe. "And," he told himself, "in her own good time she will tell me all about it."

So, in a sense, he shrugged his shoulders and dismissed the thought of it; or tried to do so.

But, just the same, he did not intend that Conrad Belknap should get away, even if it were Katherine's wish that he should, and so he set himself to watch.

Not to watch Katherine! Do not for a moment suppose that! But to watch for Belknap's appearance when he should be let out of the Nest by Katherine, to make his getaway from the vicinity of Myquest; and to see to it that he did not make his escape. Not to lay hands upon the man himself, but to dog him, and follow him, and keep him within reach, until he should fall into the hands of one or more of the watching sleuths who were on his trail.

Katherine he would permit to go and come, as she pleased, and he would not let her know what he knew until she got ready to tell him all about it; but all the same he would not stand passively near and permit that crook of a thousand crimes to impose upon her sympathies, and thus escape the consequences of his errors.

That being settled in his mind, he felt better; quite at ease, in fact.

Katherine was quite the life of the party at the dinner table that evening; so much so that her husband regarded her with well-concealed astonishment, and Carruthers, who had arrived at not unsimilar conclusions, with interest. Both men, husband and brother, were at fault in their reasoning—yet Katherine had her own reasons for her gaiety.

Why should she not have been gay?

She had obtained possession of the Eye of Nadja, and had concealed it, without breaking any of her promises to Belknap in any sense of the word. She had restored the "scrubby old cane" to its accustomed place behind the piano in the music room, and the bulb at its top was not empty, either; it contained a nice round pebble, wrapped in the same foil and tissue that had contained the wonderful ruby with an emeral buried in the middle of it. Belknap might find the cane if he chose, for she did not doubt that Belknap had worked out the secret of the ruby's hiding place by some mysterious process of his thieving intelligence—he might make his escape, if he could, and take the old and worthless cane with him. She would set him free that very night, and she would be well rid of him.

True, when he found that he had been fooled, he might forget his promise to send her the documentary evidence that would establish her brother's innocence, but, if such evidence was in existence, there would be other ways to find it. She would, later, consult Mr. Carruthers on that point, for she had taken a great and unaccountable liking to that same Carruthers who somehow reminded her of something, or somebody, or—she knew that she liked him, and believed that she could trust him; and he was an expert operative of the secret service who were the best detectives in the world.

(CONTINUED TOMORROW.)

To abort a cold and prevent complications, take

Calotabs

The purified and refined calomel tablets that are nauseless, safe and sure.

Medicinal virtues retained and improved. Sold only in sealed packages. Price 35c.

ENLISTMENT IN ARMY CONTINUES IN ATLANTA

Nine southerners have been accepted for enlistment in the United States army at the local station. The list follows:

Fred P. Mashburn, Springville, Ala.; Charlie M. Wilson, Raymond, S. C.; Palmer A. Martin, Winterville, Ga.; Dolphus M. Parker, Macon, Ga.; Willie F. Roberts, Lithonia, Ga.; Grant Hurley, Taylorsville, Ga.; Oscar Olmstead, Andalusia, Ga.; Jimmie W. Jones, Columbus, Ga.; Curtis Mashburn, Springville, Ala.

NEW SCHEDULE MADE FOR CUSTOMS DUTIES

Washington, November 14.—President Wilson today signed an executive order establishing a new schedule for customs duties based on the reduced values of foreign currencies.

Classes in French

Madame Victorine Paillet Jarrett is at home at 435 Spring street, near North avenue, and will take pupils in the study of French, either individually or in classes. Will arrange evening classes. Phone Ivy 6464.

J. P. Allen & Co.
49 to 53 WHITEHALL

Saturday---

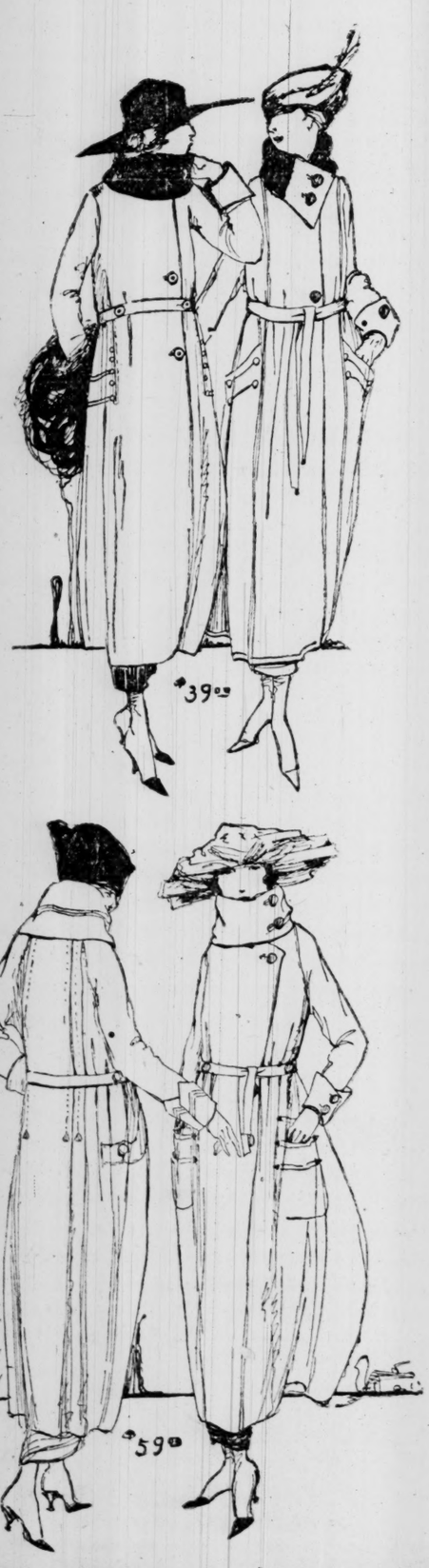
A Great Special Purchase Sale of 500

Fur Trimmed and Tailored Coats

A Sale Which Offers Fine Quality Coats at Prices As Low as Coat Prices Five Years Ago

This remarkable special purchase sale eclipses any previous event of its kind—it is, in fact, the unprecedented Coat opportunity.

Included Are Tailored Models and Others Luxuriously Trimmed, With Collars of Hudson Seal, Squirrel, Nutria, Australian Opossum. Many One-of-a-Kind Models Are Specially Featured in This Sale



Styles---

The style selection includes the ultra stylish bloused Coat, Godet side flare, novelty, belted Coats with patch pockets of fur or self-material and novelty styles in an unending variety.

Colors---

The colors include mahogany, oxblood, faison, mocha, leather, elk, reindeer, taupe, Oxford, bronze, tan, Pekin, French blue and navy.

Fur Trimmed Coats---

Silvertone —Velours
Camels Hair —Polocloth

Seal and Black Wolf Collars—Belted Models—otherwise nobbily finished with cord tucks, and covered buttons as a trimming effect. Large, handsome bone buttons fasten coat and belt. Smart pockets.

$39.00

Plain Tailored Coats---

Materials are velour pompon, polocloth, silvertone; beautifully designed; large self-collars; they roll smartly, and fasten choker fashion, with large smoked pearl or bone buttons; deep inset and patch pockets. These plain smart coats are extremely genteel, good taste coats.

$59.00

Fur Trimmed Coats---

Very fine quality fur, Australian opossum, Hudson seal, nutria, squirrel; collars only, or collars and cuffs. Narrow belts or draped girdle, finished with large pearl buckle.

Bolivia— Evora— Velour— Diagonal Bolivia— Chameleon Cord— Silvertone—

$98.00

All Attractive models, fine materials, high grade tailoring and finish

An Opportunity for Substantial Savings!

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For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry., Healey Bldg., cor. Forsyth and Walton Sts., Atlanta, or to Canadian Australian Royal Mail Line, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

CUNARD ANCHOR
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICES.
NEW YORK to LIVERPOOL
Orduna.....Nov. 21, Dec. 23
Vestris.....Nov. 25
Carmania.....Dec. 19
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH CHERBOURG and SOUTHAMPTON.
Mauretania.....Nov. 29, Dec. 23
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, HAVRE and SOUTHAMPTON
Royal George.....Dec. 9
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG and LONDON
Caronia.....Dec. 13
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH HAVRE and LONDON
Saxonia.....Dec. 10
NEW YORK to PIRAEUS
Pannonia.....Nov. 22
NEW YORK—L'DERRY—GLASGOW
Columbia.....Dec. 6
J. E. Miller, General Agent, Atlanta, or Local Agents.

:: SOCIETY ::

BEAUTY CHATS

BY EDNA KENT FORBES

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Another Reduction Chat

Last week I gave a long list of calories, but even so I was not able to print the caloric value of as many foods as I should like to give. However, at the risk of boring my readers, I am going to print a supplementary list of calories today. Remember that the thin woman as well as the stout, should study these lists, for she can judge then whether she is eating as much food as is necessary.

I will start with a list of desserts, most of which are fattening and which the woman who wants to reduce should avoid as she would a plague.

Chocolate creams, each, 100 calories; carmels, each, 100 calories; candied fruit, 10-25 calories; plain cookies, each, 50 calories (cookies containing nuts or raisins or icing are more fattening); doughnuts, each 160 calories; macaroons, each, 50 calories; cake, average slice, 200-300 calories (in the case of all such desserts the fattening value depends on the richness of the ingredients); puddings, average serving 150-250; ice cream, average serving, 200-250; pie, average serving, 250-300 calories; honey or sirups, tablespoon, 100 calories; ladyfingers, each, 35 calories; granulated sugar, teaspoonful, 50 calories; almonds, each 10 calories; Brazil nuts, each, 45 calories; chestnuts, each, 5 calories; walnuts, each, 30 calories; peanuts, ordinary bagful, 275; stewed fruits, unsweetened, saucerful, 50-100 calories.

Questions and Answers.

Billie H.—Eating salads with vinegar and not oil is an excellent method of reduction, since such a salad will have a very low caloric value.

Forget-me-not — Your proper weight should be not more than 125 pounds. It is possible for you to live on a diet which will keep up your strength but which, at the same time, will not add to your weight. You are now more than 15 pounds above what you should be. My advice would be to eliminate most of the starchy foods. As you are still under a doctor's care, ask him to prescribe such a diet for you.

M. P. L.—According to tables of statistics your weight is just correct. If the bust seems too small, rubbing it with warm cocoa butter would undoubtedly help it a great deal.

Your Subscriber—My only criticism of the plan of your house is that you have broken up your walls with too many small windows. I would suggest a triple window across the front of the living room and dining room would be much more artistic than a plain doorway.

HOME COOKING

By MRS. M. A. WILSON

Queen Victoria's Former Cuisiniere

(Copyright, 1919, for The Constitution)

The November dull winds bring to the housewife's mind that unless the family are fed plenty of good food they will be liable to attacks of the winter ills. So, with this idea in mind, to utilize as much as possible of the seasonable and reasonably priced foods, we will plan to utilize a set of pig's feet in the Sunday menu.

Marketing today brings home to the thrifty woman that unless she is willing to put her shoulder closely to the wheel she will see the money literally flow from her purse and leave her high and dry on the shores of want.

Butter and eggs are advancing in price, and the housewife complacently pays the price of these expensive foods rather than try to replace them in the menu with other foods that are more within the reach of her purse.

False modesty in purchasing and preparing foods is a detriment to lower prices. Do not hesitate to let your neighbor know that you are extremely proud of your low cost meals and that you are most anxious to continue them.

A set of pig's feet can be utilized for three meals on Sunday. Wash andscrape clean, one set of feet, then place in a saucepan and add

One faggot of soup herbs,
One carrot,
Four pints of boiling water,
Four onions.

Cover closely and cook slowly until tender. Remove the feet and add to the stock

One-half teaspoon of thyme,
One cup of cornmeal,
Three-quarters cup of oatmeal,
And the meat from one foot, chopped fine, and also
Two teaspoons of salt,
One teaspoon of pepper.

Stir and cook until very thick and then place on part of the stove where the mixture will cook very slowly for one hour. Place an asbestos mat under the kettle to prevent scorching. Then rinse the pans with cold water and pour in the scrapple and set aside to cool and mold.

SUNDAY.
Breakfast.
Oranges
Cereal and Milk
Fried Scrapple
Hashed Brown Potatoes
Rolls Coffee

Dinner.
Clear Tomato Soup
Celery
Saute Pig's Feet Cordova
Lettuce
Orange Cocoanut Surprise Coffee

Supper.
Croquettes Cream Sauce
Hashed Brown Potatoes
Spiced Pears Sponge Cake Coffee

The market basket will require
One set of pig's feet,
Two bananas,
One-half dozen of oranges,
One package of cocoanut,
One-quarter peck of potatoes,
One can of tomato puree,
One stalk of celery,
One quart of string beans,
One head of lettuce,
One quart of pears,
One egg.

The usual staples that are in the average home.

Saute Pig's Feet.

Split three feet in halves, roll in flour and brown in hot fat.

Cordova Sauce.

Add four tablespoons of flour to the fat in the pan after browning the pig's feet. Brown well and add one and one-half cups of cold water and

One onion grated,
One-eighth teaspoon of thyme,
Four tablespoons of catsup.

Bring to a boil and cook slowly for five minutes. Lay the feet on a hot platter and cover with gravy.

Croquettes.

Mold part of the scrapple into croquette form, then roll in flour and fry until golden brown in hot fat.

One-Egg Sponge Cake.

Place in a mixing bowl
Two-thirds cup of white corn sirup,
Yolk of one egg,
Five tablespoons of water,
One cup of flour,
Two teaspoons of baking powder.

Beat hard to mix, then cut and fold in stiffly beaten white of egg and make in well-greased and floured pan with tube in center for thirty-five minutes.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cobb Hill left Atlanta for New York city Friday, where Mr. Hill will enter the automobile business. Mr. Hill was recently discharged from the army at Camp Gordon, where he was a lieutenant attached to headquarters.

CONFERENCE IS HELD ON EXPORT COMPANY

Confident Atlanta Will Raise $25,000 Stock Quota. Keith to Help.

The raising of the $25,000 remaining of Atlanta's quota of stock in the South Atlantic Export company was given a new stimulus Friday with the return of Sam C. Dobbs, president of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, from New York, and his immediate assurance of support to the officials of that company.

Mr. Dobbs and Hollins Randolph, general counsel for the company and vice president for Georgia, were in conference Friday upon the problem, and expressed themselves as confident of early success. Great satisfaction is expressed by Matthew Hale, president of the corporation, and the members of the executive committee in the bright outlook.

Keith Will Assist.

Particular enthusiasm is evinced by the president and executive committee over their good fortune in securing the services of John M. Keith, of Costa Rica, the international banker and authority on methods in Latin-America, to aid them in the organization of the corportation with special reference to it activities in the South and Central American territories.

"The officers and directors of the export company are encouraged over having secured the services of Mr. Keith, although his connection with the enterprise will be only in an advisory capacity," said Mr. Hale.

"Mr. Keith is interested actively in extensive banking enterprises in Costa Rica, and we could not hope to have him abandon these at this time to join us permanently in the development of our company. But his knowledge of the exporting business, the customs and requirements of the Spanish-American countries, considered in connection with the confidence and esteem to which he is held in Central and South America, makes us confident that his assistance will bring an abundant return."

Mr. Keith will, in all probability, remain in the United States for about two months, and during that time practically his entire time will be devoted to the work of the corporation.

"I look upon the South Atlantic Export company as a 'public service enterprise,'" said Mr. Keith Friday morning. "Its success means a very great deal to the people of the South Atlantic states, and the measure of success it achieves will, in the last analysis, depend upon the character of support it receives from the industries of the section.

"I deem it wise to remark at this time that no exporting company nor any industrial enterprise that looks upon Spanish-America as a 'dumping ground' can succeed in developing trade relations. Time and money will be wasted in establishing trade relations if it turns out to be the object of its promoters to use the Spanish-American countries to take care of the surplus of your southern industries.

"The industries that intend cooperating with the South Atlantic Export corporation—and it seems to me that the idea should appealto all of them—should appreciate from the first that, if they are to receive returns, they must plan on a permament basis to encourage the patronage of Spanish-America. In a word, they must make provision, not to supply their surplus or 'left-over' products to the South American trade, but, to meet the requirements of that trade by the enlargement of their plants if necessary to take care of the patronage they may develop."

Dean T. H. Johnston Will Speak Saturday To Habersham Chapter

Rev. T. H. Johnston, of St. Philip's Cathedral, will speak at a meeting of the Joseph Habersham chapter, D. A. R., Saturday afternoon. The subject of his address will be "Psychology in the Trenches."

The business meeting of the chapter will be held at St. Mark's Methodist church, in the lecture room, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Mrs. H. B. Scott, regent of the chapter, will preside.

The address of Dean Johnston, will begin at 4 o'clock, following the business session.

Miss Mildred Parks will sing the "Cherokee Rose of Georgia," accompanied by Miss Kate Haralson, who wrote both the music and words.

MRS. DAMON T. LANIER DIES IN CALIFORNIA

News was received in Atlanta yesterday of the death in Hollywood, Cal., of Mrs. Damon T. Lanier, who passed away suddenly on Thursday when inflammatory rheumatism, from which she had been a sufferer for about six months, attacked her heart.

Mr. and Mrs. Lanier were both residents of Atlanta for a number of years before they moved to California. Mr. Lanier, an expert auditor, was prominent in business circles here and he and his wife were well known socially. Mr. and Mrs. Lanier came to Atlanta from West Point, Ga. They were married November 26, 1896.

ITALIANS FIGHTING AT ELECTION RALLIES

Milan, November 14.—One man was killed, eight persons were seriously wounded and many others less seriously injured in an election disturbance at Lodi today.

The disturbance occurred when Professor Benito Mussolini, editor of The Milan Popolo Italia, Signor Marinetti, the futurist leader, and another speaker tried to address the crowd at a meeting. The Lodi advices state that they were attacked by socialists. Troops defended the speakers. Revolvers were fired by both sides during the affray.

EUROPE COMMENTS ON TREATY FIGHT

Adoption of Lodge Reservation to Article 10 Draws Discussion From the Leading Editorial Writers From Rome to London.

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Washington, November 14.—The Italian press believes that the senate reservations to the Versailles treaty will force Europe to revert to the system of alliances, and the French press holds that these reservations will dislocate the society of nations, according to cablegrams from Rome and Paris today.

The Rome cable says that, according to a Paris dispatch to The Italie, the reservations are considered as a check to the entire policy of President Wilson and will force Europe to resume the old scheme of alliances, both sides maintaining cordial relations with the United States.

Il Tempo publishes a dispatch from its Paris correspondent saying the treaty program of the American senate has caused the gravest situation yet experienced by the peace conference and that the revision of concessions adopted at Paris and London may be necessary in the event of American defection over the peace treaty.

A Paris telegram to The Corriere d'Italia declares the senate resolutions are a blow to the Wilsonian principles included in the Versailles treaty.

Hope Treaty Will Live.

The Paris cablegram states that the French press had voiced the hope that the senate would "honor the president's signature of the peace pact" and that some of the papers criticised the French government because it did not put the treaty into force at once without awaiting American developments. The friends of France in the United States are called upon by The Echo de Paris to realize that on the decision of the American senate depends "the fate of the old world."

The Paris Temps is quoted as saying:

"There is much talk about reservations on which the American senate has begun to vote. Judging by certain comments, it would appear that these reservations overthrow the entire treaty. Such an interpretation may be explained by electoral interest, but is justified by neither facts nor texts. We may hope that the American senate, where republicans dominate, will neither kill the treaty nor dislocate the society of nations. And we would do well in Paris when commenting on Washington debates, never to forget these principles of international solidarity which will live in the soul of American, whatever is the party in power. They are necessary for the security of our country."

Would Destroy Treaty.

The Paris Matin says:

"Reservations which Saturday's vote renders definitive mean that the United States can withdraw from the league of nations whenever they please and be the sole judge whether obligations foreseen by the covenant are fulfilled by them. The society of nations appears no longer to exist. It can live only if the most powerful nations accept the rules in common. The treaty created obligations for all countries not to leave the society without two years' notice, which is no longer valid for the American senate. If the United States makes the application of the treaty dependent upon acceptance of reservations which destroy its meaning, is there any treaty left?"

The Echo de Paris writes:

"The republican party seems to have recovered its vigor when it came to the reservations. The result of these is to free America from all obligations relative to the peace of the society of nations, so that the re-opening of negotiations, which the slightest amendment would have rendered indispensable, will not be necessary. But this is their only merit. Let us have no illusions, they discredit the society of nations, which forms the frame for the articles of the peace treaty, to the extent of perverting their application, France must have a clearly defined Germany policy and concentrate her efforts upon maintaining, strengthening and, if possible, completing the Franco-American alliance, even without the clause dealing with the society of nations."

French Paper Scores Wilson.

L'Action Francaise states:

"Will the European governments already bound by the treaty attempt to withdraw or further obligate themselves by depositing ratifications? After imposing the society as a condition of peace and having constructed the latter to suit it and not the victors, Mr. Wilson is leaving us only its aroma. He has aggravated the wrong already done us by consenting to dupery in order to save the facade of the organization with which the whole treaty is interwoven."

The Paris Midi declares:

"The tug of war between the two great parties has begun but there is no reason to be alarmed. Both sides are equal and the simplest solution will be to negotiate. The passing of the treaty, however, will not solve the problem of curing American public opinion of its insularity."

Scores Republicans.

A cablegram from London today quotes The Daily Telegraph as saying editorially:

"Whether the senate be right or wrong in its desire to obtain for this country (America) special privileges in its relations with the league of nations, unasked for by the associated powers, it is certain that a long and bitter fight has prevented the senate lifting a finger to meet any of the problems created by the war. Such vital questions as extension of foreign credits, settlement of railway and marine transportation, labor and other problems concerning the country's future industrial and commercial welfare, have been crowded out in the all absorbing game of national politics in which the republican senatorms are doing all they can to prevent President Wilson fulfilling his pledges given to the peace conference at Paris. What the rule or ruin policy of these senators has cost the world in lives and in property, comments The New York World, cannot be calculated; what it has cost the United States in prestige and influence is likewise beyond calculation. It is a record of which no American in the next generation will ever be proud."

The London Times publishes a telegram from its Washington correspondent attempting to interpret the move of the republicans. It says, in part:

"The republican leaders have, it is understood, two motives: First, to redress the balance between the factions of the executive and the legislature which the president so rudely upheld; secondly, to retrieve American foreign policy from an adventure or series of adventures for which the country is not ready. Upon the first point, there is no use to comment. With regard to the second point, there is much justice. There can be no doubt, especially since the failure of his tour, that the president was in his Paris policies far ahead of American political and popular instinct about participation in old world affairs. It took us many adventures in European affairs to be cured of our penchant for glorious isolation. It would especially in view of her history and political training, be too much to expect American to change her ways of thought and life about one such adventure."

With Defiance Lady Astor Turns On Her Hecklers

She Interferes to Prevent Meeting Being Broken Up—Mrs. Lloyd-George Speaks for Lady Astor.

Plymouth, November 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—The appearance today of Mrs. David Lloyd-George, wife of the British prime minister, in the electoral campaign in support of Lady Astor, who is running for the seat in the house of commons made vacant by the elevation of her husband, the new Viscount Astor, to the house of lords, marked the climax of one of the most unusual political battles ever fought in Plymouth.

Although at the meeting, which was addressed by Mrs. Lloyd-George, only women were present, it was featured by the most determined attempt made by the opposition throughout the entire campaign to silence speakers by the use of hecklers. Lady Astor was present and also spoke.

She Faced Hecklers.

At one point, when a forced discontinuance of the meeting appeared to be threatening, Lady Astor took the floor and faced the hecklers with defiance.

"I have told you that I am not ashamed of my American birth," she said. "I am proud that there is not a drop of blood in my veins that is not Anglo-Saxon. I now want to tell you that that blood is fighting British blood. I am willing to meet the whole of the independent labor party alone on Salisbury Plain, because they can't, or won't, fight."

The applause that greeted the candidate's words was deafening. The guild hall, where the meeting was held, was crowded with 3,000 women an hour before the speaking began, while an equal number of women were outside clamoring for admission.

Mrs. Lloyd-George, who was introduced by the chairman as "the first lady in England," said she had been delighted to come to Plymouth, "if only to get a bit of sunshine, which is lacking in London."

"You have all the sunshine here around Lady Astor's candidacy," she added.

Mrs. Lloyd-George Speaks.

The voice of Mrs. Lloyd-George which was low and hesitating and was heard only in the front of the hall, contrasted sharply with that of Lady Astor, the previous speaker, who talked with apparent ease and whose clear enunciation was audible throughout the large room.

"I have always thought that women would make better politicians than men if given the chance," Mrs. Lloyd-George continued, "and I hope that tomorrow you will use your vote in the proper way."

At this point interruptions in the rear of the hall drowned out the further utterances of the wife of the prime minister, and several minutes elapsed before the chairwoman was able to restore order. Mrs. Lloyd-George then resumed.

"It looks well for the future of our country," she said, "that women are taking such keen interest in politics."

The speaker, warmly indorsing Lady Astor, cited two reasons why Lady Astor should be returned the victor in the bye-elections, first, because the presence of a few women in parliament nowadays would be most advisable, and, second, because she was convinced that nobody could discharge the duties in parliament more thoroughly than Lady Astor. She added that the presence of women in parliament was also needed because there was so much current legislation which vitally concerned the home.

"I have always maintained that the right kind of a woman candidate should be a wife, mother and politician," Mrs. Lloyd-George declared.

"In Lady Astor all three of these are combined. I want to appeal to you very earnestly and sincerely to vote for Lady Astor. Work for her so that she may help fight our battles in the house of commons."

Stormed by Lady Astor.

(Special Cable to Atlanta Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger.)

Plymouth, November 14.—Plymouth's ancient citadel has been stormed by Lady Astor. The citadel, a grim and ominous fortress topping a hill, was built by Charles II in 1366. There are forbidding battlements with medieval cannon peeping from the turrets and more ominous still, they all peep, not towards the sea to batter a Spanish armada, but towards the town.

In those days Devon people were none too fond of their king and his unkingly way, so Charles erected this solid, though not unpicturesque, fortification to impress the civilians of Plymouth.

But today one who no doubt will be Plymouth's civil representative in the parliament of the country, swept across the open glacis in front of the fortress gates in an automobile and before the astonished sentry could challenge her, was well inside the fortress, which had never yet capitulated to a foreign foe. Close on her heels came a faithful band of followers.

The object of Lady Astor's visit was to canvass votes for her cause among the royal garrison artillery who are now quartered in the citadel. She received a rousing gunners' welcome. Here, at all events, she was among friends. They did not heckled, but cheered her and she loved it.

Again her speech was in the nature of a friendly talk. The usual attack was launched against her old enemy, the labor party. She said:

"They are getting discharged soldiers who have grievances and exploiting them. But until we have a settled country, a settled government and settled industries there never will be any work for discharged soldiers, and knowing the labor party's policy as I know it, it does not tend towards settling everything."

Lady Astor then asked her brother-in-law, Captain Astor, of the life guards, to speak. He stumped painfully forward, having lost his right leg in the war. He made a typical soldier's speech, brisk, halting, and none too sure of his words. However, he managed to tell them that they had to decide whether they wanted their country to be the peaceful, happy country they fought for, or a place like Russia, full of anarchism, communism, socialism, in fact, every "damned thing ism." Then there was more cheering and no questions. Assuredly every vote recorded from the citadel will be in favor of Lady Astor.

The strain, however, is beginning to tell on Lady Astor. Her "zip" has gone. She looks pale, nervous and weary. During the last ten days Lady Astor has delivered one hundred speeches, into all of which she has thrown her whole nervous energy.

SENATOR MARTIN PLACED IN GRAVE UNDER CEDAR TREE

Charlottesville, Va., November 14. The body of the late Senator Thomas S. Martin, of Virginia, who died here Tuesday, was buried with simple but impressive ceremony in the cemetery of the University of Virginia today.

Men of national fame stood beside those from the village of Scottsville, the late senator's home, while the funeral service was read and elbow-to-elbow with Vice President Marshall was an aged "newsboy" known to university students for half a century.

Fifty members of congress formed a semi-circle about the grave and nearby were fifteen confederate veterans, who had known the democratic leader since the days of his cadetship at the Virginia Military institute and who had served with him in the confederate army.

In compliance with one of Senator Martin's dying wishes, the body rested in a grave beneath a stately cedar tree.

The funeral was conducted by Rev. Beverly Tucker, Jr., in St. Paul's Episcopal church. Pallbearers included Senator Claude Swanson, of Virginia; Colonel Joseph Button, Representative Henry D. Flood, of Virginia; Colonel Henry T. Wickam and Frederic W. Scott, Richmond; Norman B. Hamilton, Norfolk; Dr. Joseph A. Blair, Scottsville, and C. R. S. Michie, of Charlottesville.

The members of congress who attended the funeral included besides the committee appointed by the two houses, nearly all of the leaders on both sides, including Senators Underwood, Lodge and Hitchcock, and Representative Cannon, of Illinois. In addition, Secretary Glass, of the treasury; Thomas Nelso Page, former ambassador to Italy, and former Senator Salisbury, of Delaware, were present.

HUGHES MAKES PLEA FOR INDUSTRIAL JUSTICE

Pittsburg, Pa., November 14.—Machinery for industrial justice which would prevent the interruption of services essential to the community was advocated tonight by Charles E. Hughes in an address on "The Antidote for Bolshevism" at the World's Christian Citizenship conference.

Referring to public servants, transportation and basic industries, he said:

"If the community provide just means for the settlement of complaints and for the redress of wrongs which might be suffered by those engaged in these essential activities, we should have a right to prevent concerted attempt, that is, through any sort of combination, to hold up the community and enforce demands under threat of widespread suffering and want."

For industrial activity outside the essential service, he urged collective bargaining with decisions binding in law.

"The time is at hand," he said, "when we must furnish suitable machinery for industrial justice, at least so far as those vital enterprises are concerned upon which our life depends. The processes of justice imply that the parties to the dispute cannot take the law into their own hands and sacrifice the peace and well-being of the community to their contentions.

"With the apostles of violence silenced, the schemes of inciters to disorder and revolution frustrated, law and order preserved, with an inflexible demand for loyalty on the part of the public servants, with provision for the peaceful and just settlement of industrial disputes, thus making possible effective measures against interruption of essential services to the community, we should go far towards making class rule impossible.

"We have made little progress in providing the machinery for industrial justice and in this respect we are still uncivilized. We are still at the stage corresponding to that of trial by battle and trial by ordeal in the early law of procedure. What is absolutely necessary, as I have pointed out in the case of the basic industries upon which the community's life depends, is clearly advisable throughout the field of industrial activity—although when the vital interest of the community is not involved, the plan should not go further than to facilitate and enforce agreements.

"I believe in the recognition of the right of collective bargaining on the part of labor through representatives of their own choosing. The qualification may be made that these should be proper representatives and not those who aim at the demoralization of our industrial life and use labor disputes as a means to promote sinister designs."

Mr. Hughes favored sharing of excess profits with labor, but opposed co-operative managements.

PUT CASHIER IN VAULT AND THEN STOLE $12,000

Weaverville, Cal., November 14.—Between $12,000 and $15,000 was stolen from the LibertyC ounty bank today by an unmasked bandit, after he had locked the cashier in a vault.

Taking the money in a leather bag, the bandit, said to be known here and to be 60 years old, mounted a horse and rode from town. Posses are searching for him.

The plight of the cashier was not discovered until an honr and a half after the theft.

STEWART'S

Special Sale Silk Stockings Today!



Ladies' Silk Stockings in Black, White, Brown and Navy in neat drop stitch effect—the popular Monito brand, at $1.69

These are $2.25 Values

Mail and Telephone Orders Promptly Filled

Stewart
GOOD SHOES FOR EVERYBODY
FRED'S. STEWART CO. 25 WHITEHALL ST.

Want a New Suit?

Every One in Our Stock Has Been Marked Down



CLEARANCE of our entire stock of winter suits, from the lowest priced to the most expensive, is now in progress. While the calendar has been proclaiming the fact that it was time for cold weather, the thermometer failed to register its arrival until the last day or two. Result—suits haven't sold as we had expected. So now we want to speed their going, and, to that end, have made these radical reductions in prices:

—$40 to $50 suits have been marked down to .	$29.95
—$50 and $55 suits have been marked down to .	$39.95
—$65 to $69.50 suits have been marked down to .	$49.95
—$79.50 to $85 suits have been marked down to .	$64.95
—$95 to $110 suits have been marked down to .	$73.95
—$115 to $147.50 suits have been repriced ...	$89.95
—$160 to $200 suits have been marked down to .	$128.95
—$265 to $325 suits have been marked down to .	$228.95
—$367.50 to $495 suits have been repriced	$298.95

EVERY SALE WILL BE CONSIDERED FINAL

52-54-56 Whitehall Street — Rich's — Telephone Number Main 3132

Society

Miss Lochridge, Hostess.

Miss Elizabeth Lochridge will entertain at the dinner-dance at the Piedmont Driving club this evening, her guests to include Mr. and Mrs. Gus T. Dodd, Mr. and Mrs. William Barnwell, Miss Pauline Bennett, Mr. Homer Hunt, Mr. Curry Moon and Lieutenant Horace Smith.

Atlanta Chapter, D. A. R., To Meet Today.

The Atlanta chapter, D. A. R., will hold their regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 3 o'clock at Craigie house. Visiting Daughters of the American Revolution are cordially invited. Mrs. David Woodward, regent, will preside.

Reports will be read by the officers of the chapter and the chairman of the Americanization committee, Mrs. J. L. Logan.

A knitting committee has been organized to work for the soldiers still in camp, who have been gassed and need caps for outdoor sleeping. Mrs. Woodward asks for volunteers to carry on the work. Wool will be furnished. The program for the day will consist of two papers, one "Oglethorpe," by Mrs. F. H. Orme, and "Glimpses of Georgia in Revolutionary Times," by Mrs. J. P. Womble.

An original poem will be read by Mrs. Robert Blackburn.

A violin solo, by Mr. Flick.

HURST Dancing School, Lee & Gordon Sts., West End.
We Teach You Correct Ball Room Dancing
"WE KNOW HOW"
Private lessons daily 9 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Class lessons daily 8 to 10 p. m.
Member American National Association Masters of Dancing.
For appointment phone West 9119.

College Park Woman's Club.

The College Park Woman's club held a most interesting meeting in the club rooms at Cox college on Wednesday afternoon. The president, Mrs. Edwin Lang, presided. After the business meeting there were informal talks by the members on civics and the betterment of the town. During the afternoon Mrs. S. R. Young gave some very beautiful piano selections.

Fine Corsets at $2.00.
A Special Lot
of Odd Size Corsets at
$2.00
formerly priced up to $8.
Another lot of very High-Grade Corsets at
1/2 Price
—All our Silk, Crepe de Chine and Silk Jersey Underwear at big reductions.
—No woman can afford to miss this sale,
TODAY, MONDAY AND TUESDAY
Specialty Corset Shop
126 Arcade
Mrs. E. G. Wynston, Mgr.

Child Welfare Meeting Of Atlanta Woman's Club

The first meeting this year of the Child Welfare committee of the Atlanta Woman's club will be held next Wednesday morning, November 19, at 10:30 o'clock at the club building.

Plans for the annual Christmas tree will be made and other important topics will be discussed.

Mrs. Thornwell Jacobs and Mrs. Gordon Mitchell are co-chairmen and Mrs. Charles Goodman, secretary and treasurer.

The sub-chairmen include Miss Elizabeth Schlesinger, Mrs. W. H. White, Jr., Mrs. Ernest Kontz, Mrs. George E. King, Mrs. Frederick Foster, Mrs. Claude Frederick, Mrs. B. W. Martin, Mrs. Hal Hart, Mrs. Julian Thomas, Mrs. J. N. Bateman, Mrs. L. W. Rogers, Mrs. Alonzo Richardson, Mrs. Carl Hutcheson and Mrs. George S. Obear, Jr.

Buffet Luncheon For Visitor.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Butters entertained at a buffet luncheon on Friday at their home in the Palmer apartments on Peachtree place, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Day, of Chicago, the guests of Mr. and Mrs John J. Woodside, Jr.

A silver vase of pink carnations graced the center of the table and the minor appointments were in pink also.

Mrs. Butters wore a gown of blue charmeuse.

The guests included only a group of friends made by Mr. and Mrs. Day on their visit here.

Bridge Club Entertained.

Miss Mary Rice entertained the members of her bridge club Friday afternoon at her home on West Peachtree street.

The guests included Miss Madeline McCullough, Miss Georgia Rice, Mrs. Eugene Haynes, Mrs. Harold Rogers, Mrs. Phillip Head, Mrs. Howard Holden and Mrs. Harry Woodward.

Week-End Dinner-Dance at East Lake.

The Atlanta Athletic club announces their informal week-end dinner-dance to be held at the East Lake Country club this evening There are several dinner parties being arranged.

Mrs. Revell, Hostess.

Mrs. Wilbur Revell was hostess to the members of her card club Wednesday afternoon. The top score prize, a Haviland china dinner plate, was won by Mrs. J. S. Turner.

After the games refreshments were served at the card tables.

Mrs. Revell was assisted in entertaining by her sister, Mrs. W. N. Massengale.

The guests included Mrs. J. S. Turner Mrs. B. W. Johnson, Mrs. F. L. Bond, Mrs. O. J. Sower, Mrs. W. N. Massengale, Mrs A. G. Taylor, Turner,. Mrs. B. W. Johnson, Mrs. F. gate, Mrs. James Williamks, Mrs. I. E. Wilcox, Mrs. T. H. Cordle, Mrs. Patillo and Miss Louise Bowles.

Meeting Notices

The regular meeting of Piedmont Continental chapter, D. A. R., will be held in the parlor of the Ansley hotel this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Mrs. W. O. Mitchell, regent, requests a full attendance.

Atlanta chapter, D. A. R., will hold its regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 3 o'clock at Craigie house. Mrs. David Woodward will preside.

Wooten-Mills.

Invitations have been received by the relatives and friends of Miss Claire Wooten, of Dawson, and Mr. Charles Mills, of Griffin, to their wedding, which will occur Thursday evening, November 20, at the home of Mrs. Joseph Wallace Wooten.

MADAME RAVISI HELD ON ESPIONAGE CHARGE

Paris, November 14.—Madame Bernain de Ravisi was arrested today charged with having had intelligence with the enemy. Her house was searched in her presence, and she was then taken to St. Lazare prison.

It is alleged that during the war she visited Switzerland and met Ernest Judet, former director of L'Eclair, who has since been charged with having had commerce with the nemy. Judet has not yet returned to France to meet the charge. It is stated that Madame de Ravisi and Judet met at the residence of Herr Bossard, a German diplomat.

$100,000 Loss by Fire.

Gadsden, Ala., November 14.—Fire which broke out here at an early hour this morning did damage amounting to $100,000, partly covered by insurance. Two business houses were completely destroyed. Quick work by the fire department saved further loss.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mrs. Ben Lee Crew left yesterday for New York, where she will visit her sister, Mrs. Henry Inman.

***

Dr. and Mrs. Cyrus Strickler returned yesterday from Asheville, N. C., where they spent a week at Grove Park Inn.

***

Miss Harriet Benedict, of Athens, is spending today at the Georgian Terrace as the guest of Mrs. Howard McCall.

***

Mrs. John J. Woodside, Jr., was hostess to twelve guests at a beautifully appointed dinner in the Rainbow room of the Hotel Ansley Thursday evening.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Sims, of Winder, are at the Ansley.

***

Mrs. J. O. Newell and Mrs. J. S. Lowrey, Jr., of Carrollton, are at the Hotel Ansley.

***

Mrs. Howard McCall returned yesterday from Columbus, where she attended the state federation.

***

Mrs. W. F. Crusselle returned yesterday from a visit to her sister in White Plains, Ga.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Newcomb, of Cuba, are at the Georgian Terrace.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Giles K. Tinker returned yesterday from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. George W. Connors in Birmingham, Ala., and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Raine until noon today when they leave for their home in New York. They came to Atlanta to attend the Winship-Raine wedding.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Smith, of Philadelphia, are spending a few days at the Georgian Terrace. Before her marriage recently, Mrs. Smith was Miss Alice Davison, of Augusta.

***

Miss Flory Bradley, who is attending G. N. I. college in Milledgeville, will spend the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Bradley.

***

Miss Frances Stovall was the guest of Miss Eleanor Harrison several days this week at her home in College Park.

***

Mrs. W. H. Hinton, of Greenville is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Tom Kener.

***

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Maddox have returned to their home in Greensboro, N. C., after a visit to their parents, Professor and Mrs. Parker, in College Park. They were accompanied by Mr. Joe Kener, who will make his home in Greensboro.

***

Mrs. C. H. Fraeland, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. C. Strodder, for some time, has returned to her home in Savannah.

***

Mrs. A. B. Cunyers, of Cartersville, Ga., is staying with her sister, Mrs. J. G. Simpson, at 17 West Tenth street, while the Methodist conference is in progress.

The Testing of Julia Grant

BY HAZEL DEYO BATCHELOR

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JOHN NORVILLE STATES HIS CLAIM.

READ THIS FIRST.

When a woman takes a man back into her life after he has jilted her she must have a good reason for it. Julia Grant thought she still loved Dan Carson, but after she had given her promise a second time she discovered that she had changed, and that through her work in the hospital she had given her heart to the head surgeon, John Norville. Realization brought with it distrust of herself and she planned to hurry her wedding. In the meantime Julia's young sister, Lucy, has fallen in love with her sister's lover.

NOW GO ON WITH THE STORY.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

Julia did not know what was wrong with Lucy. Once she had discovered the younger girl crying in their room and when she had asked Lucy what was wrong, that young woman had only shaken her head and refused to answer. Julia might have given more thought to Lucy's attitude if she had not been so thoroughly occupied with her own problem. Her one thought these days was to prevent Dan from discovering the fact that she had to grit her teeth whenever he touched her, that she had to force every bit of natural enthusiasm about the approaching event. And Dan was blind, delightfully blind, he did not see because he did not want to see, he was apparently perfectly contented with life.

Julia had not heard a word from the hospital since she had stolen away from it the night, and three days had passed away. It seemed like three years, and the thought of the years that stretched ahead was terrifying when she allowed herself to think at all.

Mrs. Grant had unbent to the extent of allowing Julia to occupy the spare room, and Julia had at least the comfort of privacy. It wasn't so great a consolation to her as it would have been if she had understood what was the matter with Lucy. For the first time since she could remember, Lucy was hard to understand. The childhood clarity that had always characterized her had given way to a womanly reserve. Julia felt Lucy's wide blue eyes fixed on her very often. She felt in a way that Lucy was observing her, scrutinizing her. It was puzzling in the extreme. Lucy had changed in other ways, too. She had become more quiet, and she did not frizz her hair so violently. She copied some of Julia's mannerisms, and she even put on her clothes indifferently so that she seemed toned down.

On the third evening after Julia's flight from the hospital, Julia was sitting before her dressing table in much the same manner as she had been on that fateful night long ago when she had made up her mind to ask Dan what was wrong. She studied her face in the glass and found it changed. Why shouldn't it be changed? She felt years older, she felt that her face should be old and haggard, and full of lines, and yet save for a certain heaviness of the eyes and a droop to the mouth, she was the same Julia Grant.

She heard Mary toil up the stairs and go into her room, and then there came a knock on the door and Julia went to open it. Mary herself stood on the threshold.

"Miss Julia, there's someone downstairs to see you," she said.

"To see me?" Julia wrinkled her brow.

Mary shifted from one foot to the other. Her whole attitude was one of weariness. The house was large and she was the only maid. She grumbled constantly at the work, but there was a certain stubborn faithfulness about her that made her stay on with the Grants even when she knew that she could get a place where the work would be much easier. She smiled now at Julia.

"I took him into the parlor and lighted the gas. You'd better go down before Mr. Dan gets here."

Strange to say, as Julia went down the two flights of dark stairs she had no idea who was waiting for her, and yet when she went into the back parlor it seemed the most natural thing in the world to see Dr. Norville rise from a chair and come toward her.

She stopped and they looked at each other. It came over Julia with overwhelming force that she had not remembered how dear he was. That backward toss of his head, the feeling of strength and force about him. A little sob welled up in her throat.

"You knew I would come, didn't you?" he asked. And she knew he would speak just that way.

"Julia!"

Then she roused.

"You shouldn't have come: you know you shouldn't have come."

"I had to."

She flung out her hands in a little gesture of despair.

"You're going to marry me, Julia Grant," he said exultantly, "no matter who stands between us. Don't you know it?" He had come close to her and he took her chin in his hand and forced her head back so that he could look her into her eyes. Just then the door bell rang. It sounded unusually loud and shrill and Julia started back. It called back a duty.

Tomorrow—What Lucy overheard.

PUBLIC WELFARE FIRST, ACCORDING TO COLVER

Atlantic City, N. J., November 14. Organizations of groups of men for mutual benefit are proper and to be encouraged up to the point where such organizations interfere with the general welfare and public interests, William B. Colver, of the federal trade commission, told the National Coffee Roasters' association meeting here today.

"Individual liberty is only to be enjoyed up to the point where it encroaches upon the liberty of others," the speaker said. "All rights yield to the one dominant right—that of the general welfare.

"Labor was encouraged to organize by trades and crafts in the common interests of the wage-earner. As in the case of organized capital there can be no objection to the mere size of such combinations unless the general welfare, the public interest, is threatened."

Pointing out that during the war each citizen stood ready to contribute his all to the common cause, Mr. Colver depreciated the present day drift toward civil war between employers and employees and to guerilla warfare between producers and consumers. "Organized labor, organized capital, organized farmers, organized landlords, organized tenants, organized everything, and everybody can and will be useful in our national life so long as they function in and for the public interest. Organized selfishness? Never," the speaker declared.

After outlining the objects for which the federal trade commission was created and briefly describing the machinery by which the commission functions, Mr. Colver urged repeal of the excess profits tax, characterizing it as "one of the foundation stones upon which the present intolerable price structure has been reared." He concluded with an attack on the business methods of the "Big Five" meat packers, warning his audience that there were indications that some of the Chicago packers intended to include the coffee business in the long list of their subsidiary activities in the near future.

Westminster Church Raises Funds Sunday To Erect Fine Home

All members and friends of Westminster Presbyterian church are urged to be present at the morning service Sunday, as most important matters will be brought to the attention of the congregation. This is the day set by the church for the taking of the subscriptions for the church building fund.

The outlook is exceedingly bright and a spirit of enthusiasm is abroad in the church and congregation. A committee on plans for the new building has been selected, and now the immediate work is the securing of the funds.

Dr. J. W. Caldwell, Jr., the pastor, will speak at 11 o'clock on the subject, "Investments for the Kingdom," and at 7:30 on the topic, "The Two Words." It is confidently expected that Westminster will have a red-letter day tomorrow. Special music will be rendered at each service.

WALES QUITS CAPITAL FOR SOUTHERN RESORT

Washington, November 14.—The Prince of Wales left Washington tonight, accompanied only by his immediate personal staff, for a three-day stay in a southern winter resort, where he proposes to remain in strict incognito. His next public appearance will be Tuesday, when he arrives in New York to remain there until he sails for England the following Saturday.

The prince called on Mrs. Marshall, wife of Vice President Marshall, who has been slightly indisposed. On his return from a trip to the Naval academy at Annapolis Md., he paid a visit to Cardinal Gibbons, the venerable head of the Roman Catholic church in America. He was received by the cardinal in the rectory of St. Patrick's church and chatted with him for ten minutes. Afterward he drove to the Belmont home, where he dined privately.

At the door of the rectory the prince was greeted by James Burns, a veteran of the Boer war, and a former trooper in the Tenth Royal Hussars, "the Prince's Own." Burns told the prince that he had formed one of the guard of honor at the wedding of his father and mother.

The prince discarded his military uniform in honor of his visit to Annapolis and wore the costume of a captain in the royal navy.

At the Naval academy he was introduced to the famous cheer of the academy. When he entered the great memorial hall where the 2,000 midshipmen were assembled, "Mike" Curley, the school's cheer leader, jumped to the platform and called for "four navies and three princes." The big building shook at the roar that followed.

After a brief address to the midshipmen, in which he paid tribute to the achievements of the American navy in the war, the prince planted a memorial tree in front of Bancroft hall.

Before going to Annapolis today to inspect the Naval academy, the prince purchased 100 Red Cross Christmas seals from Adrienne Mayer, the 5-year-old health crusader, who recently was decorated by General Pershing for making a perfect score in the children's health crusade against disease. The sale was the first made this year and the prince promised to use the seals on his personal letters.

"Startling facts on public health conditions were shown by the medical examination of millions of men during the war," said the prince in making the purchase. "These facts have demonstrated clearly the necessity of attacking harder than ever such menaces as tuberculosis. I am sure this world-wide campaign has the approval of every thoughtful person. The seals really represent the ounce of prevention. I wish the campaign all success."

YELLOW FEVER CASES OCCUR IN NICARAGUA

Managua, November 14.—An outbreak of yellow fever is causing some alarm. Cases of the disease have been discovered in the provinces of Loon and Managua, while another case, believed to be yellow fever, is under observation in Granada province.

The government is working energetically to suppress the disease and an active hygienic campaign has been inaugurated in conjunction with the work of the representative of the Rockefeller institute, who is seeking elimination of the hookworm. The institute representative said today that he did not fear the yellow fever would become epidemic.

ARMY ORDERS

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, November 14.—By direction of the president, Colonel Joseph Matson, coast artillery, is detailed as professor of military science and tactics at Vanderbilt university, Nashville, Tenn.

Colonel Peter Murray, general staff, will proceed to the following named places for the purpose of carrying out the instructions of the chief of staff, for the inspection of training of troops at those places. Camp Benning, Ga., and Atlanta.

Captain James Wesley Duckworth, medical corps, will proceed to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., and report to the commanding general of that post for duty.

Second Lieutenant Charles L. Williams, infantry, now at Camp Benning, Columbus, Ga., will proceed to Fort McPherson, Ga., and report to the commanding officer, general hospital No. 6, for further observation and treatment.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP URGED OF FORESTS

New York, November 14.—Public ownership of timber land, national or state—with private cutting and marketing—was advocated by the Paper and Pulp association's committee on forest conservation in a report submitted to the association conference here today. Such ownership was said to be essential for the growth of the older and larger sizes of timber, its production being too long and hazardous an undertaking with too little earnings to attract private capital in adequate amounts.

In line with this opinion, speedy adoption and execution of national and state forest policies, co-ordinated and co-operative, was urged.

Public purchase of cut-over lands by the nation and the states should be enlarged and extended to all parts of the country, the report said. It also advocated more vigorous and general extension of fire prevention co-operation between the nation and the states, state adoption of uniformly fair forest taxation laws, establishment of forest nurseries and the preparation of forest working plans.

A very [illegible] ram of forest planting on denuded lands which show little promise of new natural crops was urged as a needed departure which has not been undertaken seriously in the United States.

The best obtainable estimates, according to the report, indicate an original forest area in the United States of 850,000,000 acres. Based on the same figures the present area is only 550,000,000 acres. Of this 200,000,000 acres are practically merchantable timber, 250,000,000 acres have been partly cut and burned over with fair natural reproduction and 100,000,000 acres are cut and burned so badly that extensive planting will be needed to restore it to anything like a productive basis.

SAVANNAH PROPOSES TO INCREASE REVENUE

Savannah, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—In addition to proposals for specific graded business taxes, street tax—which has never been collected here—and other forms of increasing the revenue of the city, a unique plan has been proposed to add more dollars to the receipts. Ten per cent reduction has been for years allowed in discount on tax bills if paid before certain dates, but it is now proposed to abolish that system and substitute the collection of 10 per cent panalties if taxes are not paid by a certain date.

BLACK-DRAUGHT A FAMILY MEDICINE

Some Kind of Stomach Trouble With Cramps and Terrible Pains Made This Oklahoma Man's Life Miserable Until Black-Draught Relieved Him.

Chickasha, Okla.—Mrs. J. W. Walker recently said this: "We use Black-Draught as a family medicine and think it is the only liver medicine made. My husband makes it up and uses it as a tonic as well as a laxative. I use it for headache, sour stomach, a full heavy feeling after meals, which I suppose is indigestion, and it certainly does me a lot of good.

My husband had some kind of stomach trouble—we don't know just what. It would strike him just any time in the day and cramp or pain him just terribly bad. Someone told him how to make a tea of the Black-Draught, which he did. It did him so much good, it removed the cause and cured him. Since then we have praised the Black-Draught to our friends, and gladly do so."

Seventy years of successful use has made Thedford's Black-Draught a standard, household remedy. Every member of the family at times needs the help that Black-Draught can give in cleansing the system and preventing or relieving the troubles that comes from constipation, indigestion, lazy liver, etc.

Try Black-Draught. Sold by all druggists.—(adv.)

Atlanta's Brightest Spot
HIGH'S
Daylight Department Store

You Never Saw a More Attractive Sale—
Knitwear!



Children's Ribbed Pants
Worth 39c, for Saturday
—THESE ARE FLEECE LINED with flexible waist band. They are made of pure bleached cotton and have 6 button holes worked in band. Sizes are 22 to 28.
No phone or C. O. D. orders filled, none exchanged. We reserve the right to limit quantities.
19c

—WOMEN'S UNION SUITS MADE OF fleece-lined bleached cotton. These are winter weight and have taped necks.
Regular sizes 98c
Out sizes $1.19

—WOMEN'S UNION SUITS OF MERINO, with crocheted fronts and necks. Long sleeves, high necks and ankle length. Priced—
Regular sizes $2.98
Extra sizes $3.50

—WOMEN'S VESTS MADE OF FLEECE-lined bleached cotton; fronts are finished and neck is trimmed with mercerized tape. Marked for Saturday 98c
Pants to match 98c

—WOMEN'S UNION SUITS IN FLESH OR white. These are fall weight, low neck, sleeveless and can be had in either knee or ankle length.
Regular sizes $1.79
Extra sizes $1.98

—CHILDREN'S UNION SUITS OF SOFT ribbed cotton, fleece-lined, drop seat styles, in sizes 2 to 12. Special for Saturday .. 98c

—CHILDREN'S UNION SUITS OF MERINO. These have reinforced shoulders, drop seats and taped buttons for fastening to undergarments. Sizes 2 to 12. Priced according to quality ..... $1.98 to $2.50
—*Third Floor.*

We're Clearing 30 Girls' and Junior Suits Worth $37.50 to $97.50
At 1-3 Off Regular Prices

—THERE NEED HARDLY BE MORE THAN AN announcement to bring mothers here in a body today! They ought to go in a few hours' time! The materials are Velour, Cheviots, Broadcloth, Tricotine and Silvertone. The colors, taupe, navy, sand, Chinese blue, oxford, rose, copen and garnet.

—TAILORED EFFECTS, SOME SELF, OTHERS fur trimmed. There is a stylishly noticeable use of buttons and braids in trimming effects also.

—*Third Floor.*

Every Suit Marked in Plain Figures—Price Will Be Changed at Time of Purchase

Buy Toys NOW---and We Will Store Them Until Wanted

There will be a scarcity later. We have increased our storage space and will hold them for your order to deliver.

* * * * * * *

Pay cash if you wish, or make a deposit and we will store whatever you buy and will deliver it to you at the time designated.

The Mighty Forces Behind This Sale of Girls' Dresses Are the Quality and Low Price
Velvet, Tricotine, Jersey



Worth up to $65.00 **$29.75**

—THESE DRESSES CAN BE HAD IN BLACK, navy and colors. In the lot are some stylish ripple-tail models. Mocha embroidery, laces, handsome novelty ribbons and buttons are the trimmings. All in all, they are quite the handsomest dresses we could find. When we bought them, however, it was not to sell at this price.

The sizes are 12, 14 and 16.

—*Third Floor.*



CHILDREN THRIVE ON
Peacock Syrup
Nourishes the body. Satisfies the taste. Economical. Delicious. Grown folks like it, too.
Red Label Cans at Your Grocer's
SOUTHERN SYRUP COMPANY
MONTGOMERY BIRMINGHAM JACKSON

FIUME DESERTED BY D'ANNUNZIO

Reported That Poet-Soldier Has Left the Adriatic City—Food Is Now Going to Fiume.

Triest, November 14.—A telegram to the stock exchange here states that Gabriele d'Annunzio has left Fiume.

FOOD GOES TO FIUME.

Fiume, November 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—Food is now passing to Fiume regularly over the railway from Trieste. Commercial relations with the outside world have begun. The opening of sea traffic which is expected has caused resumption of work in the harbor as well as in some Fiume industries which have been tied up during the occupation by the forces of Gabriele d'Annunzio.

Efforts are being made by the d'Annunzio command to stabilize the currency. All old Hungarian money has been called in and money which does not bear the Fiume mark will be invalidated. Money has been pouring in from all parts of Italy. It has been used to pay the soldiers and to keep up the d'Annunzio organization. It also has been distributed to the unemployed so as to allay unrest among the laboring classes.

Relaxation of the blockade by land and sea is expected to relieve the situation. There are six thousand unemployed in Fiume, half of these recruiting in the d'Anunzio forces, and receiving the Fiume volunteers' pay of 500 crowns monthly.

Officers are given 1000 crowns monthly. Both enlisted men and officers live gay lives in cafes and theaters, enjoying the lavish compensations.

Pay given to the unemployed averages 200 crowns monthly. This is approximately $3 in American money at the present rate of exchange. The necessaries of life in Fiume are very high, a pair of shoes costing 400 crowns, and a meal at a hotel costs 80 to 100 crowns.

Irish Freedom Club Enrolls 100 Members In Two Weeks' Time

By James A. Hollomon.
(By Constitution Leased Wire)

Washington, November 14.—The Irish national bureau in Washington made public today the following news bulletin:

"A new branch of the friends of Irish freedom in Nashville, Tenn., has enrolled in two weeks more than 100 members. In this southern educational center it is evident that Ireland's cause has many adherents. The name of Anthony Wayne, Irish hero of revolutionary days, has been selected for the branch, to which a number of the most active and earnest men and women in Nashville already belong.

"It might be said of Tennessee, as Irvin Cobb says of Kentucky, that some of the 'lost Irish tribes of the south' are there. In Memphis, as perhaps nowhere in the south, is the sympathy for Ireland's struggle for freedom more widespread and hearty, but it could scarcely be otherwise in a city so genuinely American and noted for its open mind and liberal attitude.

"Chattanooga, too, is deeply sympathetic with the Irish people in their fight for freedom, and from the mountains in east Tennessee, where sturdy Americans have always gloried in their independence and hatred of oppression, come other pledges of support. From the Cumberlands to the Mississippi the voice of Tennessee calls for Ireland's freedom."

PLAN TO EXECUTE COLORED SLAYER IN FAMOUS CASE

Anniston, Ala., November 14.—(Special.)—Preparations are being made for the execution on December 5 of Edgar Caldwell, the negro ex-soldier who was convicted of the murder of Conductor Cecil Linton on an Oxford Lake car in December of last year. Caldwell's case has been through every possible legal phase, efforts to save him from the gallows through appeal to the supreme court after a strong fight in the local court had failed to prevent conviction. Only clemency by the governor can now prevent his execution.

The case became a noted one through the intervention of President Wilson, in a letter to Governor Kilby, when there appeared to be a question if the state court or the army should handle him. Threatening letters to Judge H. D. Merrill, who sentenced Caldwell, also feature the case. Sheriff Parker does not expect any interference now and bids for the scaffold have been asked and plans made for enclosing the jail yard with a high board fence.

Foreign News Items.

(The Constitution—London Times—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

London, November 13.—(By Cable.)—British casualties in the battle of Jutland were 6,014 killed and 674 wounded.

Berlin metal workers have ended their strike.

Dr. Masayrk, president of the Czecho-Slovak republic, has countersigned the peace treaty.

While crossing the Russo-Finnish frontier, Professor Baron Nolde was shot by a Finnish sentinel.

Two thousand shop assistants have gone on strike at Cairo for 24 hours, alleging breach of contract.

The German national debt next year, apart from indebtedness under the peace treaty, will amount to more than $50,000,000.

France's revenue from indirect taxation and state enterprises for October amounted to $21,501,000 francs, an increase of 204,860,000 francs on budget estimates.

The sailing ship Colbert, on her way from Fecamp to England, was cut in half by a Swedish steamship. Two of the crew of 12 were rescued. The fate of the remainder is unknown.

A Vienna telegram says that the government has decided to refuse Bavaria's application for the extradition of Max Levien, leader of the short-lived communist regime in Munich.

Poulet, the French airman, has arrived at Bushore and resumed his flight to Karachi.

The Angora industry in South Africa at present is worth $5,000,000 per annum for its mohair alone.

Steamers on the Colne, which have been idle on account of coal shortage, have resumed sailings, using petrol and oil.

Statistics just published show that the capital invested by British enterprises in Latin-American republics amounts to $5,000,000, of which about $100,000,000 is invested in Brazil.

A strike of metal workers has been declared at several great industrial centers in Czecho-Slovakia, notably at Pilsen.

Aerial service aeroplanes for from 6 to 8 passengers have been established from Munich to Berlin via Nuremburg and Leipzig, from Munich to Frankfurt-on-Main and from Munich to Vienna.

Georgia Postmasters.

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, November 14.—The following Georgia fourth-class postmasters have been appointed:

At Leslie, Sumter county Georgia, Edward J. Young, vice James R. Pilcher.

RUMANIAN TROOPS LEAVING BUDAPEST

Budapest, November 14.—(Via Basle.)—(By the Associated Press.) The Rumanian troops began evacuating Budapest this morning, the national army holding the bridgehead as they left. Pest had been evacuated by 10 o'clock and the national army was occupying it.

11 MEN AND WOMEN HAVE BEEN INDICTED

Continued from First Page.

rie Hilton, of 56 West Cain street, was arrested by Detectives Sturdevant, Campbell and Rosser. Mrs. Billie Hamilton, age 23, of 56 West Cain street, was arrested by the same officers. Walter Mooney was also arrested, giving his address as the Gem hotel.

In recorder's court on September 13 the case against Mrs. Glover was dismissed, and her husband was bound over under $500 bond, charged with receiving stolen goods. O'Rourke was bound over under $500 bond, charged with larceny from the house, and Mrs. Hamilton was charged with the same offense. Mrs. Hamilton was bound over under $300 bond for larceny from the house. Mooney was held under a $500 bond for larceny from the house.

Claims He Was Duped.

It is declared that O'Rourke claims that he was duped into the thefts that he admits by Marie Hilton, who is said to have chided O'Rourke for his working as a garage hand when the matter of making money by robbing express wagons at the Terminal shed was such a simple matter. It is further declared that she assisted O'Rrouke in beginning his system of robberies showing him the detectives at the station, and watching while he perpetrated some of the alleged robberies.

The goods stolen, and subsequently bought by the persons against whom the indictments are made, consist mostly of expensive clothes that were in the care of the American Railway Express company when they were stolen. It is thought that some of those arrested also had a hand in the actual robbery of the express trucks, although no indictments to that effect were made. O'Rourke is said to have charged Baldwin, the taxi man, with assisting in the hauling of the goods from the station to a place of storage.

The specific charges against Baldwin in the indictment are that he received stolen goods to the amount of $325, and the others indicted bear the charges of receiving amounts varying in value from $50 to more than $3,300.

Recommendations Made.

In view of these indictments, the following recommendation was made to the mayor and general council of Atlanta by the grand jury, relative to the Baldwin Taxicab company and the Southern hotel:

Grand Jury Room, Fulton County.

To the Honorable Mayor and General Council, City of Atlanta.

Gentlemen: In the exercise of the duties incumbent upon this body, evidence has developed that the licenses of certain parties doing business by authority of your honorable body should be revoked or withdrawn. These parties are:

The Southern hotel, and

The Baldwin Taxicab company.

Baldwin, the proprietor of the latter company, is under indictment at present under two counts, one for receiving stolen goods, and one for selling liquor, and is not a proper person to come in contact with the public.

The jury has reason to believe that the proprietor and certain of the employees of the Southern hotel are implicated in the receiving and disposition of stolen goods.

We therefore respectfully request a thorough investigation and the immediate revocation of the licenses of these parties to do business in the city.

(Signed) A. M'D. WILSON, Foreman.
ANDREW J. HANSELL, Secretary.

Goods Recovered.

The goods said to have been received by W. H. Baldwin consisted of ladies' suits to the value of $325.

Jack Farrer is charged with receiving one man's suit and five silk shirts, to the value of $125.

J. G. and Ruth Glover, in two indictments, are said to have received two pink silk underskirts, one lady's silk waist, one lady's blue coat and skirt, four ladies' black coats, one tan suit, one blue suit, 12 ladies' coat suits, 36 ladies' skirts, 12 ladies' house dresses, 36 ladies' shirtwaits, 24 silk petticoats, 12 one-piece dresses, 18 suits of men's clothes, 24 silk shirts, 12 ladies' silk underwear, 26 pairs of ladies' silk stockings, 236 men's silk ties, six ladies' black coats, five suits men's box back style clothes, with a total valuation of $3,697.

Mrs. Marie Hilton, alias Marie Evans, alias Marie Edwards, alias Mrs. Marie Favors, is said to have stolen 12 children's sailor suits, six ladies' coat suits, 24 ladies' silk underwear, 12 ladies' silk shirtwaists, 36 pairs silk stockings, eight blue silk skirts, two taffeta silk dresses, one baby's coat, six ladies' silk night gowns, two men's blue suits of clothes, one box of ladies' pocketbooks, two ladies' fur coats, valued at $1,129.

Charge Against Marie.

Marie Hilton, under another bill, is said to have received one ladies' blue coat suit and one ladies' blue tricotine cloth coat and skirt valued at $75.

Walter Mooney, alias Walter Lewis, is charged with receiving one lady's checked suit, one lady's blue serge coat suit, valued at $75.

Jesse Renfroe is said to have gotten one man's brown suit valued at $50.

Bob Sewell, under two indictments, is charged with receiving one man's blue suit, seven ladies' coat suits, 50 thirteen one-piece house dresses, one lady's coat, one suit of men's clothes, valued at $1,025.

Skinny Sinclair is said to have received two ladies' coat suits valued at $120.

Clarence Singer is said to have received twelve ladies one-piece dresses, one lady's blue coat suit, one men's blue suit, $100 total.

Gertie Upchurch is said to have received one man's blue suit valued at $65.

The total itemization of goods sums up $6,766.

MORTUARY

J. I. McBee.

J. I. McBee, 70 years old, died Friday morning at the Confederate Soldiers' home after a long illness. Mr McBee was a United Confederate Veteran. The body is at the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son.

William Jackson Corley.

William Jackson Corley died Friday at the residence, 264 Waldo street. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Corley, and one brother. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Mrs Lizzie Hill.

Mrs. Lizzie Hill, 33 years old, died at the home, 18 Emerald avenue, Friday morning. She is survived by her husband, T. W. Hill, and four small children.

Mildred Moody.

Mildred Moody, 8 years old, died Friday at the residence, 57 Washington street, East Point. She is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Moody. The body was removed to Hemperley's chapel at East Point.

Mrs. Hannah Taylor.

Mrs. Hannah Taylor, 23 years old, of 107 Carroll street, died Friday at a private hospital. She is survived by one sister, Mrs. T. J. Fuller, and four brothers. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Mrs. Sarah Withers.

Mrs. Sarah Withers, 90 years old, died at the residence, 98 Dodd avenue, at 11 o'clock Friday night. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Mary Tripps and Miss Laura Withers, and three sons, G. H. Withers, of Kirkwood; T. H. Withers, of Cartersville, and A. A. Withers, of Atlanta.

Miss J. A. Robertson.

Miss J. A. Robertson, 64 years old, died Friday morning at her residence, 79 Hampton street. She is survived by four sisters, Mrs. H. C. Holcomb and the Misses Nancy E., Frances S. and Elvira C. Robertson, and two brothers, J. N. Robertson and R. L. Robertson, the latter of Chattanooga.

J. L. McBee.

J. L. McBee, 79 years old, died late Thursday night at the Confederate Soldiers' home, where he had been an inmate for the last five years. He is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Coley Sellers, of Hawkinsville, Ga. The body was taken to the parlors of H. M. Patterson & Son.

Ballard Lee Buchanan.

Ballard Lee Buchanan, 33 years of age, died at the home, 45 West Ontario avenue, Friday morning. He is survived by his widow and several small children; his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Buchanan, of Virginia; three sisters, Mrs. Artie Wagner, Mrs. Henry Umbarger and Miss Ida Buchanan, and four brothers, George, William, Price and Oscar Buchanan. The body was taken to Greenberg & Bond's chapel, and will be sent to Colbert today.

GEORGIA DRUG EXPERTS ATTENDINGCONVENTION

Georgia will be represented at the thirty-sixth annual convention of the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists, to be held in Washington November 17-19 by Dr. T. E. Keitt, of the Georgia experiment station, and Dr. A. R. Bliss, professor of pharmacology and head of the department of pharmacology in the school of medicine of Emory university. Dr. Keitt is chief of the section on potash, and Dr. Bliss is chief of the section on alkaloids. Both of these gentlemen will present reports on the investigations and research of their respective sections covering a period of two years.

Dr. H. W. Wiley, formerly chief of the bureau of chemistry of the United States and well-known authority on foods and drugs, will present the honorary president's address. Addresses will also be made by Dr. P. F. Trowbridge, of the North Dakota university, president of the association; Dr. C. L. Alsberg, chief of the bureau of chemistry of the United States; Dr. G. W. Hoover, chief of the section on drugs; Dr. B. B. Ross, of the Alabama Polytechnic institute at Auburn; Professor William Frear, of the University of Pennsylvania; Professor C. H. Jones, of the University of Vermont; Dr. R. E. Doolittle, of the bureau of chemistry at Washington, and Professor C. B. Lipman, of the University of California. A record attendance is expected at this, the first meeting of the association since the United States entered the world war.

GETREATH BADLY HURT

Ball Ground Man Injured by Automobile.

Suffering from injuries received as the result of being run down early Friday night by an automobile driven by Henry Seigel, of 148 Forsyth street, G. E. Getreath, of Ball Ground, Ga., was carried unconscious to Grady hospital. He soon recovered consciousness, but it was said by physicians that his skull was probably fractured.

Witnesses who saw the accident, it is said, do not attach blame to the driver. Seigel was arrested and carried to police headquarters, where he was charged with reckless driving. He was released on $300 bond.

Germans Are Coming.

Berlin, November 14.—The German labor delegation will leave for Washington November 18. The delegates will participate in the international labor conference.

REDUCING PLANT FOR CITY URGED

Dr. Linton Smith Declares Atlanta Would Make $30,000 Yearly in Disposal of Dead Animals.

Disposition of the city's dead animals will be made in 1920 at a saving of $2,000 over 1919. The contract for next year was awarded to the City Disinfecting and Refining company by the board of health at its meeting Friday afternoon. The company will collect only the larger animals and the city will gather up the smaller animals for which service it paid $2,000 last year. All the dead animals picked up by the city will be carried to the crematory and there placed in a receptable from which they will be removed by the disinfecting company.

Another feature of the meeting was a communication from Dr. Linton Smith based on investigations he had conducted as a member of a special committee of the board appointed to make recommendations concerning the disposal of the city's dead animals, in which he declared that the city by building its own reducing plant would create an income of $30,000 a year.

In making the new agreement the disinfecting company has consented to gather up and dispose of all the larger animals for $100 a year. Under their former contract they received $2,100 a year, but gathered up all animals regardless of size.

Committee Investigates.

When the question of renewing the contract for disposing of the dead animals came up several weeks ago before the board the president appointed a committee composed of Dr. Linton Smith, D. J. Baker and Chief Jentzen to investigate and find out if more advantageous terms could not be obtained for another year. Bids were advertised for but none submitted.

Although the committee made no report as a whole to the board Friday, Dr. Smith presented a letter formulated by him which contained the result of personal investigations which he had made with reference to the disposal by the city of its animals.

He declared that in his opinion the city should own and operate its own reducing plant and that by so doing, basing his calculations on the annual number of animals collected and the prices current for the marketable products obtained from them, the city would derive a gross income of about $30,000 a year. He showed where a large number of cities were making a profit by so doing.

He pointed out that the steam generated and wasted at the city crematory, even though varying in amounts more or less, would more than suffice to run a reduction plant with little additional cost to the city, and that the returns from the plant for one year would more than cover the cost of four thirty-barrel daily capacity tanks and such other machinery as would be needed to dispose of all dead animals and much other animal matter that now goes into our garbage and is more or less destroyed by burning.

He pointed out further that all of the products resulting from such a plant, such as hides, tankage, grease, etc., could find a market right here in the city entailing no cost of shipping.

Dr. Smith's Letter.

The letter of Dr. Smith to the board is as follows:

Board of Health,
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen: As a member of the committee to advertise for bids for the disposal of the dead animals in Atlanta I have made some investigations, the result of which I would like to bring before this body.

Horse hides are worth $8 each.

Cow hides, 25c per pound, and an average cow hide will weigh about forty pounds, making cow hides worth about $10.

The grease obtained in rendering animals varies from 6 to 10 cents per pound, with an average of about 7 cents per pound.

Bones are worth 50 cents per 100 pounds.

Tankage is worth from $15 to $18 per ton.

Chief Jentzen states that there are from 1,200 to 1,800 large animals, horses, cows, etc. to dispose of in Atlanta each year and without considering the small animals, of which there are several thousand a year, and taking 1,500 as a basis of calculation, the city would derive a gross income of about $30,000 per year if we owned and operated our own rendering plant. I have placed my estimate of weights of animals and the different materials resulting from their disposal at the lowest possible figure in arriving at the above estimate.

Atlanta has a vast amount of steam at the city crematory at times, although the variations make this steam entirely useless for most practical purposes, but the steam generated and wasted at the plant would more than suffice to run a reduction plant of this kind with little additional cost to the city. The returns from the plant for one year would more than cover the cost of four 30-barrel daily capacity tanks and such other machinery as would be needed to dispose of all dead animals and much other animal matter that now goes into our garbage and is more or less destroyed by burning.

We could dispose of all the products resulting from such a plant, as hides, tankage, grease etc. in the city without the cost of shipping, freight, etc.

Cities Make Profit.

Ninety-one per cent of the large cities with which I have communicated either make a profit or are able to dispose of their dead animals without cost to themselves. Below I am listing a few of these cities and making a brief note of their method of disposal.

Indianapolis disposes of dead animals by the reduction method in their own plant and make a profit thereby.

St. Louis has a contract with the East Side Rendering company, which pays the city $425 per month for the large animals, and the company also pays well for all small animals, making a total paid the city of $5,100 per year. The animals are collected by the city and dumped on a platform and the responsibility there ends.

Louisville has a contract with two companies and receives from them 10 cents each for dogs, 3 cents for cats and an average of $9 for horses and mules. The small animals are collected by the city and the companies collect the large animals when notified. The city derives a profit from the transaction.

Cleveland disposes of her dead animals by the reduction method with the garbage and makes a profit, but it is impossible to give definite figures, as the animals and garbage are disposed of together.

Kansas City has a contract with the Standard Rendering company, who when notified, send for and dispose of all dead animals without any cost to the city, and the company makes a profit, but declines to state the amount, but the city loses nothing by this method.

Cincinnati disposes of her garbage by the reduction method and the animals are disposed of with the garbage, so that definite figures are not available. But I will call your attention to a statement made to me by W. C. Folsom, chief sanitary inspector, as follows:

"In your city of Atlanta, where you dispose of mixed garbage and rubbish by the incineration method there is no reason why the city can not enter into a contract with someone whereby all dead animals can be promptly collected and disposed of by the reduction proceeds at a profit to the city. In other words, there is sufficient value in the grease, fertilizer and hides from dead animals for the contractor to make a profit and still pay the city for being allowed the sole collection privileges."

Figured as Profit.

In Cincinnati there is no direct profit or loss from the collection and disposal of dead animals. However, the garbage contractor figures that it is the most valuable portion of the material which he will collect and consequently figures it as a profit to the city in making his bid.

Chicago has a contract with the Canal Melting company which pays the city approximately $5,000 a year for the privilege of collecting dead animals. Twenty years ago Chicago paid $37,500 a year to dispose of its dead animals.

Birmingham has a contract with a rendering company which pays the city $1 for each dead animal weighing over 100 pounds. Commissioner Burruss says: "This system would hardly more than pay expenses, as the matter has been looked at entirely from a health point of view. Our arrangement is not altogether satisfactory."

Springfield, Ill. notifies a company, who sends for all dead animals. Dr. A. E. Campbell, superintendent of health, says: "This settles a question that has long puzzled this municipality. The company is making big money out of the contract."

Boston notifies one of the companies, who send for the dead animal and remove it without cost to the city. Dr. William C. Woodward, health commissioner, says: "Upon receipt of the notice of the location of a dead animal in any part of the city of Boston these firms are at once notified and they remove the animal to their rendering establishment in suitable trucks without expense to the city or owner of the animal, and in some instances by payment to the owner. This method has been carried on for years in a satisfactory manner and is a paying proposition to such firms."

As no other contractor nor the city could buy and assemble a rendering plant before our contract expires with the City Disinfecting and Refining company, I would suggest that our contract with this company be renewed for one year, and in the meantime we can consider the matter of saving the city thousands of dollars a year.

AMUSEMENTS

Alexander, "The Man Who Knows."

(Coming to the Atlanta Theater.)

If reports from elsewhere may be accepted as criterions the theater-goers with an investigating type of mentality are going to have plenty to ponder over during the engagement at the Atlanta theater of Alexander, "The Man Who Knows," who is to head his show of wonders for one week at that playhouse, commencing next Monday. Alexander comes heralded as the peer of psychics, and press comment has it that he truly is a mental wonder when it comes to fathoming the minds of his auditors. How he does it is his own secret. He accomplishes all that he promises and more, all demonstrations of psychic phenomena being given upon a fully-lighted stage or while he is down in the audience, and no matter the mystic's method, it is undoubtedly excellent entertainment with the fascinating element of mystery predominating and the suggestion of the supernatural ever present. Alexander, however, makes no claims to the supernatural, nor to any other unusual affiliation. The program of the Alexander attraction consists in the opening part new and original magical novelties; the second, Oriental dance creations, artistically interpreted by Lillian Marion and the Nartell Twins, whose efforts have stamped them as authorities, and the third and closing to the famed Simla seance, or crystal gazing. It is in this latter that the seer responds to any question that may be propounded, whether written in English or a foreign language, and sealed, soldered, or sewn up as the writer may fancy. There will be a special matinee for the ladies only on Friday and the regular matinees for the general public on Wednesday and Saturday. Seats are now on sale.

Four Shows Today.

(At Loew's Grand.)

The program at Loew's Grand today brings five acts of Loew vaudeville and Dustin Farnum as the screen feature in "A Man's Fight." The performance is continuous, from 1 to 11 p. m., with four vaudeville shows, at 2, 4, 7 and 9 p. m. Among the vaudeville offerings are Steve Freda and his steel-string guitar; McGreeve and Doyle in "Motoring Difficulties;" Tyler and St. Clair in a musical episode; Downing and Bunin in a comedy skit, and The Spartans, exponents of physical culture.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Lyric.)

Scenes in Venice are shown in the beautiful act offered by the Imperial Venetians now being offered at the Lyric theater. In this number there are seven people, three men and four women, and all of them are fine singers. The act is a splendid one in every way and has won every audience. The Three Genii, lady gymnasts, have also pleased. In addition there are three other big acts and a picture program.

STRIKERS AND POLICE IN BATTLE AT PARIS

Paris, ovember 14.—Striking employees of department stores made two attempts to invade the galleries LaFayette, one of the largest stores in Paris, but were driven back by the police, who formed a cordon around the building.

The police lines were drawn, the crowd, estimated to number 2,000, made a determined effort to break through. This resulted in lively fist fighting. During the melee a delivery wagon was overturned and its contents taken. Fifty-one persons were arrested.

LITTLE ENTHUSIASM APPARENT IN MOSCOW

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, November 14.—State department advices regarding the situation in Russia, state that there is not very much real enthusiasm in Moscow over recent forward movements of the bolshevik forces.

Trotzky recently made it known that a battalion in the rear of the red army has orders to fire upon any red soldiers attempting to fall back. The bolshevik reserves in central Russia now comprise only 200,000 men engaged on the various fronts.

INTENSE COLD FORCES AIRPLANE TO LAND

New York, November 14.—The Handley-Page airplane which started early today from Mineola on what was intended to be a non-stop flight to Chicago, descended at Mount Jewett, Pa., this afternoon, according to a message received by Dr. Miller Reese Hutchinson. Intense cold in the upper levels of the air forced the landing, the telegram said.

Vice Admiral Mark Kerr, commanding the plane, dispatched the telegram at 4:30 o'clock. It read:

"Water trouble, probably due to the intense cold weather, necessitated landing here. Hope to continue on Cleveland tomorrow. Strong head winds all the way. We are two miles from Mount Jewett."

REMEDY IS FOUND FOR INFLUENZA

Hodges' Croup Rub Is Best for Preventing and Curing This Dread Disease.

Hodges' Croup Rub played an important part in curbing the epidemic of influenza that wrought havoc throughout the world.

Mr. Joseph B. Daniel, of Dexter, Ga., writes us as follows: "I want to tell you what a wonderful remedy Hodges' Croup Rub is in the treatment of influenza and colds in the chest. My daughter used it in two cases of influenza and says it is the best remedy she has ever found."

Hodges' Croup Rub is an external remedy for croup, colds, influenza, pneumonia, catarrh and grippe. When rubbed freely on the chest and back it penetrates at once, giving relief.

Your home is not safe without a bottle of this old reliable remedy in your medicine chest. Order a bottle of Hodges' Croup Rub from your druggist today.—(adv.)

Hodges' Croup Rub

FINNISH TROOPS TO AID YUDENITCH

30,000 Men Will Be Sent to Reinforce Anti-Bolshevik General, Who Is Driving at Petrograd.

Helsingfors, England, November 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Baltic states conference at Dorpat has been advised that Finland has decided to aid General Yudenitch with 30,000 volunteers in a new attempt to take Petrograd within the next few weeks.

This development may seriously interfere with and perhaps speedily bring to an end the efforts of the Baltic states delegates here to reach an agreement with the Russian bolsheviki.

A delegate to the conference intimated to the correspondent that such great pressure had been suddenly brought upon the conferees that it would be impossible to attempt to negotiate a peace with the bolsheviki. Reports here are that the pressure came from England and France.

An important statement explaining the changed position of the conference is expected to be made at 1 p. m. Friday by M. Piip, the Esthonian foreign minister, and Carl Pauluk and Dr. Schlupas, the leaders, respectively, of the Letvian and Lithuanian delegations.

"It is possible that tomorrow will be the last day of the conference," said the informant of the Associated Press with regard to the changed situation. Asked as to the nature of pressure, which was alleged to have been brought to bear upon the conference, the delegate said:

"Pressure can be exercised by another means than a blockade, which would be rather crude. There are a hundred ways, including financial and economic methods."

The delegate emphasized the assertion there were 200,000 German troops in east Prussia, saying:

"They were permitted to occupy the Baltic states."

A great change was apparent in the demeanor of the delegates when they emerged from this evening's conference, which was a long one. They appeared to be depressed and even dejected. Several of them will return to their respective capitals tomorrow to discuss the new situation with their governments.

No change has been made in the plan to receive the bolshevik representatives Monday, as it is considered necessary to discuss with them questions wholly independent of the subject of peace.

BOLSHEVIKI LOSE BREST-LITOVSK.

London, November 14.—The bolsheviki have been overthrown in Brest-Litovsk, a soviet wireless dispatch from Moscow today admits. After fighting the insurgents there for eight days, the bolsheviki withdrew "under ground." (This expression is commonly used in Russia to indicate the temporary abandonment of an attempt to control, the defeated elements scattering and abandoning open organized effort for the time being.)

The communique asserts that the bolshevik army in Siberia has captured 90,000 tons of grain.

Another announcement in the message is that 90,000 tons of oil were burned in a fire at Groznyi in the northern Caucasus.

AGREEMENT REACHED ON EDGE MEASURE

Washington, November 14.—House and senate conferees today agreed upon the final form of the Edge bill, authorizing the creation of banking and financial corporations to promote American foreign trade.

NO MORE SOLDIERS FOR CAMP GORDON

Washington, November 14.—No more officers and enlisted men will be sent to Camps Gordon, Ga.; Pike, Ark., or Dodge, Iowa, for discharge after November 25, the war department announced today. In all cases where it would cost more to send them to demobilization centers the men will be discharged at their present stations.

ATLANTA FEELING COTTON EMBARGO

Will Be Lifted as Soon as Cars Are Unloaded, Declares B. L. Winchell, Regional Director for South.

Atlanta, in common with other cities of Georgia and cities in other southern states, is seriously feeling the embargo declared by the railroads against the cotton warehouses and compresses in order to relieve congestion on the roads.

According to an estimate of Chesley B. Howard, a member of the cotton firm of Inman, Howard & Inman, there are now between three and four hundred cars of cotton on the tracks here awaiting unloading at the compresses. The situation in Atlanta, he said, is made more acute since the government took over the Candler warehouse, reducing storage capacity here by thousands of bales.

The embargo against Atlanta has been in effect about six weeks, with the exception of two days during this period.

When asked Friday night if he could give any definite assurance as to when the embargo would be removed in the case of Atlanta, B. L. Winchell, regional director of railroads, said it would be lifted just as soon as the cars were unloaded. He stated that it was a basic principle in railroading that there is no need to load a car when it is known that it cannot be unloaded promptly at its destination. The same order would apply with other cities, he said.

New Orleans is making every effort to have the embargo lifted.

From Birmingham comes the following story:

Birmingham, Ala., November 14.—With local warehouses filled to the doors, Birmingham has a cotton congestion of serious proportions. It is estimated that there are 15,000 bales in the local warehouses which also operate compresses and about 4,000 bales are in cars awaiting unloading. An embargo has been declared by the railroads against local warehouses until the congestion can be relieved.

POTATO-BEET CROP POOR IN GERMANY

Berdin, November 14.—Germany's potato and beet crop is represented in gloomy terms by The Deutsche Tages Zeitung as a result of investigations in various parts of the conutry. A million tons of potatoes, it says, will be lacking in east russia and the beet crop amounts to only 75 per cent of last year's owing to bad weather and the scarcity of workers.

The outlook in west Prussia is equally black, according to the paper. Nearly all of the beets and a fourth of the potatoes are still in the ground and cannot be harvested because of lack of workers and are likely to be frozen.

In Silesia the greater part of the beets are lost. The harvest in Pomerania is only half gathered. In Schleswig-Holstein potato harvesting has not been completed and the harvesting of beets has just been begun. In Hesse-Nassau the harvest is bad. Saxony alone is fortunate.

The survey made by the newspaper shows that what part of the crops remain are in danger by the early setting in of frost and snow.

SUGAR PRICE-FIXING STOPS AT CHICAGO

Chicago, November 14.—So involved has the sugar situation become in Chicago that Major A. A. Sprague, chairman of the federal fair price committee has announced an end of attempts to fix the maximum price. This was generally taken to mean that Chicago consumers would pay more than 13 cents a pound, which had been the "fair price."

Major Sprague announced, however, that the margin of profit for jobbers and retailers still was under regulation. Jobbers were allowed three-fourths of a cent a pound and retailers one-and one-half cents, he said.

Skin Eruptions Cause Unbearable Itching

Scratching Increases the Irritation of the Delicate Skin Tissue.

You can claw your nails into your skin until it bleeds, in an effort to obtain relief from the fiery itching and burning caused by skin diseases, but you only increase the irritation and pain.

And you can pour ointments, salves and lotions by the gallon on the irritated parts, without obtaining anything but temporary relief. Just as soon as the strength of the counter irritant gives out, your pain and torture will return with increased violence, because these local remedies have not reached the source of the trouble.

The real source of all skin diease is the blood supply. The blood becomes infected with some impurity, and the disease germs break out through the delicate tissues of the skin. They may appear as eczema, tetter, boils, pimples, scaly eruptions, caused by disease germs in the blood.

The real cure, therefore, must be directed through the blood. And no remedy has yet been discovered that equals S. S. S. for such disorder of the blood. This great old remedy cleanses the blood of disease germs, and clears up the complexion and gives it the ruddy glow of perfect health. Get a bottle at your drugstore today, and you will soon be rid of your tormenting skin trouble. Also write at once for expert medical advice regarding your own case. Address Medical Director, 263 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga. (adv.)

HEADACHE
Bad for Health
Upsets Nerves
Go to Drug Store—Try
CAPUDINE
BY DOSE AND IN BOTTLES—10¢ 30¢ & 60¢

Constipated?
If so, you can obtain sure relief by taking
RAMON'S LIVER PILLS

STRAIGHT HAIR
You can have long straight hair by using
EXELENTO
QUININE POMADE
which is a Hair Grower and stops falling hair, removes dandruff and makes the hair grow long, soft and silky. Try a box and if not satisfied your money will be returned.
Price 25c by mail on receipt of stamps or coin.
AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.
Write for particulars.
EXELENTO MEDICINE CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.

MARSHAL'S SALES

I will sell, before the City Hall door, corner Marietta and Forsyth streets, on the first Tuesday in December, 1919, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property for City Taxes for the year 1918, to-wit:

Fi. Fa. No. 319.

A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 74, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Pulliam street, between Vasar and Atlanta streets, and running back 112 feet more or less in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 488, on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Andrews. Levied on as the property of Mrs. W. H. Cook to satisfy a Fi. Fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Mrs. W. H. Cook, for city taxes for the year 1918. Sold for benefit C. E. Thomas.

Fi. Fa. No. 225.

Also at same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 10, land lot 86, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the west side of Elms street between Rockwell and Gardner streets, and running back 101 feet more or less in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 111 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining A. S. Leak. Levied on as the property of J. H. Jonas, to satisfy a Fi. Fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said J. H. Jonas for city taxes for the year 1918. Sold for benefit C. E. Thomas.

W. E. HARWELL,
City Marshal.

There's a Reason---
for the Wonderful Cash Business We Are Doing.
WE SUGGEST YOU COME IN TODAY
"Fine Shoes for the Whole Family"



ONE MORE DAY
TODAY

GREY KID
Full Louis Heels, Turn Soles.
As pictured—
Also in Brown Kid $7.75 and Black Kid

THIS BOOT
—in—
BROWN KID—
Military Heel—Welt Soles.
Special Saturday—
Also in Black— $7.75 $10 value



FLAT HEELS
for
SCHOOL GIRLS
IN
Brown Kid—
Brown Russia—
Black Calf—
$7.45



SATIN PUMPS
WITH
FULL LOUIS HEELS,
TURN SOLES—
$6.95



PATENT
DULL
Leather Louis Heels
All Sizes $4.45 AA to D



Black Suede
SAILOR TIES
"Your Best Bet"
$13.85
As Pictured.
Full Louis Heel

"SOFT SOLES"
As soft as baby's skin.



TWO-TONES—
WHITES—
BLACKS—
$1.00
In Our Children's Dept.

BOYS' SHOES



BOTH ENGLISH and BLUCHER MODELS
$4.85

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13 PEACHTREE ST.
Refunds if Desired

USE CONSTITUTION WANT ADS

Sports — CONDENSING THE DOPE — EDITED BY LES RAWLINGS

Jackets Battle Northern Invaders Today

Straining in Leash Georgetown and Tech Meet This Afternoon

Determined to Put Up Fight of Their Lives, Jackets Clash With Blue and Gray Eleven On Grant Field at 2:30 O'Clock.

By Les Rawlings.

With both elevens primed for the big battle on Grant field this afternoon, Georgia Tech and Georgetown await the referee's whistle to start what should be one of the hardest fought games of the season, each determined to win and in winning fight the most bitterly contesten struggle of the season on their separate schedules.

Interest in this game is probably greater than it has been at any time this year, and one of the biggest crowds which will pack an Atlanta gridiron will no doubt be on hand to aid the Jackets start festivities, while Georgetown brings a small delegation of fans to root for the Blue and Gray.

In an attempt to stop the hard-boiled Hilltoppers from Washington Heisman has made several changes in the line-up for today's game, Guill being shifted to left end, and Fincher going to left tackle. This being the first time that these men have performed at these positions this year, but they are by no means new at it. Guill performing both at end and quarter in the past and making the mythical all-southern team on his utility ability. While Fincher is one of the best tackles that has played the game in the south in several years, performing at both end and tackle on Tech teams in the past.

Georgetown Arrived Friday.

Georgetown arrived in Atlanta early Friday and went to the Georgian Terrace hotel, after which a light workout was held on a neutral field.

The Blue and Gray eleven is a husky looking outfit and from end to end, as well as throughout the backfield, seems to be in the best possible shape for putting up a hard game.

Growls emanating from the lair of the Tornado on Tech flats show the mighty resolve which has clutched the hearts of the wearers of the Gold and White, who claim, individually and collectively, that they a6e going to put up the hardest game of their lives to down the Washington aggregation and in so doing accomplish the two-fold purpose of getting revenge on Pittsburg and easing their feelings for the defeat at the hands of Washington and Lee last Saturday.

Coaches Heisman, Alexander, Clay and Wood have done all in their power during the week just drawing to a close to put the Jackets in the best possible trim. They have labored long and hard and feel confident that their charges are going to come through today and fight true to the trust which is imposed upon them for the game of the season.

Who Will Start?

Rumors were rife Friday night as to just who would start the game, some contending that Coach Heisman plans the substitution of two regulars with second-string men who have shown up in excellent style and have had more of an opportunity to work out on account of injuries sustained by the regulars in former battles.

Coach Exendine has announced that his varsity eleven will start the game inasmuch as the members sustained no serious injuries in last Saturday's game against the Navy and are all in as good condition as they have been at any time this season.

The game will start promptly at 2:30 o'clock and latest reports Friday afternoon were that the field was fast and in excellent condition to make for a speedy brand of football from start to finish.

BOYS' HIGH SCORES WIN OVER MONROE

Locals Defeated Visiting Eleven, 19 to 7, in Fast Game at Ponce de Leon Park Friday Afternoon.

By Roy E. White.

Before an enthusiastic crowd of spectators the Boys' High football team defeated the Monroe Aggies at Ponce de Leon Park Friday afternoon by a score of 19 to 7. The game was fast and snappy. The many miscues by Monroe were responsible for their defeat. Guthrie, who played fullback for Monroe, was by far the leading factor in the Monroe team. He not only made most of the gains, but scored the only touchdown made by his team. The short passing game staged by the Farmer boys were good as far as it went.

The Boys' High team played good ball in the first two quarters and after that they let up. Albright was again the shining light in the Boys' High team. Jake Morris made the first touchdown of the game in the first quarter, when, aided by his mates, he pushed the ball to within striking distance and then carried it over.

After the first quarter the game was never in doubt. It was only a question as to how many, but Coach David turned the tables and sent in all reserves except three. He started sending in the scrubs at the beginning of the second half and when the game ended only three regulars were on the field.

The first quarter began with Boys' High kicking off to Monroe. Monroe was held for downs and Boys' High started with a rush, Albright going for a first down on the first defensive play for Boys' High. Captain Staton also contributed to the gaining with several short end runs. Morris then made the first touchdown.

The next touchdown came as a result of a short pass from Wallace to Albright after the ball had been carried to within striking distance. This touchdown came in the second quarter. Another one was added in this quarter by Boys' High when Staton punted to Monroe and the Monroe man dropped the punt, which Morris picked up and ran to a touchdown. That ended the scoring as far as Boys' High was concerned.

The lone Monroe score came in the last quarter as a result of some pretty work by the whole Morris team. The interference given by the Monroe forwards on opening up holes was good. Several short passes were also helpful. Guthrie kept up the end running that was responsible for the low score of Boys' High. He finally got away for a touchdown.

The Monroe backs would invariably hold the ball until a Boys' High man would almost be on him before he would turn loose for a short pass.

Little "Red" Barron was seen in the game towards the last. Little "Red" broke loose for a good gain immediately after he went into the game.

The lineups were as follows:

Boys' High.	Pos.	Monroe.
Roane	L.E.	Tanner
Williams	L.T.	Eskew
Jones	L.G.	Blisset
Field	C.	Wilson
Goodrich	R.G.	Walker
Thompson	R.T.	Jackson
McGarrity	R.E.	Conine
Staton (c.)	Q.	Davenport
Albright	L.H.	Cofer (c.)
Morris	R.H.	McMichael
Wallace	F.	Guthrie

Simpson (G.) Referee—Lewis (R. M. A.) Umpire—Wilson (B. H. S.) Head linesman—Jenks and Smith timekeepers. Touchdowns — Guthrie 1, Morris 2fi Albright 1.

Score by Quarters:	1	2	3	4	
Boys' High	7	0	12	0	—19
Monroe	0	0	0	7	— 7

WOMAN'S TOURNEY WILL END TODAY

Presentation of Trophies, Following Final Play, Will Bring Successful Golf Event to Close This Afternoon.

With the presentation of trophies and final competition in one or two events, the Woman's Invitation Golf Tournament will come to a close at the Ansley Park Golf club this afternoon, after having gone on record as one of the most successful events of the kind ever held on an Atlanta course.

Mrs. T. T. Williams was the winner of the silver cup offered for the low medal score holder in the first flight, while Mrs. E. P. Ansley and Miss Marianna Goldsmith will play off a tie this morning to decide who will win the silver cup offered for the low medal score in the second flight.

Friday afternoon Mrs. L. H. Beck won the driving contest for the members of the first flight and was awarded a 10-pound barrel of sugar as prize for that event. In the second flight Miss Goldsmith won the driving contest and was awarded a pair of golf stockings.

In the approaching and putting contest, Mrs. L. H. Beck was the first flight winner and was awarded a handsome woolen golf scarf. Mrs. C. P. Bidwell also winning a woolen scarf for the victor in the approaching and putting contest of the second flight.

Today's play will decide the winner in the first and second flight. Both will be awarded handsome silver vases, while the runner-up in each flight will be presented a half dozen golf balls.

The results of Friday's play and pairirngs in the finals today are as follows:

First Flight Results.

Mrs. George Harrington defeated Mrs. T. T. Williams, 1 up on 20 holes.

Mrs. Dozier Lowndes defeated Mrs. L. H. Beck, 2 up.

Pairings for Today.

Mrs. George Harrington plays Mrs. Dozier Lowndes.

Second Flight Results.

Miss Marianna Goldsmith defeated Mrs. Michael Hoke, 1 up.

Miss Louise Bennett defeated Mrs C. P. Bidwell, 2 up.

Mrs. E. P. Ansley defeated Mrs. Joseph Burton, 3 up.

Pairings for Today.

Miss Marianna Goldsmith plays Miss Louise Bennett.

Mrs. E. P. Ansley plays the winner of the Goldsmith-Bennett match.

THAT GUILTIEST FEELING :: :: :: :: :: :: By Briggs



VIRGINIA WORKED HARD FOR VANDY

Intense Secret Practice and Blackboard Drills Featured Week's Activities of Old Dominion Eleven—Rain Hampered Coaches.

Charlottesville, Va., November 14. Intense practice held in secret and blackboard drills were used by Virginia in preparation for the game with Vanderbilt to be played here Saturday. The coaches are looking for a close game, as both teams are about equal offensively and defensively.

The rain of the last few days has greatly hampered the coaches in their work, but the Old Dominion team is striving to develop the best possible form for the "Big Home Game." Captain Ray will be the only Virginia regular out of the line-up, as he is still suffering from injuries received in the Harvard game three weeks ago.

Vanderbilt had until last Saturday shown poor offensive form, but in the Alabama game she developed a strong offensive and defeated that much-touted team.

"Virginia's team will be fully as strong as Vandy's, and I see no reason why we shouldn't beat them, although the score will be a close one, unless all signs fail," said one of Virginia's coaches.

The Line-up Will Be.

VIRGINIA.	Pos.	VANDY
Michie	R. E.	Adams
McGowan	R. T.	Lipscomb
Churhman	R. G.	Bailey
Hankins	C.	Early
Newman	L. G.	Hendrix
Parrish	L. T.	Cody
J. Rinehart	L. E.	Westgate
Burnett	Q. B.	Sherman
Kuyk	F. B.	Wiggs
Russell	R. H. B.	Zerfoss
H. Rinehart	L. H. B.	Richardson

Today's Calendar of Sports

Racing—Continuation of fall meeting of Maryland association at Bowie.

Bench Show—Annual show of Newark Kennel club, Newark, N. J.

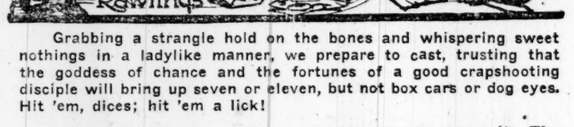
Athletics—New England intercollegiate cross-country championship at Boston. Middle states intercollegiate cross-country championship, at Easton, Pa.

Boxing—Al Shubert vs. Frankie Fleming, 12 rounds, at Baltimore. Frankie Olson vs. Bobby Lyons, 15 rounds, at Halifax.

Today's Football Schedule

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15

Atlanta, Ga.—	Georgia Tech vs. Georgetown University.
Lexington, Va.—	University of South Carolina vs. W. and Lee
Wake Forest, N. C.—	Wake Forest College vs. Guilford College.
Charlottesville, Va.—	Vanderbilt Univ. vs. University of Virginia
Birmingham, Ala.—	Alabama Poly. Inst. vs Miss. A. & M. College
Birmingham, Ala.—	Howard College vs. Birmingham Sou. College
Knoxville, Tenn.—	Univ. of Tennessee vs. Univ. of Cincinnati
Houston, Texas—	University of the South vs. Rice Institute
Greenville, S. C.—	Furman University vs. Newberry College.
Winston-Salem, N. C.—	Univ. of North Carolina vs. Davidson College
Norfolk, Va.—	North Carolina State Col. vs. Va. Poly Inst
Lexington, Va.—	Roanoke College vs. Virginia Military Inst
Richmond, Va.—	Randolph-Macon Col. vs. Hampden-Sidney Col
New York, N. Y.—	Columbia vs Wesleyan.
Ithaca, N. Y.—	Cornell vs. Penn State.
Cambridge, Mass.—	Harvard vs. Tufts.
Philadelphia, Pa.—	Pennsylvania vs. Pittsburg.
West Point, N. Y.—	Army vs. Villa Nova.
Annapolis, Md.—	Navy vs. Colby.
New Haven, Conn.—	Yale vs. Princeton.
Baton Rouge, La.—	Louisiana State University vs. Alabama.



Grabbing a strangle hold on the bones and whispering sweet nothings in a ladylike manner, we prepare to cast, trusting that the goddess of chance and the fortunes of a good crapshooting disciple will bring up seven or eleven, but not box cars or dog eyes. Hit 'em, dices; hit 'em a lick!

All this preamble is just by way of wooing the muse to conjure up some way of appealing to the fates and the powers that be for victory in today's battles.

The trials and tribulations of a sport scribe are horrible. Somebody comes dashing in with an ultimatum—"Passes to the game, or else," and the "Or else" generally means dire and foreboding discomforts to said scribe, generally pecuniary.

The only thing to do is borrow all the skads in Atlanta, shut your eyes, pick your winners with optics still for rent, and let 'em ride.

If they don't ride right, you have the consolation of knowing that you will, and it all amounts to about the same thing in the long run.

Grant Rice says he's getting rich on his own system. His system is to pick winners and then bet on the losers and he always wins, whether he loses or not.

Some bird calls up and says: "Who's gonna win this scheduled hectic affair"—Scribe stalls around a few hours and gives the opposite opinion to his conviction, but bets his conviction. Scribe is popular but popularity don't buy cents.

On the other hand, if he'd tipped the brother in crime the way he thought, he might have cash enough to eat but wouldn't have been able to masticate the beans. It's a poor bet any way you take it for alleged dopester.

They might talk of even money wagers, but no money is even when you're gonna lose the minute you wager it. The percentage is too great and a 100 to 1 shot accumulates two goose eggs on the one and school again takes a recess.

If you listen to the wise guys they'll play you for a sucker—If you listen to the suckers they'll play you for a wise guy and in union there is strength—when four suckers play you, your chances again revert to the nil status.

In the good old days, whenever any guy thought he could get a few sheckles and not work for them he picked out a cinch—that was when they hadn't booked all the cinches on a ten-year contract—and even though the sheckles grew wings like the little fairies he had the satisfaction of knowing that the wings were safe anyway.

If a motorcycle slipped into a horse race and made 199 laps while the nags were doing one, both tires would blow out and the rider get killed, so it wouldn't mean anything until the 200th lap anyway—Then it would mean that just another good guy went wrong and took all the fish with him.

They say Lloyd's will bet you the sun won't rise tomorrow, if you give 'em enough odds. Chances are odds don't run that high, so there's another sure thing gone south for the winter.

So the only thing to do today is take $100 and bet it on Tech, go borrow another $100 and bet it on Georgetown and go out by the gas route, leaving explicit instructions to your heirs as to just what disposition is to be made of the leavings. There won't be any winnings.

Plainsmen Expect Hard Game Against Mississippi Aggies

Auburn Eleven Arrives in Birmingham to Battle Old Rivals at Rickwood Park This Afternoon. Mississippi Is Undefeated.

By Gene Hinton.

Auburn, Ala., November 14.—(Special.)—After successfully invading Mobile last Saturday, by defeating Moon Ducote's Spring Hill eleven, the Auburn Plainsmen will tackle the strong Mississippi A. & M. team Saturday in Birmingham.

The Mississippians have the only important team in the south that has gone through the present campaign thus far without the blot of defeat upon its escutcheon. They have only been scored on once this season, and that touchdown was made by the Spring Hillians, in the first game of the season.

The Aggies have a heavy team, a fast team, and one that has a great verstility of tack, excelling in either line plays, end runs or in the overhead style of play.

Have Held Plainsmen.

The Mississippi teams of the past have had an uncanny ability to hold the Plainsmen to small scores, regardless of how the so-called experts had doped the game out in advance. They seem to play their hardest game of the year against the Tigers, and rarely can the latter win by more than one or two touchdowns, although practically all the meetings of the teams have been hard-earned Auburn victories.

In realization of the strength of the Aggies, the Auburn coaches are putting the squad through a stiff week of practice, and are going to make sure that no lack of condition will snatch victory from the jaws of the Tigers. Scrimmages are being held every day, and the general all-round play may be seen to improve every day.

There are still three or four regulars who are more or less injured, but it is hoped that all, with the exception of Scott, will be able to take part in the fray Saturday. It is certain that the Tigers will have to take the field in at least passable shape to take the contest from their aggressive opponents.

Red Howard is still limping somewhat from an injury to his ankle, but he is getting plenty of much-needed rest, and by Saturday should be his old-dashing self. In the first few games of the season, when Howard was in the best possible shape, he proved himself to be a star of the first water, ripping off healthy gains around end or through the line practically every time he was called on. Then one injury after another was inflicted upon him, and he was rendered practically useless to the team until now. By the time Thanksgiving is upon us, the fiery-topped halfback should be at the very top of his game.

Charley Scott, the other halfback, who is still out of the game, will probably be unable to play for the rest of the season. Scott had a weak knee when he reported this season, but by careful attention and nursing, this member was brought about in good shape. Then, in the Vandy game, his good knee was wrenched badly, and he has been unable to even attend practice since then.

Loss to Team.

Scott's loss to the team is practically inestimable, as he was the fastest man on the field and the best broken field runner on the team. In this latter respect he has but few peers in the south, as he frequently wriggles himself through hordes of would-be tacklers for long gains.

In the line, Captain Pete Bonner, Caton and Sizemore are all suffering from minor injuries, but all are rounding to as well as could be expected. This trio will without doubt be seen in the line-up Saturday.

Stubbs, who has been subbing for the redoubtable Red Howard, has made a very creditable showing at halfback. Stubbs has always been an excellent performer on the defensive, and his offensive play has improved exceedingly. In the Spring Hill game, he ran through the entire Mobile team for 50 yards and a touchdown, only to be called back ten yards from the starting point, on the assumption that he had stepped out of bounds.

After a long rainy spell it has turned clear and cold, however, and let us hope that Jupiter Pluvius is as sparing about the use of his waterspout as old man Fate is in dishing out Auburn victories.

The team left, 25 strong, Friday morning for Slagtown, and arrived at the Magic City last night. The game will be played at Rickwood park, the home of the Barons, and a large crowd of students and townspeople is expected to turn out for the fray.

MERCER DISBANDS FOOTBALL ELEVEN

Season Has Proved Disastrous to Macon College, But Plans Are Laid for Big Schedule Next Year.

Macon, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—So disastrous has been the present football season at Mercer university that the board of control of athletics has announced no further games will be played this season and practice by the varsity team will be discontinued.

Several things have contributed to the failure of the Mercer team to get in the running this year. It was fully a month after the season began that it was decided to put a team in the field. Then efforts to secure a coach who could build up a team met with failure and the fact that most of the college teams had already completed their playing schedules made it impossible to arrange a suitable schedule for Mercer. In fact only two open dates could be found, these being with the University of Florida and Oglethorpe university. In both of these games Mercer met overwhelming defeat.

Far from being discouraged, however, plans are already being made for putting a strong team in the field next year and an early start toward that end will be obtained with a view to putting the Orange and Black again in the proud position it once occupied in college athletics.

Augusta Stage Set For Georgia-Tulane Annual Grid Contest

Red and Black Given Rousing Send Off As Eleven Left Athens Determined to Add Another Victory to Its List.

BY COMER HOWELL

Athens, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Augusta is to be the site of one of the hardest games on the University of Georgia's schedule, when the Red and Black meets Tulane this afternoon. The Georgians left Athens Friday, nineteen strong, with Coach Cunningham, with a determination to add another victory to their list.

This week the Georgia squad has gone through the hardest five days of practice that she has so far experienced. They will meet Tulane with a much stronger attack than they have presented so far this season, for it is upon this feature alone that the past week's practice has been devoted. A much more diversified method of carrying the ball than the team has been exhibiting will be used against the Louisianians.

The dope upon the two seems to be just about even. Georgia has been putting up a splendid game all season, and only twice has her goal line been crossed, once from a 65 and once from a 50-yard run. Only one defeat has she suffered, and this at the hands of the strong Auburn bunch.

Both Played Florida.

Florida is the only team that both Tulane and Georgia have played so far this year. Georgia registered a 16 to 0 win against the Gaters about a month ago, while Tulane beat them 14 to 2 last Saturday. This seems to put the two on about the same basis. If Georgia can present an attack stronger than she has been showing, she will defeat Tulane; if not, she will find it pretty hard sailing. In this feature alone is the Red and Black team weak. They have a line that has old Auburn and Virginia helpless—a line which is as good as the best of them.

But when the Georgians get the oval and start a march down the field, they have found it pretty hard going. This offense has received the entire attention of Coaches Cunningham and Stegeman for the past week, and should show marked improvement today.

Secret Practice Held.

Secret practice has been held all week, and it is understood that the Red and Black have a number of new plays that they will uncork. So far very few passes have been used, these going to the ends, but it is to be believed that an effective overhead attack has been perfected, which will be used for the first time.

The team is in good shape and will present a strong line-up. Jim Reynolds is still out of the play, and his presence will again be missed.

Dave Collings has been out of practice for the past few days with an attack of bronchitis, but it is believed that he will be in condition when the whistle blows. His punting has been of a great assistance to the team as well as his good work on the extremity of the line.

The probable line-up that will be used is as follows:

Collings	Right end
Vandivere	Right guard
Pew	Right tackle
Day	Center
Welchel	Left guard
Rigdon	Left tackle
O. Reynolds	Left end
Barchan	Quarterback
Cheeves	Right half
McWhorter	Left half
Munn	Fullback

TECH HIGH MEETS CENTRAL HI TEAM

Hard-Fought Game Will Be Played on Ponce de Leon Gridiron This Morning With Birmingham Eleven.

By Roy E. White.

Today is the big day in prep sports, when Tech High will meet the Central High team from Birmingham, Ala. The game is to be played at Grant field at 10 o'clock and will probably be the best so far this year, due to the fact that Central High comes well recommended and is prepared to give Tech High a good battle.

Tech High has been on the go all week in preparation for the game. It will be the first between an Atlanta eleven and an Alabama team. The Central High team has suffered no defeats this year, and will, therefore, put up a good fight for the game.

The Central team comes to Atlanta with the reputation of having beaten Howard, who, in turn, was beaten by Auburn by one lone touchdown. That speaks well for the smoky clan of the south, although Tech High has not been defeated this season and has only been scored on once and that came in the first game on a fumble. The Junior Golden Tornado will strive mightily to keep this record clean. They have only two games left on their schedule after today. This game, however, will be the hardest of all.

Coach Champion did not let the team see the game yesterday afternoon between the Boys' High and Monroe because he wanted to get the game today. He has worked hard all week, so that he may keep the team in shape and ready to go. He will continue to work and when the final game with Boys' High is played he hopes to have the Junior Smithies on the large end of the score.

The probable lineups are as follows:

Teach High.	Pos.	Central High.
Lake	L.E.	Yielding
Sartain	L.T.	Rox
Stone	L.G.	Stubbs
Wilson	C.	Jones
Saunders	R.G.	Tingley
Williams	R.T.	Hood
Thompson	R.E.	Banks
Bawsel	Q.	Hawkins
Jordan	L.H.	Robinson
Harris	R.H.	Gaylord
Alexander	F.	McNeil

PITTS PANTHERS BATTLE QUAKERS

Three Hard Games Remain on 1919 Schedule for Charges of Coach Glenn Warner—Victory Expected Today.

Pittsburg, Pa., November 14.—(Special.)—The University of Pittsburg Panthers have three more games remaining on their 1919 schedule and two of them loom up as the toughest kind of battles.

Saturday the western Pennsylvania champions will fight it out at Franklin field, Philadelphia, with University of Pennsylvania eleven, coached by Bob Folwell.

Reports from the Quaker City are to the effect that a capacity crowd will view this struggle, which gives promise of being a titanic one. While the Warnerites were winning the section title from Washington and Jefferson last week Penn was suffering its second successive defeat, Darmouth winning out by one point. The Pitt-W. & J. game was decided by the same margin, the failure of Russell Stein to kick a goal after touchdown giving Pitt the margin of victory.

The Quakers do not relish the defeats handed them by Penn State and Dartmouth on successive Saturdays and they can be depended upon to battle desperately against Pitt.

The locals are not overconfident of victory by any means, for it is a certainty that Coach Warner will be unable to put his strongest eleven in the field. It is doubtful if Captain Jimmie Dehart, the star back, will be able to play. He lasted only a few minutes in the W. & J. game and had to be helped off the field. He has had a very lame ankle all fall and it has been injured in every game in which he has played.

Lou Mervis, the sensational tackle, will also be on the sidelines, and Jim Morrow, though he may have to play part of the game, will be in no condition to do anything spectacular. His knee is in very bad shape.

Following the game with Old Penn, Pitt will close its season with two contests at home, meeting Carnegie Tech for the city title Saturday, November 22, and closing with Penn State in the annual Thanksgiving day contest Thursday, November 27.

Pitt ought to beat Tech rather handily, but the Penn and State conflicts present hard problems and are sure to be great battles. The largest crowd that ever witnessed a football game here—30,150—turned out for the W. & J. game, and it is likely to be duplicated Thanksgiving day.

Dope on Today's Game

THE PROBABLE LINE-UPS

TECH.	Position.	GEORGETOWN.
Guill	L. E.	Kenyon or Sullivan
Fincher	L. T.	Tom Sullivan
Lebey	L. G.	Dudack
Phillips (captain)	C.	Alex Anderson
Dowling	R. G.	Tony Comstock or Bill Moran
Huffines	R. T.	Joe O'Connel
Staton	R. E.	Smeach or Bill Kenyon
McDonough	Q. B.	Jackie Malone;
Flowers	L. H.	Buckley or Leighty
Harlan	F. B.	M. Livers or Dutch Leighty
Ferst	R. H.	(captain) Johnny McQuade

Officials—Elcock, Dartmouth, referee; McGoffin, Michigan, umpire: Lewis, field judge.

Time of Quarters—Fifteen minutes.

Time of Game—2:30.

Place—Grant field.

Georgetown team is stopping at the Georgian Terrace.

IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

GENERALS BATTLE S. CAROLINA TEAM

Washington and Lee Plays Last Game of Season on Home Gridiron Today—Silverstein Is Out of Lineup.

Lexington, Va., November 14.—(Special.)—Washington and Lee Generals face the University of South Carolina eleven here Saturday in the last game of the season on Wilson field. Owing to a wet gridiron, Head Coach Raftery has been putting his men through only a light form of workout during the past week in preparation for the game.

With Stevens, the big halfback, in the line-up today for the first time since the Davidson game, the Generals' machine is much strengthened. Sam Raines, the stellar halfback, who tore his way through the Golden Tornado line for big gains last Saturday, was given a lay-off today by Raftery. The work of Raines in the Georgia Tech game was phenomenal.

Joe Silverstein was not out on the field today and Stevens was shifted to his position, Cobb taking the place of Raines, with McDonald at full and Mattoz at quarter. With the return of Silverstein the coach will face the problem of having to place these stellar backs.

Special preparations are being made for the big Georgetown game in Washington on November 22. That Washington and Lee will give their old rivals the surprise of the season is the belief of the followers of the Generals. Judging from the scores made by Washington and Lee this year against the teams played and the fact that no eleven has been able to cross the Generals' goal line adds to the belief that Washington and Lee will come back from the national capital with another laurel in her crown.

It is generally conceded by football authorities that Washington and Lee is on the road to claim the undisputed championship of the south.

Committees Meet To Renew Status Between Two Leagues

New York, November 14.—J. Cal Ewing, of San Francisco, chairman of the minor league committee to restore relations with the major leagues, conferred "informally" here today with August Herrmann, chairman of the national commission, and John Heydler, president of the National league.

Heydler maintained that Ewing's committee should hold a meeting and decide on "some tentative program for submission to the major leagues." Both Herrmann and Heydler, however, expressed satisfaction over the action taken by the minor leagues at their annual meeting in Springfield, Mass., and believe it will lead to the "former harmonious relations between the majors and minors."

Ewing favors representation for the minors on the national commission in future relations between the majors and minors. He said the committee of which he is head is composed of Dave Fultz, of the new International league; Thomas Hickey, of the American association; John D. Martin, of the Southern association; Al Tierney, of the Three-I league; J. W. Morse, of the Texas league; John Hanlon, of the Western league, and John H. Farrell, secretary of the National association.

NOTICE

The Peachtree Billiard Parlor

87½ PEACHTREE STREET

(Over Tudor Theater)

is now ready for business with a new and up-to-date outfit. Absolutely one of the most attractive places in the city for a little recreation. We assure you service and politeness. A visit will be appreciated.

Enough "Sed."

Yale and Princeton Give Second Classic On Eastern Schedule

New York, November 14.—The second of the season's eastern football classics will be played at New Haven tomorrow, when Yale and Princeton meet, but football enthusiasm will not be confined to this contest alone.

Several other gridiron struggles will share interest with the Tiger-Eli battle and will have equal bearing upon the final ranking of the teams of the section.

While both Princeton and Yale enter their annual conflict with one or more defeats on their 1919 records, these reverses have been forgotten in the intensity of their rivalry.

With her strongest line-up available, backed by the lessons learned in the slashing play of the last month, the Tigers will prove a trying opponent for the Blue. Yale still has the greater objective ahead in the Harvard contest, while at her back is the none too impressive record of five victories over Springfield, North Carolina, Tufts, Maryland and Brown. It has been stated that the Yale eleven was one of great latent possibilities. Princeton undoubtedly will test this statement to the limit tomorrow.

Scarcely less important is the battle between the undefeated Colgate team and the powerful Syracuse combination. Syracuse has lost one game, the 13 to 0 defeat administered by Washington and Jefferson. Dartmouth checked Colgate's titular fight by a 7 to 7 tie. Both Syracuse and Colgate have faced Brown this season, the latter team winning 14 to 0, while the Orange won by 13 to 0. Under the circumstances t morrow's game appears to be one in which the slightest break will swing victory one way or the other.

Two other impressive football machines line up in the Pittsburg-Glenn Warner machine, for with the exception of the loss to the Syracuse machine, Pittsburg has proved invulnerable to some of the strongest elevens of the east and south.

The West Virginia-Rutgers and Dartmouth-Brown games are certain to develop interesting football, but in each case the first named team, on its season form, is the logical favorite. Harvard, Army and Navy, playing Tufts, Cilla Nova and Colby, respectively, expect hard games without, however, fearing the outcome.

Atlantan to Attend National Motor Show In Chicago Thursday

During the convention of motorcycle and bicycle dealers of the country, which will be held at the Armory hall, Chicago, next Thursday, the Allied Motorcycle Trade association will lay out the allotment of national motorcycle racing championship events for 1920. Gus Castle, as president of the Atlanta Motorcycle Racing association, who recently held such a successful race meet at Lakewood, will represent Atlanta's interest.

The M. & A. T. A., which controls all motorcycle racing in this country, recognizes Atlanta as the center of motorcycle interest in the south and has planned that Atlanta should be one of the four places in the United States where the championship motorcycle races should be decided for 1920.

During the motorcycle convention, which will hold forth from the 18th to the 22d of this month, plans will be launched to organize the National Motorcycle and Bicycle Dealers' association. Mr. Castle will represent the southern dealers at this meeting also and hopes to be able to make Atlanta the headquarters of the south for this new organization.

H. C. Kytle, secretary of the Gus Castle Motor company, will accompany Mr. Castle and look after the interest of his company at the Chicago show.

The Australian cricket board of control has invited a British cricket team to tour Australia in 1920-21 and will return the visit in 1921-22.

BRANDY IS WINNER IN AUGUSTA RACE

Keele's Entry Romps to Victory in Unfinished Thursday Race, Taking Deciding Heats in Easy Fashion.

Augusta, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Bert Wallace's famous horse, J. P. T., went down in defeat for the first time this season when Keele's Brandy took the deciding heats in the unfinished race here Friday.

This race was started Thursday afternoon, but was not completed on account of darkness. Although the local races are being run on the three-in-five plan, it took six heats to decide the supremacy between J. P. T. and Brandy, due to the stunt of Barrett's Prince Regal in grabbing off the last heat of the race Thursday.

Scarcely less important was the battle between the undefeated Colgate team and the powerful Syracuse combination. Syracuse has lost one game, the 13 to 0 defeat administered by Washington and Jefferson. Dartmouth checked Colgate's titular fight by a 7 to 7 tie. Both Syracuse and Colgate have faced Brown this season, the latter team winning 14 to 0, while the Orange won by 13 to 0. Under the circumstances t morrow's game appears to be one in which the slightest break will swing victory one way or the other.

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The West Virginia-Rutgers and Dartmouth-Brown games are certain to develop interesting football, but in each case the first named team, on its season form, is the logical favorite. Harvard, Army and Navy, playing Tufts, Cilla Nova and Colby, respectively, expect hard games without, however, fearing the outcome.

Summaries, including a complete score of the unfinished race, follows:

Unfinished race, 2:14 pace:

Brandy, s.g., by J. Patch (Keele), 1, 2, 2, 3, 1, 1.

J. P. T., br.g., by Liberty Jay (Wallace), 3, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2.

Prince Regal, b.g., by The Regal (Barrett), 7, 7, 5, 1, 3, drawn.

Jake Direct, b.g., by Belterin Direct (Powers), 2, 3, 3, 4, drawn.

Our Doctor, s.g., by The Doctor (Clark), 4, 4, 6, drawn.

Guy Steele, blk.g., by Kentucky (Tabb), 5, 5, drawn.

Black Pattie, blk.m., by Weinges (Walker), 6, 6, 4, drawn.

Time, 2:19¼, all heats.

2:24 Trot.

Adaline S., b.m., by Adaline (Wallace), 2, 1, 1, 1.

Alta Evans, r.m., by Peter Montgomery (Greer), 1, 3, 2, 2.

Walter H., b.g. (George Walker), 7, 2, 3, 3.

Woodrow, b.g., by Bengeman Hal (Boyd), 3, 4, 4, 4.

Pete Daly, ch.g., by T. Daly (Galloway), 4, 5, 6, 6.

Rose King, b.m., by Polo King (Hogeboon), 6, 7, 5, 5.

Alice Momaster, b.m., by Momaster (Tabb), 5, 6, 7, 7.

Time, 2:24¼, all heats.

2:12 Pace.

Lucy Walters, b.g., by Jake Walters (Walker), 3, 1, 1, 1.

J. L., Jr., b.g., by James L. (Plexco), 1, 2, 2, 2.

Prince Regal, b.g., by The Regal (Barrett), 2, 3, 3, 3.

The Dude, b.g. (Armstrong), 4, 4, 4, 4.

Time, 2:14½, 2:16¼, 2:14, 2:14.

NEW HAVEN READY FOR BIG SHINDIG YALE-PRINCETON

New Haven, Conn., November 14. Awaking from a three-year wartime hiatus this city, the collegiate home of Yale university, has again garbed itself in college colors and is acting tonight as host to the vanguard of thousands gathering for the Princeton-Yale football game tomorrow.

The adherents of the contending colleges are thronging into town in unprecedented numbers as if determined to make up in a night for the gameless seasons of 1917 and 1918. New Haven is unable to house all its guests and the overflow is being shunted into nearby towns and suburbs. Accommodations are not obtainable at local hotels at any price and many a praduate will be sleeping in a lounging chair tonight.

The sixty-odd thousand seats in the Yale bowl have been sold for some days. Those which have found their way into the hands of the venders are bringing from $10 to $60 a pair, depending upon location. Even money is the prevailing figure in most of the bets made, although a few have been made at 10 to 8 on Yale to win.

There is a persistent rumor that the prince of Wales will witness the game incognito.

NEW BILLIARD PARLOR ON PEACHTREE STREET

The newest recreation place to open on Peachtree street is the Peachtree billiard parlor, over the Tudor theater, which opens Saturday morning for buisness. The room has been elegantly fitted up, and the management has provided modern equipment for those who enjoy the game of billiards. Service and politeness is to be the slogan of the new place, which is under the direct charge of "Dad" Elliott, well known among billiard players and bowlers of the city.

Ebbets Releases Players.

New York, November 14.—Charles Ebbetts, president of the Brooklyn National league ball club, today announced the release of the following players:

Pitcher Norman Plitt and Outfielder Horace Allen to the New Orleans club of the Southern association; Infielder Frank Brazil to the Shreveport club of the Texas league; Infielder John Sheehan to the Winnipeg club of the Western Canada league. All of these players are released on optional agreements, and may be recalled by Brooklyn at the end of the 1920 season.

SPORTOGRAPHY

MAY I NOT

. . . say that Barnum knew what he was talking about when he said "There's one born every minute." He must have been thinking of people who will pay to see prize-fighting on the stage.

How Do They Do It?

While followers of boxing in New York city are prevented by law from seeing bouts between professional pugilists, unless, by chance, they happen to be members of regularly organized athletic clubs, their brethren up state are exceedingly more fortunate. Boxing clubs have flourished for some time in Buffalo and Syracuse, and now at least two other towns have bobbed up as fistic centers. One is Binghamton, and the other is Beacon. Bouts were held in these towns recently without interference by the authorities, yet it is by no means clear that the clubs which conducted the contests are not of the class at which the law is leveled.

Class in Sportography.

ANSWER.—The two oldest teams in the National league are the Chicago and Boston teams, which have played continuously since the organization was launched in 1876.

When was the home plate inside the diamond?

(The answer will be given Monday.)

Chicago Bowling association expects 500 five-men squads to take part in its city championship matches this season.



SUBSTITUTES FOR BOOZE will make you blind. Still, there's nothing more to see.

AS THE PRINCE OF WALES CHIRPS, there's a bridge across the sea. Try and walk it.

THE COLUMBIA TEAM seems to have learned football so that they will have something to forget.

BENNY LEONARD MAY BE ABLE to show the west something in fighting, but Geronimo and Wild Bill Hickok are tough acts to follow.

OLD GRADS ARE FLUTTERING into Harvard and Yale to help the football coaches. An old grad is something like a double chin: Ain't no good and takes up a lot of room.

THE MYSTERIOUS OWNER of Bayberry Candle says his hoss is ready for a killing. So are the Thanksgiving.

CONGRESS WANTS THE U. S. TO HOLD the railroads two more years. Gives the Erie a chance to catch up.

WELL, IF WOMEN ARE SLAVES to dress they are gradually freeing 'emselves. The chickens in Ziegfeld's chorus are absolutely emancipated.

BAYBERRY CANDLE IS A HOSS of the old toe-and-heel school. He doesn't take any chances of being disqualified for running.

HOLD 'EM, Center College.

VE FORGOT TO TEACH DER SOLDIER how to shoot on der run.

I WOULD HAFF VON DER VAR iff der kaiser don't think der next objective iss Holland.

DER TOES OF DER TURK ain't der only thing vot curls up.

VEN I AM LEADING DER TROOPS in baddle, der cowardly telumphone operumator deserts der post und der am I fifty miles from der baddle mitt no connections.

DER GERMAN PEEBLES REFUSE TO EAT der sawdust und der paper food. Dey say der ostrich ain't der national bird.

DER KAISER WEEPS mitt der violet in der hand mitt Flanders. It should haff been der lily.

VE SHOULDN'T HAFF STARTED DER VAR until der Yanks iss weakened mitt der prohibishum.

Three Big Battles On Tap for South In Gridiron World

Three games stand out in general interest among the fifteen or more football contests scheduled for today on southern gridirons. They are the duel that is to be fought at Charlottesville, Va., between the elevens from Vanderbilt and the University of Virginia, the initial contest between Georgia Tech and Georgetown University of Washington, D. C., in Atlanta, and the game at Birmingham in which Auburn takes on the unbeaten Mississippi A. & M. team.

Starting out as though in for a disastrous season the Old Dominion eleven has improved in its play, and though not up to the standard of 1915, promises to give the Commodores a desperate battle. Vandy's victories over Auburn and Alabama make football followers in this section expect the Commodores to come through with the larger score.

The Georgetown eleven, hailed in the east as a southern team, and heralded locally as a notrehn aggregation, came into Atlanta Friday with a strong team and one with a reputation for hard fighters and powerful on attack. Tech's 3 to 0 defeat by Washington and Lee a week ago have, if anything, increased local interest and the Yellow Jackets are going into the game with the slogan of "Make Georgetown Remember the W. & L. Game."

The Mississippi Aggies, who have piled up impressive scores throughout the season, have not, in the opinion of many critics, met teams of the class of Vanderbilt, Auburn, Alabama, Georgia Tech and Washington and Lee, as yet, and when they take on Auburn today the eleven will have a chance to prove its mettle.

Washington and Lee goes into the game with the University of South Carolina at Lexington picked winner. Two other games of special interest are those between Alabama and Louisiana State at Baton Rouge, and Tulane and Georgia at Augusta. Other important games are:

University of Tennessee vs. University of Cincinnati, at Knoxville.

Sewanee vs. Rice Institute, at Houston, Texas.

University of North Carolina vs. Davidson, at Winston-Salem.

North Carolina State vs. Virginia Polytechnic Institute, at Norfolk.

Roanoke College vs. Virginia Military Institute, at Lexington.

Wake Forest vs. Guilford, at Wake Forest, N. C.

Furman vs. Newberry, at Greenville, S. C.

Howard College vs. Birmingham Southern, at Birmingham.

Randolph-Macon vs. Hampden-Sidney, at Richmond.

Georgia Field Club Plans Annual Meet In Waynesboro, Ga.

Waynesboro, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—The thirteenth annual meeting of the Georgia Field Trial club will be held in Waynesboro, beginning November 24. Some of the very finest bird dogs in the whole country will be in the competition. These trials are run over 20,000 acres of land leased by the club and on which no bird has been killed for ten years.

The object of the club is to develop the pointer and setter and not to kill the birds. Some of the entries are: Captain Ziegler, H. D. Kirkover, F. T. Bedford, C. H. Grace, T. S. Comstock, A. G. C. Sage, T. N. Noble. Those from Georgia are: Dr. E. M. Wilder, W. S. Cannon, B. T. Bethune, C. D. Jordan, F. S. Belcher, C. H. Pope, V. B. Oliver, H. W. Blount, S. Bell, H. A. Macaulay, Hope McKenzie, J. K. Ottley, Scot Hudson, Gus Ryan, Gus Williams, J. C. Clarke, R. W. Little, G. C. Hulme, J. W. Athan, Herbert Smar, A. B. McNeice and Ty Cobb.

The winners of the first, second and third prizes will have divided among them $1,500.

PETRELS EN ROUTE TO PLAY SAVANNAH

Oglethorpe Crew, Under Direction of Coach Anderson, Will Play Extended Road Engagement Before Returning to Atlanta.

By Bob Nicholes.

The Oglethorpe Petrels left last night at 9:40 for Savannah, where they will battle the Cotton City Athletic club Saturday afternoon. While this game will have no bearing on their college record, still the Petrels hope to annex the contest and are doped to do so.

Savannah has some great former college stars, but they have hardly been practicing together enough to have a well rounded out machine.

From Savannah Oglethorpe will leave about Monday noon for Charleston, where they will battle with the Citadel Tuesday afternoon. This should be a first-class contest from first to last.

Eighteen men made the trip to Savannah, and two more will be picked up when the team arrives in Charleston, Coach Anderson having told the extra two to report t him there.

Hugh Turner, the star halfback of Oglethorpe, will not be able to make the Savannah trip on account of a sore neck, but hopes to be able to join the squad in Charleston, to get in the Citadel game.

A shoe for gentlemen



Not extreme, but a conservative business man's shoe made of re-selected leather. A combination last, narrow enough to be stylish, yet full enough to be comfortable, with sufficient curve to show the lines of the foot. A finer shoe cannot be had at any price.

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Men's Department Main Floor

Buck's

27-29 WHITEHALL ST.

HANSEN DRIVING GAUNTLETS

ACCESSORIES

The celebrated ***Hansen*** Genuine Felt lined, genuine leather driving gauntlets will keep your hands and wrists warm when driving, even in the most severe weather.

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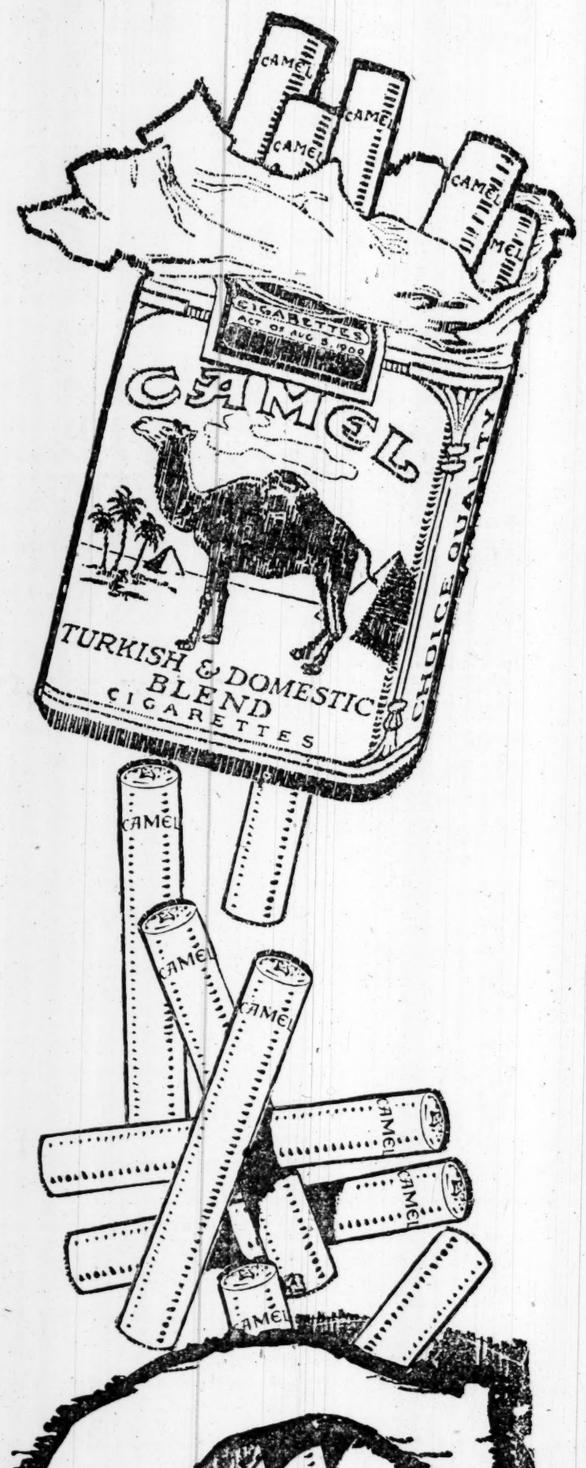
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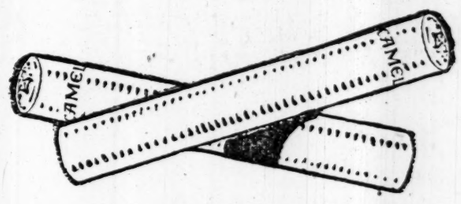
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Yet, Camels are so full-bodied and so full of satisfaction you'll marvel that so much delight could be rolled into a cigarette!

Camels expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos makes them so irresistibly appetising! The blend explains *why* it is possible for you to smoke Camels liberally without tiring your taste! *You will prefer Camels blend to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!*

You'll realize pretty quick, too, that Camels are free from any unpleasant cigaretty aftertaste or unpleasant cigaretty odor!

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Once you know Camels you won't take much stock in premiums, coupons or gifts! You'll prefer Camel quality!

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News and Reviews

Apprehension On Money Lowers Cotton Market

Fear That Bankers Will Discourage Use of Funds in Holding Cotton on Speculation Led to Net Loss of 80-105 Points.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close.
Dec.	37.80	38.06	36.63	36.69	37.45
Jan.	36.09	36.75	35.50	35.50	36.50
Mar.	35.00	35.45	34.05	34.05	35.02
May	34.15	34.45	33.07	33.07	34.05
July	33.37	33.50	32.40	32.40	33.45

Closed easy.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close.
Dec.	38.04	37.80	36.70	37.39	37.75
Jan.	36.63	36.70	35.65	35.50	36.35
Mar.	35.33	35.20	34.25	34.25	35.15
May	34.30	34.15	33.28	33.28	34.18
July	33.40	33.45	32.50	32.50	33.25

Closed steady.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE.

New York, November 14.—(Special.)—Following were the ruling prices on the American Cotton and Grain Exchange, Inc., today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Dec.	38.30	38.30	37.10	37.10	38.00
Jan.	37.00	37.00	35.80	35.89	36.60
Mar.	35.50	35.65	34.28	34.38	35.40
May	34.55	34.75	33.46	33.46	34.40
July	33.93	33.93	32.70	32.70	33.37

New York, November 14.—Continued nervousness over the money situation and apprehensions that bankers would discourage the use of funds in holding cotton on speculation were considered chiefly responsible for a renewal of general liquidation on heavy selling in the cotton market today.

January sold off from 36.70 to 35.50 and the close was easy at the lowest levels of the day on most positions, showing a net loss of 80 to 105 points.

The opening was 35 points higher on December and 7 points lower to 10 points higher on other positions, with active months selling about 10 to 25 points above last night's closing figures during the early trading. This bulge was due to further covering or buying inspired by firmer Liverpool cables and reports of freezing temperatures quite generally over the belt.

There may also have been some buying on the census report showing domestic consumption of 556,344 bales for October, but these features seemed to make comparatively little impression on sentiment and the market soon turned weaker under renewed liquidation and southern selling. Near months were relatively weak, owing to reports that the lower, tenderable grades were offered more freely in the belt and early afternoon rallies on the larger exports or reports that more cotton would be shipped from the local stock, met increased offerings.

Selling was general in the last half hour, with December breaking to 36.63 and March to 34.05 in the late trading. The south was a moderate seller during the day, but the bulk of offerings were again attributed to Wall street houses.

SPOTS IN NEW YORK.

New York, November 14.—Cotton, spot steady; middling, 39.65.

NEW ORLEANS SLUMPS, FOLLOWING ADVANCE

New Orleans, November 14.—Moderately wide advances were made by cotton in the early trading today, but later the market fell off for wide declines under rumors that banking authorities were about to take action to force liquidation of speculatively held spot cotton, much after the same manner that liquidation was forced in the stock market, and in spite of large mill takings and exports for the week, the declines were maintained, the market closing at its lowest.

Last prices were 75 to 90 points under the close of yesterday, except on December, which was 45 points under. Spots were unchanged at 39.75 for middling, which compared with 37.30 as the closing price on December contracts.

Good cables, heavy October consumption in this country and continued cold weather in the belt were responsible for a rise of 27 to 40 points around the opening, but buying plainly was restricted by the senate's action regarding the league of nations covenant and a little later the banking rumors commenced to have their effect.

Exports of 206,229 bales for the week, against 31,108 this week last year, caused much comment but little buying, and the same thing is to be said of mill takings, which were 375,000 bales, against 330,000 this week last year, the best showing takings have made thus far this season.

SPOTS IN NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, November 14.—Spot cotton quiet and unchanged. Sales on the spot, 347; to arrive, 1,000. Low middling, 34.50; middling, 39.75; good middling, 41.50. Receipts, 372; stock, 457,734.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, November 14.—Cotton seed oil started steady, but later turned easy with cotton and for want of outside support. Final bids were 8 to 17 points net lower. Sales, 16,700 barrels.

Prime crude, 19.50; prime summer yellow, spot, 22.50; December, 22.03; March, 22.28; May, 22.42, all bid. Prime winter yellow, 24.50@25; prime summer white, 26.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, November 14.—Cotton, spot in good demand, with better qualities hardening; prices strong. Good middling, 26.75; fully middling, 25.83; middling, 24.93; low middling, 22.68; good ordinary, 20.53; ordinary, 19.53. Sales, 10,000 bales, including 6,700 American; receipts, 12,400 bales, all American. Futures closed easy: November, 24.08; December, 23.70; January, 23.03; March, 22.05; May, 21.44; July, 20.94; October, 18.98.

WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

Total forwarded to mills, 81,000 bales, American, 59,000; stock, 658,000, American, 455,000; imports, 94,000, American, 38,000; exports, 5,436.

Sea Island Cotton.

Savannah, Ga., November 14.—Sea Island: Fancy, 77@82; extra choice, 75@80; choice, 73@78; extra fine, 68@73; fine, 63@68; common, 50@60. Market very steady; sales, 173; receipts, 739; shipments, 712; stock, 7,849. Crop in sight, 7,781.

Sugar.

New York, November 14.—The local market for raw sugar was unchanged at 7.28 for centrifugal to the refiner for old crops, while new crop sugar was quiet and no fresh business reported. The board reported no purchases.

In refined prices remained on the basis of 9 cents for fine granulated, with business regulated by the amount offered by refiners, which is distributed through the committee. The demand continues active.

86 CENTS POUND PAID FOR STAPLE COTTON

Phoenix, Ariz., November 14.—All records for western cotton prices were declared broken yesterday, when, at Eight Valley gins a price of 86 cents a pound for long staple cotton went into effect, an advance of 4 cents a pound. The new figure represents $430 a bale.

INCREASE 114,900 COTTON CONSUMED

October Consumption Is Placed at 553,344 Lint and 25,603 Linters, Census Bureau Announces.

Washington, November 14.—Cotton consumed during October amounted to 555,344 bales of lint and 25,603 of linters, the census bureau announced today.

During October a year ago 440,354 bales of lint and 97,000 of linters were consumed.

Cotton on hand October 31 in consuming establishments was 1,365,537 bales of lint, and 245,392 of linters, compared with 1,499,327 of lint and 136,479 of linters a year ago, and in public storage and at compresses, 3,667,121 bales of lint and 242,915 of linters, compared with 3,941,945 of lint and 83,418 of linters held a year ago.

Imports were 34,331 bales compared with 4,277 in October a year ago.

Exports were 352,231 bales, including 820 bales of linters, compared with 383,995 bales, including 16,729 of linters.

Cotton spindles active during October numbered 34,307,367, compared with 32,736,564 in October last year.

Statistics for cotton-growing states follows:

Consumed 305,321 bales, compared with 231,475; on hand October 31 in consuming establishments 849,963 compared with 788,139, and in public storage and at compresses 3,504,101 compared with 3,691,655.

Cotton spindles active during October 14,772,457 compared with 14,125,562 in October last year.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS SPOT COTTON MARKET

ATLANTA SPOT COTTON	39.75c
Same day last year	30.15c
Receipts, bales	30.15c
Shipments, bales	3,098
Stock, bales	1,343
Stock, bales	37,431

COTTON MOVEMENT

Port Movement.

New Orleans: Middling, 39.75; receipts, 5,372; exports, 13,743; sales, 1,347; stock, 457,734.

Galveston: Middling 41.50; receipts, 8,339; exports, 30,459; sales, 4,300; stock, 290,722.

Mobile: Receipts, 2,344; stock, 39,592.

Savannah: Middling, 38.00; receipts, 4,063; sales, 393; stock, 401,333.

Charleston: Receipts, 1,440; stock, 41,027.

Wilmington: Middling, 37.00; receipts, 1,000; stock, 62,413.

Texas City: Receipts, 875; stock, 38,843.

Norfolk: Middling, 37.50; receipts, 4,696; sales, 373; stock, 105,199.

Baltimore: Receipts, 11,706; stock, 15,906.

Boston: Middling, 39.95; receipts, 497; stock, 3,603.

Philadelphia: Middling, 39.90; receipts, 105; stock, 7,994.

New York: Middling, 39.65; stock, 91,871.

Minor ports: Receipts, 17,304; exports, 26,324; stock, 27,109.

Total today: Receipts, 57,741; exports, 70,526; stock, 1,638,346.

Total for week: Receipts, 200,197; exports 206,239.

Total for season: Receipts, 1,138,759; exports, 1,380,549.

Interior Movement.

Houston: Middling, 40.50; receipts, 17,462; shipments, 13,566; sales, 30; stock, 217,482.

Memphis: Middling, 42.00; receipts, 6,026; shipments, 4,853; sales, 450; stock, 203,814.

Augusta: Middling, 39.00; receipts, 5,150; shipments, 2,866; sales, 505; stock, 192,839.

St. Louis: Middling, 43.50; receipts, 2,804; shipments, 2,104; stock, 5,727.

Atlanta: Middling, 38.65; receipts, 3,938; shipments, 1,343; stock, 37,431.

Little Rock: Middling, 41.00; receipts, 1,442; shipments, 2,056; sales, 2,056; stock, 40,501.

Dallas: Middling, 40.55; sales, 4,115.

Montgomery: Middling, 37.50.

Total today: Receipts, 36,822; shipments, 26,7828; stock, 698,794.

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, November 14.—(Special.)—Better cables and active trade buying earlier in the day gave the market support. However, prices declined about 100 points on realizing by some of yesterday's buyers and southern selling. Killing frost in Mississippi was reported and interior spot advices continue bullish, but the market is unsettled, fearing that the federal reserve board will exert its influence ein withholding credit accommodation for commodity market operations. We expect rapid fluctuations in both directions and caution our friends to make purchases only on sharp recessions.

J. W. JAY & CO.

New York, November 14.—(Special.)—Killing frost over practically the entire belt last night has put an end to the growth of this cotton crop. Domestic consumption figures for the month of October published today show 555,000 bales against 491,000 for September and 440,000 for October last year. Consumption is not only heavier than expected, but is on about the largest scale ever known. Notwithstanding these important pointers and the feeling on the part of many that raw cotton is practically on the bargain counter, liquidation and short selling closed, prices 1 cent lower than last night. Purchases on such depression held with confidence, we believe, will surely give buyers profits.

ORVIS BROS. & CO.

New York, November 14.—(Special.)—There was nothing startling in the news or the market movement of the day. In certain circles and among a certain crowd the report was freely circulated that the reserve banks would curb speculation. This was sent out for effect and was considered bearish. German buyers were aggressive buyers in Texas. Pickings have stopped, grades have been lowered still further, and waste is increasing. This is bullish.

CLARK & CO.

New York, November 14.—(Special.)—Liverpool was about as expected this morning, our market opening about unchanged from last night's closing prices. Values eased on further liquidation of cotton carried over the recent decline. Near positions were easier on the theory that these positions might be liquidated in face of the present high money rate. The market is gradually recovering its equilibrium after the shock of the past few days.

Consumption figures were larger than expected and many feel that it ma ybe some little time before the effect of the restriction in loans in New York begins to be felt through the country. On the other hand, a good deal of cotton is offered on any advance and it is felt that more will be for sale on any recoveries. Considerable interest was created in an article in a local newspaper to the effect that the federal bank intended to investigate the advances mad on cotton.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

Metals.

New York, November 14.—Copper, dull; electrolytic, spot and fourth quarter, 20½@21. Iron, firm and unchanged. Antimony, 9.00. Metal exchange quotes lead firm; spot, 6.75 bid, 6.90 asked; December, 6.80 bid, 6.95 asked. Spelter easy; St. Louis spot, 7.90 bid, 8.00 asked. At London standard copper spot, 100 pounds 10s. Futures, 101 pounds 17s 6d; electrolytic, spot, 112 pounds; futures, 117 pounds. Tin, spot, 283 pounds 12s, 6d; futures, 284 pounds 15s. Lead, spot, 34 pounds 7s 6d; futures, 30 pounds 12s 6d. Zinc, spot, 47 pounds 15s; futures, 48 pounds.

Dry Goods.

New York, November 14.—Cotton goods were generally steady and yarns higher today. Wool markets were irregular, with a firm trend. Burlaps were easier, while silks were in good demand.

STOCK EXCHANGE AGAIN ADVANCES

Material Gains Friday in Many Issues, But There Were Occasional Signs That Market Has Not Fully Righted Itself.

New York, November 14.—Stocks made further substantial recoveries today from their severe declines of the mid-week, although there were occasional signs that the market had not fully adjusted itself.

The most noteworthy and hopeful features were the activity and strength of rails, accompanied by favorable advices from Washington and the confident accumulation of other standard issues, as reported by commission houses.

Temporary reservals of relatively minor proportions succeeded the strong opening, these being ascribed mainly to realizing for quick profits. Another setback followed the publication of the first call money rate of 14 per cent, the latter figure ruling until the last hour, when successive offerings forced the rate down to 8 per cent.

The condition of the time money market was the one serious drawback of the session. Virtually no funds were obtainable at the 8 per cent bid, even for renewals, local banks withdrawing almost entirely, while interior banks confined their loans to nominal amounts for the shorter dates. Transcontinentals led the rails, with Union Pacific in the foreground at an extreme advance of 5 points. Grangers and coalers were not far behind with cotton carriers, while many secondary transportations were higher by 1 to 4 points.

General Motors steered an irregular course, fluctuating in a 20-point radius and closing at a loss of about 8 points. Related shares, also oils, steels and equipments, eased at the end, after having shown irregular gains.

Pools were less active in the many specialties which featured recent operations, leathers, tobaccos, shippings and food issues being comparatively inconspicuous and little changed.

The general bond list strengthened on buying of speculative rails. Liberty issues also improving. Total sales, par value, totalled $14,650,000. Old United States bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCKS

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	94½	92¾	92¾	94
Am. Can	56⅜	56	56⅜	56
Am. Car. & Fdry.	137½	136¼	136¾	136¾
Am. Hide & Leather, pfd.	127¼	124	127¼	125½
Am. Inter. Corp.	118¾	115	118¾	117
Am. Locomotive	99¼	96½	99¼	99½
Am. Linseed	74⅝	72½	72½	74½
Am. Smelting & Refining	71½	70⅛	70¾	71⅛
Am. Sugar	139¼	136	138¾	139⅝
Am. Sumatra Tobacco	97¼	95¾	95¾	96½
Am. Tel. & Tel.	100	99⅝	99¾	99⅞
Am. Tobacco	265½	255	260	253⅞
Anaconda Copper	65½	64⅜	65⅜	65½
Atchison	92¼	89⅞	91	90
A. C. L.	95⅞	92½	94½	91
Atl. Gulf & West Indies	169⅜	167	167½	168
Baldwin Loco.	113½	110	111	111
Balt. & Ohio	40⅞	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝
Beth. Steel "B"	98⅞	97	98⅛	98¼
Canadian Pacific	150¼	147	148½	147¼
Central Leather	100⅜	99	100	99⅞
Chesa. & Ohio	61	57	60	56¾
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	45¾	42½	45½	42¾
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	30⅜	28	28	28
Chino Copper	40⅞	40¼	40⅝	39⅝
Coca-Cola	41½	40¾	41½	40
Colo. Fuel & Iron	44½	44	44	43¾
Corn Products	88⅛	86½	87	88⅛
Crucible Steel	226	218	220	225
Cuba Cane Sugar	44⅜	43	43½	42¾
Erie	16¼	15¼	15⅜	15
Gen. Electric	173	169½	172	169
Gen. Motors	324	303	312¾	320
Grt. North., pfd.	87	86¼	86¾	86¼
Grt. North. Ore Ctfs.	41⅝	41	41⅝	41¾
Gulf States Steel	69	68	68	68½
Illinois Central	93	92	93	90⅞
Inspiration Cop.	57½	56¾	57¼	57
Int. Mer. Marr., pfd.	19	18¾	18¾	18¾
Inter. Nickel	26¼	25⅝	25⅞	25⅞
Inter. Paper	74⅜	71¾	72¾	72
Kennecott Copper	31⅜	31	31	31¼
Louis. & Nash.	113⅜	110	111⅝	108¼
Maxwell Motors	43¾	40¾	42¾	42½
Mex. Petroleum	212	205	205⅜	212
Miami Copper	25½	25	25⅛	25⅛
Midvale Steel	52⅝	52	52⅜	52
Missouri Pacific	30½	28¼	30½	28
N. Y. Central	74⅜	72½	74⅜	72½
N. Y., N. H. & H.	35	32¼	34	32
Norfolk & Western	103¼	100⅝	103¼	100
Northern Pacific	88¼	85	87	85
Ohio Cities Gas	51⅝	50⅞	51½	52
Okla. Prod. & Ref.	9⅜	9¼	9⅜	9⅜
Pan-American Petroleum	114½	110¼	110¾	114¼
Pennsylvania	43⅝	42⅜	43	42½
Pitts. & W. Va.	33	30½	32	30
Ray Cons. Copper	22	21⅝	22	21½
Reading	75⅜	73⅝	73⅝	73½
Rep. Iron & Steel	114½	110¾	112	114¼
Royal Dutch, N. Y.	99¾	97½	98¼	98⅜
S. A. L.	9½	9¼	9½	9⅛
Sinclair Oil & Ref.	54½	53⅛	53⅜	54½
Sloss-Shef. Steel & Iron	75	72	72	75
Southern Pacific	110¼	106⅝	108½	106⅞
Southern Railway	26½	24⅝	26¼	24⅞
do. pfd.	63¼	61	63¼	61
Studebaker Corp.	119⅜	115¼	117¾	117
Tennessee Copper	12⅜	11⅝	12	11⅝
Texas Co.	307	304	305	307
Tobacco Prod.	89½	87	88	88¼
Union Pacific	127⅝	123	126¾	122½
U. S. Retail Stores	96	92	93½	96
United Fruit	195	191	194	193
U. S. Food Products	80	77	79½	77½
U. S. Ind Alcohol	114	113½	114	110½
U. S. Rubber	125	121⅝	113½	123
U. S. Steel	106⅜	105⅜	105⅝	106⅜
do. pfd.	114⅞	114¼	114¼	114
Utah Copper	80½	78¼	79⅝	79⅜
Va.-Caro. Chem.	75	75	75	74
Western Union, bid.				85⅜
Westinghouse Elec.	53¼	52	53	53⅜
Willys-Overland	32	31¼	31⅞	31⅛
Total sales, 1,544,000 shares.				

NEW YORK BONDS

U. S. 2s, registered, bid	100
do. coupon, bid	100
U. S. convertible 3s, registered, bid	88
do. coupon, bid	88
U. S. 4s, registered, bid	106
do. coupon, bid	106
American Tel. & Tel. cvs. 6s	99½
Anglo-French 5s	97
Atchison gen. 4s	78⅜
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	79⅛
Baltimore & Ohio cv. 4½s	68½
Bethlehem Steel ref. 5s	88¼
Central of Georgia Cons. 6s, bid	97⅝
Central Leather 5s	97⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio cv. 5s	86
Chi., B. & Quincy joint 4s	93⅛
Chi., Mil. & St. P. cv. 4½s	73⅜
Chi., R. I & Pac. Ry. ref. 4s	66
City of Paris 6s	96
Colorado & South. ref. 4½s offered	78
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s, offered	55⅜
Dominion of Canada 5s (1931)	92½
Erie gen. 4s	47
Illinois Central ref. 4s, bid	70
Int. Mer. Marine 6s	95⅞
Kan. City Southern ref. 5s	75⅜
Liggett & Myers 5s, bid	90
Louisville & Nashville un. 4s	83¼
Missouri, Kans. & Texas 4s	63⅜
Missouri Pacific gen. 4s	57⅝
New York Central deb. 6s	83¼
Norfolk & Western cv. 6s	105½
Northern Pacific 4s	77⅜
Pennsylvania Cons. 4½s	91½
Pennsylvania gen. 5s	92¼
Reading gen. 4s	82⅛
Republic Iron & Steel 5s (1940)	94½
St. Louis & San Fran. adj. 6s	60
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	45⅞
Southern Bell Tell. 5s, bid	99
Southern Pacific cv. 5s	108⅞
Southern Railway 5s	86⅝
Southern Railway gen. 4s	63
Texas Company cv. 6s	94
Texas & Pacific 1st, offered	85⅜
Union Pacific 4s	84⅞
U. S. Steel 5s	99
Virginia-Caro. Chemical 5s	95
Wabash 1st	90

London Money.

London, November 14.—Bar silver, 68d per ounce.

Money, 2¾ per cent; discount rates, short bills, 5⅝ per cent; three-month bills, 5⅜ per cent.

Local Market Quotations

ATLANTA BANK CLEARINGS.

BANK CLEARINGS FOR FRIDAY	$15,350,438.19
Same day last week	16,443,172.36
Same day last year	12,667,397.30
Increase over same day last year	2,683,040.89
Total clearings so far this week	$1,163,817.63

Atlanta Securities.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta National Bank	290	310
Atlantic Ice & Coal Corp.	82	83
Atl. Ice & Coal Corp., pfd.	82½	84
A. & W. P. Railroad	148	150
Atlantic Steel	90	92
xAtlantic Steel, pfd.	92	95
Bibb Mfg. Co. (Macon)	200	210
Cen. Bank & Trust Corp.	152	1.55
Augusta & Savannah Ry.	90	....
Fulton National Bank	135	....
Exposition Cotton Mills	2.90	....
Eagle & Phoenix Cot. Mills	204	209
Empire Cotton Oil Co.	80	....
Fourth National Bank	325	....
Ga. Ry. & Elec. 5 per cent pfd.	77	79
Ga. Ry. & Elec. stamped	106¼	108
Ga. Ry. & Power Co. 1st pfd.	70	75
Ga. Ry. & Power Co. 2d pfd.	14	16
Ga. Ry. & Power Co. com.	10	13
Ga. R. R. & Banking Co.	228	232
Hillside Cotton Mills	220	225
Mandeville Mills	235	250
Southwestern Railroad	93	95
Trust Company of Georgia	350	....
Citizens' & Southern Bank	250	....
Lowry National Bank	235	240
Atlantic Steel 6s	97½	100
Atlantic Ice & Coal Corp. 6s	94	95
Ga. R. R. & Banking Co. 4s	78	83
Cen. R. R. & Bank Co. Col. Trust 5s	89	91

FISH AND OYSTERS.

(Wholesalers' prices to retailers. Quotations supplied by Bell Brothers, Produce Row, Atlanta.)

Mackerel, per lb.	$ .19
Trout, per lb.	.19
Mullet, per bbl.	18.00
Bottom fish, per bbl.	16.00
Pompanos, per lb	.25
Snappers (none on market).	
Grouper (none on market).	
Select oysters, per gal.	2.50
Stews, per gal.	2.25

ATLANTA PROVISION MARKET.

(Corrected by the White Provision Co.)

Cornfield hams, 10-12 average	$ .32
Cornfield hams, 12-14 average	.32
Cornfield skinned hams, 16-18 av.	.33
Cornfield picnic hams, 6-8 average	.21
Cornfield breakfast bacon, wide or narrow	.45
Cornfield sliced bacon, 1-lb. packages, 12 to case	.33
Grocers' bacon, wide or narrow	.33
Cornfield pork sausage, fresh link or bulk	.24
Cornfield wieners in 10-lb. cartons	.22
Cornfield wieners in 12-lb. kits in pickle	3.00
Cornfield bologna sausage in 25-lb. boxes	.20
Cornfield smoked link sausage in 25-lb. boxes	.18
Grandmother's pure lard, tierce basis	.33½
Country style lard, tierce basis	.32½
Compound lard, tierce basis	.27
D. S. extra ribs	.23
D. S. bellies, light average	.23
D. S. bellies, medium average	.23

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS COTTON SEED PRODUCTS

Crude oil, basis prime	$20.00
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	73.00
Cotton seed meal, Ga. Com. R. Pt.	72.00
Cotton seed hulls, loose	14.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	18.00
Linters, 1st cut, high grade	.08½
Linters, clean mill run	.03

ATLANTA MARKETS

(Prices quoted by wholesale dealers to retailers. Corrected daily by the State Bureau of Markets, State Capitol, Atlanta.)

EGGS, POULTRY AND BUTTER.

Eggs, per dozen, No. 1, candled	$0.62
Eggs, cold storage	.55
Friers, live, per pound	.43
Hens, live, per pound	.28
Roosters, live, per pound	.19
Ducks, live, per pound	.27
Geese, per pound	.20
Turkeys, live, per pound	.37
Butter, creamery, quarters	.70
Butter, choice table, per pound	.60
Butter, cooking, per pound	.45

PRODUCE.

Cabbage, per cwt.	$4.00
Irish potatoes, cwt.	3.50
Onions (red), cwt.	5.25
Snap beans, hampers	3.50
Oranges, Florida, crate	4.00
Grapefruit	$3.50@ 4.50
Tomatoes, six-crate baskets	4.00
Sweet potatoes, cwt.	2.00

FEED STUFFS.

Mixed stock feed, ton	$48.00@ 72.00
Corn, No. 2, bushel	1.95
Oats, No. 3, bushel	.98
Hay, No. 1 timothy, per ton	41.00
Hay, alfalfa, per ton	46.00
Shorts, gray, ton	66.00
Shorts, gray, ton	68.00
Bran, per ton	53.00
Chicken feed, cwt., sacked	$3.60@ 4.00
Alfalfa meal, ton	50.00
Chicken feed, cwt., sacked	$3.60@ 4.10
Cotton seed hulls, ton	19.00

GROCERIES.

Corn meal, cwt.	$ 4.25
Flour, 24-lb. sacks (per bbl.)	11.90
Flour, 48-lb. sacks (per bbl.)	11.70
Flour, self-rising	add. .25
Cheese	.35

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.

(Corrected by the White Provision Co.)

Good to choice steers, 850-1,000, $9@9.50.

Good steers, 750-850, $8.50@8.75.

Medium to good steers, 750-850, $7.50@8.50.

Good to choice beef cows, 750-850, $6.75@7.50.

Medium to good cows, 650-750, $5.25@6.75.

Good to choice heifers, 550-650, $8@7.

The above represents the ruling prices for good quality fed cattle.

Inferior grades and dairy types quoted below:

Medium to good steers, 700-800, $7@8.

Medium to good cows, 600-700, $5.50@6.50.

Mixed common cows, $4.50@5.50.

Good fat oxen, $7@7.50.

Good butcher bulls, $6@7.

Choice veal calves, $5.50@8.00.

Yearlings, $4.50@6.

Prime hogs, 165-225, $13.00@13.25.

Light hogs, 135-165, $12.00@12.25.

Heavy pigs, 100-135, $11.00@11.25.

Light pigs, 60-100, $10.00@10.25.

fed hogs.

The above applies to good quality mixed

Georgia Markets

FIELD PEAS.

"Indications are that the field-pea crop is short this year," says this week's bulletin of the state bureau of markets. "We want to urge our farmers to harvest every bushel of peas possible, and to carefully store and preserve those which are already harvested.

"This product is one of the most valuable, from a food standpoint, that Georgia raises, and it will pay us good returns if we conserve the crop which we have produced. The market has not yet adjusted itself, but we believe it will reach good values.

"Many leaders are now preaching the doctrine of increased production. At this particular time and for the next three months our text shall be 'conservation of what we have already produced.'

"Harvest and carefully store everything raised on the farm. Let nothing rot in the fields or sheds."

Prices shown below are those which wholesalers are paying f.o.b. these consuming centers. To arrive at prices net shippers, deduct freight to most favorable point. Quotations by state bureau of markets, state capitol, Atlanta:

	ATLANTA.	AUGUSTA.	MACON.	SAVANNAH.
Sweet potatoes (white), per 100 lbs.	$1.00	$1.00	$1.00	$1.00
Sweet potatoes (yellow), per 100 lbs.	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Irish potatoes, sacked, per 100 lbs.	3.25	3.15	3.00	3.00
Cabbage (green crated), per 100 lbs.	2.75	3.25	3.00	3.00
Field peas, per bushel	2.75	2.75	....	3.00
Black-eye peas, per pound	.05	.05	....	.06
White brown-eye peas, per pound	.05	.05	....	.06
Eggs, per dozen	.58	.56	.54	.55
Hens and stags, per pound	.25	.27	.28	.28
Roosters, per pound	.15	.17	.18	.17
Friers, per pound	.40	.35	.40	.40
Ducks, per pound	.22	.24	.24	.25
Geese, per pound	.17	.18	.20	.20
Turkeys, per pound	.33	.32	.35	.33
Country butter (best table), per pound	.60	.55	.55	.60
Country butter (cooking), per pound	.45	.45	.45	.40
Irish apples, per pound	....	....	....	.18
Georgia cane syrup, per gallon	1.00	1.00	....	.90
Sorghum syrup, per gallon	.80	.90	....	....
Corn meal, per 100 pounds	3.35	3.60	3.55	3.50
Corn, No. 2 (white), sacked, per bushel	1.70	1.71	1.90	1.72
Oats, No. 3 (white), sacked, per bushel	.91	.90	.90	91.
Peavine hay, per ton	33.00	30.00	35.00	....
Shucks, per ton	....	13.00	....	....

State Production Shows Monster Peanut Decline

The final quotative estimates for Georgia crops released today by the co-operative crop reporting service for Georgia, J. J. Brown, commissioner of agriculture and Z. R. Pettet, field agent, bureau of estimates, show three principal things: First, the tremendous decline in peanut production this year; second, the huge increase in tobacco, and, third, the similarly great increase in sweet potatoes.

Other important features which appear are the comparatively small crop of apples, the large production of sorghum and the decrease in corn. The yields are low for all crop except sweet potatoes, the comparatively small yield of corn was somewhat offset by much enlarged area devoted to that cereal, particularly in the section of the state badly infested by the weevil in 1918.

The increase in the tobacco acreage was tremendous, and with a favorable season would have placed Georgia well up among the leading tobacco-producing states. The final production of 530 pounds per acre destroyed these fond hopes. The old wrapper district of Decatur and Grady counties produced heavy yields about as usual.

Irish potatoes show little change in total production, though there was a shifting in acreage and yield per acre which does not appear from the figures.

Total valuation of all crops will be published in December on the basis of December 1 prices:

CROPS.	1918.	1919.
Corn bushels	68,850,000	66,484,000
Irish potatoes, bushels	1,610,000	1,610,000
Sweet potatoes, bushels	11,610,000	12,512,000
Tobacco (all), pounds	....	16,960,000
Apples (all), bushels	1,777,000	630,000
Pears (all), bushels	188,000	175,000
Peanuts (harvested), bushels	8,792,000	5,075,000
Sorghum, gallons	910,000	1,168,000

Weekly Cotton Review

New York, November 14.—Unsettling money and stock market developments caused great excitement and extremely violent fluctuations in the cotton market during the past week. For two days in succession the rule limiting price movements was called into operation and while fluctuations were somewhat narrower today, the market was still extremely nervous and irregular. Bullish sentiment based on the activity of the southern spot markets and unfavorable crop reports remained very much in evidence during the earlier part of the week. December deliveries, for instance, made a new high record on Tuesday, selling at 38.50, or more than 10 cents per pound above the low level of last September, and more than double the low price of last March. This attracted heavy realizing, however, and the market was thrown into confusion on Wednesday by the sensational advance in call money rates. This was considered responsible for very heavy liquidation of speculative long accounts which included urgent selling for Wall street and western account, under which December broke to 36.15 before the close on Wednesday, or 200 points below the final price of Tuesday. A renewal of the selling movement sent December off to 35.60 on Thursday morning, after which it rebounded to 37.60, where it was checked for the day by maxiumm price ruling. Killing frosts have been reported over the greater part of the belt, and there has been no improvement in crop news, while exports have been running heavier and today's census report showed a larger domestic mill consumption for October than expected. The extraordinary fluctuations in futures have been accompanied by a sharp falling off of business in the southern spot markets, however, and there has been probably selling on apprehensions that a tight money situation might lead to liquidation of spot cotton holdings in the south. Lower foreign exchange rates also served to unsettle sentiment, and there has been more discussion of financial than of crop or goods trade conditions during the week.

HEAVY RECEIPTS DEPRESS GRAINS

Prospect of Increase in Movement Aids in Sending Corn Down—Oats Lose and Provisions Vary.

Chicago, November 14.—Enlarged receipts together with prospect of a material further increase of the crop movement had a bearish effect today on the corn market.

Prices closed unsettled at 1 1-4 to 2 1-4c net lower, with

The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News

Stock Market Unsteady As Money Remains High

By R. L. Barnum.

(The Constitution-Philadelphia Public Ledger Service. Copyright, 1919.)

New York, November 14.—Prices opened from one to two points or more higher and then immediately began to sell off sharply on profit taking by traders who bought at yesterday's low levels. During the first hour Baldwin dropped from 113 to 110½, Mexican Petroleum from 212 to 205, Studebaker from 119 to 104¼, General Motors from 324 to 303. Then there was a recovery followed by another decline.

With call money again renewing at 14 per cent despite the liquidation in the stock market of the past week, naturally Wall street had its eye on the future and on all sides the question was heard: "What is going to happen next?"

In many quarters the belief is expressed that the upward price movement will be resumed. Others are equally as positive that a period of inactivity is ahead. A large majority hold that liquidation is not over.

One of these viewpoints can safely be eliminated. There are too many pending developments of an important financial character for the market to stand still. It is likely either to go up or down. Which will it be?

Further Decline Expected.

The chances are in favor of a further decline. First there are a number of people who did not sell this week who will sell when the income tax is reduced. Next there are many underwriting syndicates and pools hung up with a large pile of securities. Next the public has had a very severe scare as a result of this week's stock market action and the buying power that has been behind the market for months past has been removed. Finally money is likely to remain high for at least the rest of this year and any renewed activity in the stock market on a rising scale of prices is almost certain to cause trouble such as that experienced this week.

During the last hour call money eased off to 8 per cent and prices of stocks started upward. The closing for most active shares was at or near the highest prices for the day.

Wall Street Gossip.

Some violent advances were recorded in the railroad shares today especially in such issues as S. P., U. P., C. & O., N. Y. C., Reading and among the low priced issues, Texas & Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Frisco, Pere Marquette and others. The most active feature was Southern Pacific, but this stock has two favorable possibilities connected with it. One is favorable action on the part of congress towards the railroads and a favorable decision on the part of supreme court in the oil lands suit. The latter seems to be the most important at the present time, as the S. P. has made a very favorable showing throughout the period of government operation. And for this reason certain investors and speculators have been accumulating the shares regardless of its market fluctations and there has been some wide swings during the past few months.

Prediction is being made in certain quarters that the S. P. will, without question, win its oil land suit against the government. This prediction is based upon the fact that the railroads bought the greater part of the land in question in the same manner as any other individual and paid the price which the government asked at the advertised sales, as the land has been opened to homeseekers. But it is pointed out by the other side that if there were no doubt about the case and the government did not consider it could put up a winning fight, the case would never have been taken to the supreme court. The decision on this case is expected before long, because it is an early one on the docket.

Heavy Gold Movements.

Reports of heavy movements of gold from San Francisco to India have reached the financial district and been interpreted as throwing some light on the anxiety of the federal reserve to maintain its cash position. A point which Wall street has more or less ignored is the fact that the cash held by the central banks is not a stable item, but on the other hand that there has been a steady outflow of gold, totaling some $200,000,000 since last June. To grant unlimited credit, while this is going on would be to burn the candle at both ends. The situation arises from the fact that Europe, which owes us money, will not let gold go, while we are called upon to settle in gold our unfavorable balance with South America and the orient.

Now that we have been brought to scratch, say people in Wall street, let the federal reserve board go after other speculators who have been dealing in cotton, grain, cattle and other commodities.

Heavy Offering in Foreign Exchange.

Heavy offerings were made on the foreign exchange market here today with prices very near the low records established last Tuesday. Speculative conditions in the foreign exchange market were very similar to those existing in the stock market. The recovery from Tuesday's low was made on short covering. That short covering seems to have run its course.

A very interesting bit of gossip was going the rounds today regarding a certain conference that started here yesterday and ran late into the night at which a certain promoter in tobacco and candy stocks who has recently been making one of his companies swallow the other with the total capitalization constantly increasing, was relieved of a large part of his holdings for almost a song. The stocks in question were very weak yesterday, but did better today. According to today's story the rescuing was done by two old hands in the tobacco promoting game, both originally from the south. One of them was generally supposed to have been on the retired list for the past few years. The other has been going about the country for some time arm in arm with the promoter, who until last night, was flying almost out of sight. Today, according to Wall street gossip, he is down on the ground limping around on a crutch with one arm in a sling and a patch over both eyes. For some time past predictions have been made by old timers that the new comer in the promotion game was going to get what was coming to him.

STOCKS IN LONDON AT DECLINE FRIDAY

(The Constitution—London Times—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

London, November 14.—Liquidation was in progress in several markets and the general trend of prices was in a downward direction. A slight improvement at the outset in the market for home government securities was not maintained. Following the previous day's decline, oil shares opened appreciably higher, but part of the initial result was lost. The market in industrial securities was heavy and the mining section of the house showed dullness.

Most of the banks called money from the market in large amounts, having to be paid over by them in the shape of excess profits payments. There was a better demand for loans in consequence at 4½ per cent, although in the afternoon money was borrowed at 4 per cent. Discount rates again exhibited a hardening tendency.

CURB SECURITIES

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

	High.	Low.	Close.
Industrials.			
Aetna Exp.	10	8¾	10
Allied Packers	42½	40	40
American Marconi	6¾	6¾	6¾
Brit.-Am. Tob.	25⅝	25½	25½
Carlligh	3⅝	3⅜	3½
Colonial Tire	16	16	16
Gen. Asphalt	138	133	136½
Grapeola	1¼	1	1
Gupp Motors	13	12½	12¾
Nat. Leather	20¼	19¼	20
North Am. Pulp	4½	4⅜	4½
Overland Tire	30½	30¼	30½
Pob. Prod. Exp.	35	29	32
Wayne Coal	5	4½	5
Standard Oils.			
Anglo-Am.	33	32¼	32⅝
S. O. New York	447	438	447
Independent Oils.			
Amal. Royalty	1¼	1	1¼
Cosden	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
Elk Basin	8⅛	8	8
Esmeralda Oil (new)	¼	¼	¼
Federal Oil	2⅞	2¾	2¾
Glenrock	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
Guffey Gillespie	36½	34½	35½
Indianhoma Ref.	11	10½	11
Inter. Pet.	59	51	57⅝
Island Oil	7⅛	6¾	7⅛
Merritt	28	22½	22¾
Metro Pet.	8	2¾	8
Midwest Ref.	168	164	165
North American Oil	6	5⅞	6
Prod. & Ref.	10⅜	10	10¼
Ranger Oil	11-16	⅝	11-16
Salt Creek Prod.	51	48	49½
Shell Trade & Trans.	79½	76	77⅜
Simms Pet.	42	40¼	42
Trinity	1⅛	⅞	1
Bonds.			
Allied Packers 6s	86⅜	86⅝	86⅜
Amer. T. & T. 6s	97⅜	97	97
Anaconda 6s	98¼	98¼	98¼
Can. Gov 5½s (1929)	96⅞	96⅜	96⅞
Russian Gov. 6½s	41	40	40
Swedish Gov. 6s	95	94½	95
Swiss Gov. 5½s	92	91¾	92
U. R. T. 6s	68	67	68

Declare Dividend.

Cleveland, Ohio, November 14.—Directors of the Standard Oil Company of Ohio today declared the regular quarterly dividend of $3 per share and an extra dividend of $1 per share, payable January 1, next, to stockholders of record November 28.

Rumored Federal Banks Will Force Loans in Cotton

Atlanta spot cotton yesterday declined from 40.60 cents, Thursday's quotation, to 39.75, almost a cent a pound, in sympathy with the losses sustained by the New York and New Orleans exchanges. The loss was due directly to the money situation, and it was widely rumored throughout Friday that the federal banks are about to investigate advances made in cotton with a view to forcing acceptances on cotton with the exception of bona-fide loans between purchasers and sellers.

Should this be true, it is practically certain to force cotton to much lower levels; but no foundation could be found to the report that the federal reserve system is about to begin to drastically discourage speculation in cotton. It was stated definitely that "bankers" intend to discourage this speculation, but, with the exception of a New York paper, which is said to have stated flatly that the federal banking system is to take this action, no definite information could be secured.

Atlanta cotton men who heard the reports stated flatly that it is merely the "old game" that has many times been resorted to in cotton to depress prices, and they also intimated that financial jealousy of the south is partly responsible for the reports. They expressed confidence that the federal banks will not suddenly withdraw their money and force sales at greatly reduced prices.

Developments in connection with these reports are awaited with universal interest in this section.

DENY ATTEMPT TO FIX PRICES OF FERTILIZERS

Department of Agriculture Says Letter of November 5 Was Misconstrued.

By James A. Hollomon.
(By Constitution Leased Wire)

Washington, November 14.—Following up the action of the department of agriculture in withdrawing its letter of November 5 after a conference in Washington with representatives of the Southern Cotton Seed Crushers' association, the department today issued the following bulletin explaining the withdrawal and the reasons leading to it.

"On November 5 I addressed to you a letter in which it was stated, in substance, that any sale by you subsequent to that date of sulphate ammonia, dried blood, tankage, fish scrap, cotton seed meal, rock phosphate or bulk acid phosphate in excess of their respective prevailing prices on October 7, 1919, would be considered by this department as prima facie evidence of profiteering.

"It develops that the trade has misconstrued the said letter and has given it an interpretation to the effect that the department in the said letter fixed maximum and minimum prices for such materials. It was not the purpose or that letter to fix prices. The department has no power to fix maximum prices of general application.

"In order that this misconstruction may be entirely obliterated, the said letter of November 5, 1919, is withdrawn.

"The object of the letter of November 5 was to impress upon the trade the provisions of the control law regarding profiteering and to indicate that manufacturers should use the prices prevailing on October 7, the date on which the conference was held in Washington, as a guide in determining whether they were exacting more than a fair profit in the sale of their products.

"In view of the national situation the department is of the opinion that all manufacturers should use their best efforts to reduce the price of goods manufactured by them in order to cause a cessation of the pyramiding of costs and causing a stabilizing condition. In view of varying conditions in the different sections of the country it is deemed advisable not to name October 7, or any other definite date, as a guide in the matter of profiteering, but the department wishes to impress upon the trade that it proposes to do all in its power to bring about normal conditions and to prevent profiteering.

"In this connection your attention is especially directed to the provisions of the control law, approved August 10, 1917, as amended. Section 4 thereof makes it unlawful for any person 'to make any unjust or unreasonable rate or charge in handling or dealing in or with' such commodities. It further provides that any person who violates the provision above mentioned shall, upon conviction, be fined not exceeding $5,000 or imprisoned for not more than two years. The department will keep in close touch with the situation and promptly report to the department of justice for prosecution any violations of this law."

County Commission Body Meets in Macon To Talk on Highways

Macon, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—A meeting of the executive committee of the Georgia Association of County Commissioners was held here today at the call of Charles L. Davis, of Warm Springs, who is president of the state association. The object of the meeting was to consider the matter of acquainting the people of the state with the matter of introducing in the next legislature an amendment to the state constitution so that bonds may be issued to cover the costs of construction of hard roads in each county in Georgia.

The plan proposed here today is to send a representative into each county to explain the matter to the county commissioners, but this plan will depend on whether the next legislature passes the bills authorizing the issuance and guaranteeing the interest and payment of bonds to meet the expense of construction. The building of these roads can only be done after the people have approved the amendments in the general election in November, 1920.

Members of the state association at the meeting were James T. Gardiner, Augusta, chairman of Richmon county board of commissioners; H. C. Boardman, Augusta, chairman finance committee of Richmond board of commissioners; Judge A. B. Moore, Savannah, vice chairman of Chatham county board of commissioners, and John T. Moore, of Macon, of the Bibb county board of commissioners. Frank T. Reynolds, of Atlanta, secretary of the Georgia State Automobile association, and J. H. Johnston, of Atlanta, assistant state highway engineer met with the county commissioners.

OCTOBER CLEARINGS LARGEST IN HISTORY

October bank clearings for Atlanta broke all previous records and placed this city in twelfth place in national clearings for that month, according to figures of Dun & Co. Atlanta was fifteenth in clearings last October.

Clearings for the month totaled $406,219,578, against $319,925,472 last year. Atlanta outstripped Cincinnati, New Orleans, Seattle, Minneapolis, Los Angeles and other big cities and was barely beaten by Baltimore. Clearings for the first ten months this year now total $2,563,863,557, against $1,991,284,155 for the same months in 1918.

October clearings this year exceed any other October total in the history of the country. An interesting fact is that Atlanta clearings for the first five days this week exceed the city's entire clearings for the year 1895.

Following are city and section October clearing totals for 1919 and 1918:

	October, 1919.	October, 1918.
ATLANTA	$ 406,219,578	$ 319,925,472
Baltimore	409,737,728	351,380,793
Boston	1,727,863,393	1,545,576,263
Cincinnati	283,126,107	267,445,893
Chicago	2,814,673,911	2,340,992,061
Cleveland	537,430,001	438,445,264
Dallas	204,801,622	130,964,282
Detroit	470,990,896	331,319,074
Kansas City	1,115,396,493	960,781,736
Los Angeles	230,736,000	144,426,000
Minneapolis	261,238,483	286,227,889
New Orleans	318,237,459	237,217,322
Omaha	306,226,956	263,282,000
Philadelphia	2,094,679,769	1,886,419,910
Pittsburg	685,328,191	647,609,073
Richmond	371,123,380	256,178,674
St. Louis	779,932,540	755,647,923
San Francisco	742,279,273	566,547,000
Seattle	197,501,467	203,777,235
New York	23,713,752,799	16,915,279,245
Section Clearings.		
New England	$1,976,104,143	$1,745,214,136
Middle	3,239,065,092	2,875,811,647
South Atlantic	1,558,988,961	1,190,779,765
Southern	2,282,344,227	1,824,296,974
Central West	4,750,785,266	3,914,340,588
Western	2,406,121,697	2,109,373,883
Pacific	1,646,438,177	1,308,648,782

SUIT FOR $45,000,000 DISMISSED BY COURT

Houston, Texas, November 14.—The largest damage suit ever tried in Harris county, for $45,000,000, involving 160 acres of land in the Humble oil field, ended today, when Judge J. D. Harvey, of the Eighteenth district court, ruled that the grant of A. Goldman, plaintiff, from the state of Texas, had been allowed to lapse and was rescinded.

Year's Wool Stock.

Washington, November 14.—Wool stocks sufficient to supply the United States for more than a year at the present rate of consumption were on hand at the close of the quarter ended September 30, said an announcement today by the department of agriculture. Total stocks aggregated 729,373,000 pounds, more than 50 per cent more than was on hand the same date a year ago.

WAR "DRYNESS" HITS NEW YORK

Three Federal Judges Refuse Injunction to Prevent Enforcement of the War-Time Prohibition Act.

New York, November 14.—Three attempts to prevent enforcement of war-time prohibition and Volstead enforcement acts failed in federal court here today. Federal Judges Learned Hand, John C. Knox and John C. Rose, of Baltimore, each in a different case, upheld the constitutionality of the law in denying petitions seeking injunctions to restrain interference in manufacture and withdrawal of liquor from bond.

Judge Hand denied a petition of Jacob Ruppert, brewer, who sought an injunction permitting him to resume the manufacture of beer of 2.75 alcoholic content.

Judge Knox denied a petition to restrain William H. Edwards, collector of internal revenue, from preventing the release from bond of barrels of distilled spirits. The petitioners were Dryfoos, Bloom & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, and the decision was handed down in passing on demurrers of two local saloonkeepers, who sought to prevent enforcement of the act.

The third decision, by Judge Rose, was on an application by the Maryland Distilling company for an injunction to prevent Joshua W. Miles, collector of internal revenue for Maryland, from interfering in the release of large quantities of whisky now in bond.

For Beer and Wines.

In commenting on the fact that technically the nation is still at war, Judge Rose expressed the opinion that the use of beer and light wines should be permitted because of changed conditions since last spring. He added that it was not in his province of the judiciary to state when the war is at an end.

"I have every sympathy with persons whose business, conducted in a law-abiding manner, is confiscated without compensation," said Judge Rose. "I agree with Judge Hand that it was perfectly reasonable for congress to say war is not ended till the treaty of peace is ratified. There must be some way for all the world to know when one man may take this wisky out of bond.

Judge Hand, in his decision, said: "I hold that the war-time prohibition act remains a valid exercise of congressional power and the only question left is of title 1, under the national prohibition act, in so far as it includes what, on this record, I must accept to be non-intoxicating beer.

"Though the sole justification of the war-time prohibition be to prohibit the sale of intoxicants, it may be impossible effectively to accomplish this end without including all kinds of beer. The supreme court is to hear arguments on the constitutionality of the war-time prohibition act on Thursday next, and it is reasonable to suppose that an early decision will be reached. The damage done by an injunction, meanwhile, cannot be measured by money."

KENTUCKY LIQUOR AT $75 PER CASE.

Louisville, Ky., November 14.—Two local distilleries sold whisky openly in Louisville today at $75 a case, regardless of the war-time prohibition law. Hundreds of orders, filed before July 1, when the war-time law went into effect, it was said, were being filled by these distilleries, which resumed sales following the granting of an injunction to them yesterday by Federal Judge Evans restraining the government from interfering with sale of nearly a million gallons of "floor stock" whisky.

Wright & Taylor and the Brown-Forman companies which received the temporary injunctions, expected to sell all of their whisky in a hurry, it was announced. They made their sales, however, with the knowledge they are liable to prosecution, according to district Attorney W. V. Gregory, if the federal supreme court reverses Judge Evans in a decision it is expected to make November 20.

Other Kentucky distillers apparently were disposed not to ask for injunctions and would await the supreme court's decision as to the war-time prohibition law's constitutionality before trying to dispose of their whisky stocks, all of which is said to approximate 40,000,000 gallons.

The case before the supreme court was appealed to it by the government from a previous decision of Judge Evans, who held both the war-time law and the enforcement acts were unconstitutional and granted the Kentucky distilleries and warehouse company an injunction forbidding interference by the government with sale of nearly 69,000,000 gallons of whisky.

SALOONS OPEN IN PROVIDENCE.

Providence, R. I., November 14.—The police commission today decided to act under the preliminary injunction granted by Federal Judge Arthur Brown against enforcement of the war-time prohibition act, and to allow the saloons to sell malt beverages containing not more than 4 per cent alcohol without interference. This attitude was taken upon advice of the city solicitor.

The commission announced while the police department would not gather any evidence of sales the dealers would have to assume all responsibility. Upon the announcement of the commission's decision nearly all the saloons opened again today.

COURT WILL PASS ON OHIO REFERENDUM.

Washington, November 14.—Validity of the Ohio constitutional referendum amendment, under which the federal constitutional prohibition amendment was submitted to the electorate of that state last week and defeated by them, is to be determined by the United States supreme court.

G. S. Hawke, an attorney of Cincinnati, filed appeals with the court today in proceedings brought by him to enjoin the state officials from submitted the federal woman suffrage constitutional amendment to the voters. The lower court upheld the constitutionality of the Ohio amendment.

WAR-TIME DRYNESS UPHELD BY COURT.

New Orleans, November 14.—The president of the United States is the only person who can say when war with Germany ended and therefore the sale or carrying of intoxicating liquors into territory adjacent to a military camp or cantonment is forbidden until he does so, ruled the United States circuit court of appeals today in affirming the sentence of fifteen months in the federal penitentiary imposed upon Lucien C. Laughter, of Tarrant count, Texas, after a trial before the federal court of the northern district of Texas.

Laughter and others were charged with taking liquor to Camp Bowie in Tarrant county, Texas, March 10 and April 19, 1919, in violation of the Reed amendment and the selective service act. His attorneys in their appeal from the district court set up the claim that war with Germany had ended and that Laughter could not be held for violation of a war-time act.

CELTIC CROSS INJURED BY SINN FEIN BOMBS

Cork, November 14.—The Celtic cross, erected in memory of Cork soldiers killed in the Boer war, has been badly damaged by high-explosive bombs placed by Sinn Feiners.

Debt Collection Improves Since Chinese God Arrives

Too Si, Worshipped for Powers in Making Debtors Pay Up, Now Occupies Place of Honor in Wesleyan Advocate Office.

By Rev. Thomas M. Elliott.

Here is something new under the sun!

Not since the morning stars sang together until now has it ever occurred that an Atlanta Methodist business man should keep prominently placed on his office desk an honest-to-goodness Chinese idol which actually has been worshipped. And the fact that the said business man is a Methodist preacher and business manager of the Wesleyan Christian Advocate makes the incident all the more notable.



Too Si, Chinese idol in office of Rev. Frank Eakes, business manager of The Wesleyan Christian Advocate.

However, Rev. Frank Eakes, with offices at 619 Forsyth building, happens to be the man in the case in this instance, for he certainly has just such a Chinese god on his desk, and he delights to tell the story back of it. Mr. Eakes thinks he has need of some such conjurer now and then, especially when he is perplexed with many checks that have not put in their appearance.

Good Debt Collector.

This Chinese god is a really-truly Chinese god, and, according to orthodox Buddhistic teachings, is a living, breathing, active god, at that. This Chinese god has been dedicated, and is worshipped in heathen lands in soliciting aid in the collecting of bad debts. This is his sole function, and he evidently is constantly on the job.

Mr. Eakes says that since his paper inaugurated the pay-in-advance policy, taking off subscribers in arrears and installing the Chinese debt collecting god, the business of collections has perked up quite a bit. His bank deposit book shows the efficacy of such a combination. Anyway, the writer of this story can vouch for their efficiency, for as soon as he had learned of the mysterious combination, he coughed up $1.35 back dues.

Methodist preachers are usually pretty well rated for their collecting abilities; but it may be that Mr. Eakes slipped a cog, or his magneto wasn't working just right, and he sought help from afar.

Although Mr. Eakes keeps the idol god constantly on his desk, he emphatically denies that he ever kow-tows to it, or offers burnt incense or other sacrifice to keep it in good working order; but he does admit that business is better since the pay-in-advance policy and the idol have been in operation.

The honorable idol's name is Too Si, which means in United States language, "the constable." It came from Soo Chow, China, and is a gift to Mr. Eakes from Dr. W. H. Park, a Georgia medical missionary in that distant land for many years. Too Si is some seven inches tall, richly overlaid with gold and is painted in resplendent colors. As may be observed in the picture, he has a moustache that would put the kaiser to shame, and flowing whiskers that must be the pride of his life. His robes are like unto Solomon's in their richness of colorings, and like unto those of a Gypsy in their gaudiness.

Met Hard Customers.

Before coming to America to tackle hard accounts in this land of the free, Too Si must have encountered some very difficult and especially hard customers to deal with or collect from, for he is mucly bruised up and sadly disfigured, being far removed from his original and pristine beauty. Observing the picture it will be seen that both feet are in bad shape, all the toes being broken off, perhaps in some mad chase after some would-be dodger. Then, too, his left hand is bunged up as the result of a terrific tussle with some obstreperous debtor. His cap is set back on his head as though he were not a bit discouraged or intimidated. His countenance is hard to look upon, and he really has blood in his eye. Real blood, mind.

Contemplation of Too Si's countenance and the recollection of his mission with the story back of him are quite sufficient to make a fellow pay up what he owes, or else go into bankruptcy.

"My office," said Boyle late today, "received instructions to seize the entire plant and keep possession of it indefinitely."

E. B. Ault, editor of The Record, and two members of the papers' board of directors are at liberty under bonds on charges of violating the espionage act.

The letter, received in Spokane purported to be signed by an official of the I. W. W. It was typewritten and mailed in Spokane yesterday, and said in part:

"For the past two or three months the Spokane chapter of the I. W. W. has been watching the activities of several leaders of the American Legion. You have taken an open stand against the I. W. W. Allow me to say that at this time the American legion in Spokane is doomed and will be curbed by the working classes.

"Our members have instructed me to write you at this time notifying you that unless the following men discontinue to create hatred against the I. W. W. of Spokane they will follow in the footsteps of the marked ones at Centralia." Then followed the names of eight legion leaders.

Fifty-eight alleged members of the I. W. W. are held in jail at Spokane on charges of criminal syndicalism. Commissioner J. H. Tilsley, of the department of public safety, has forbidden "workers' meetings scheduled for Saturday and Sunday evenings."

Prosecuting Attorney Askren, of Tacoma, announced late today he intended proceeding immediately against sixty-six alleged members of the I. W. W. held there on charges of criminal syndicalism.

Advices received at Aberdeen, Wash., said I. W. W.'s were responsible for the riddling with bullets of a large community flag flying on a hill above Chehalis today.

Governor L. F. Hart today reiterated his announcement that "all members of the I. W. W. in Washington must go."

LEGION MEN MUSTER TO STOP I. W. W. RAID

Continued from First Page.

four victims of the shooting were held today under the auspices of the American Legion.

Search was contained in nearby towns for sixteen alleged Industrial Workers of the World who were reported en route to Centralia bearing arms.

The failure of the coroner's jury to fix responsibility for the deaths of the four former soldiers, C. D. Cunningham, assistant county attorney, declared, would not affect the cases of the I. W. W. held in jail. He said the prosecution had witnesses who were in the front ranks of the parade and who insist shots were fired from the I. W. W. hall before any of the marchers started toward the building.

Testimony given last night at the inquest over the four victims of the shooting differed on this point.

Just after the patriotic parade was broken up by the I. W. W. fusiliades, reports were current several members of the legion had started toward the hall used as headquarters by the radicals before any shots were fired. This version later was denied and investigators reported finding evidence tending to show that the attack by the I. W. W. was pre-arranged.

Suggested Raid.

Dr. Frank Bickford, himself a marcher in the parade, testified at the inquest that someone near him in the line suggested a raid on I. W. W. hall as the line came to a halt at the corner where the building stands. Several took up the suggestion, he declared, and one man put his foot against the door of the hall and forced it open before a shower of bullets poured into and over the marchers.

In the opinion of Dr. Herbert Bell, another former soldier, the firing of the first shots and the movement of the legion men toward the I. W. W. hall were "as nearly simultaneous as any human acts could be."

Bert Bland, an alleged member of the I. W. W., who, according to Cunningham, will be charged with murder in connection with the shooting, is being sought in nearby towns. He is the only one not in jail of the eleven to be charged with murder.

The others arrested are T. C. Morgan, J. H. McInerney, Bert Bland, Commodore Bland, J. H. Lamb, Eugene H. Barnett, Britt Smith, Roy Becker, Loren Roberts and a man named Faulkner.

Bland, it has been charged, fired the shots that killed Warren Grimm, commander of the local legion post. A description of Bland has been sent to police authorities throughout the country.

Captain Lloyd Dysart, a prominent member of the American Legion here, said today that the former service men in his organization had obtained a sworn confession from one of the arrested men, proving that a plot existed to attack the Armistice day parade.

UNION RECORD AGAIN SEIZED.

Seattle, Washington, November 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—Renewed activity by both factions today marked the fight in the northwest of government agents against the I. W. W. organization. The establishment of the Seattle Union Record was seized for the second time in twenty-four hours and the American Legion in Spokane received a letter in which eight local members of the organization were threatened with the fate of former soldiers killed at Centralia, Wash., Tuesday.

The plant of the newspaper was seized this afternoon by John M. Boyle, United States marshal, and publication stopped.

RAILWAY UNIONS WIN IN CONGRESS

Continued from First Page.

way and shop laborers. Railway executives would name four, six and four representatives, respectively, as members of these boards.

Corresponding to each board there also would be set up a commission to consider appeals, which could be sent to them by half the members of the board. These commissions would be of the same size as the boards, with the select method of choosing members obtaining, but with duality of membership between boards and commissions prohibited. Headquarters of all six tribunals would be in Washington.

Let Practical Men Settle.

"Let the practical men from the industry settle their own disputes," declared Representative Nolan, republican, California, a labar ·on member, supporting the plan. "For twenty-three years before federal control, the men and their employees successfully settled their own troubles."

Former Speaker Cannon declared that strikes "should be made unlawful" pending a final devision of a mediation board. Representative Snell, republican, New York, urged creation of only a labor board as provided by the Webster plan complaining that the establishment of several as set out in the other plans would not "get us any place."

Commission and Rates.

After determining the machinery for adjusting labor disputes, the house became involved in a more bitter fight, centering about extension of the interstate commerce commission authority in regulating car service, which was carried into the night session. Before the fight became sharp, however, the house without objection approved a change in existing commerce law so that the interstate commerce commission may upon its own initiative compel a division of joint rates so as not to "unduly prefer or prejudice any participating carrier."

"Short lines often refrain from making complaint against their trunk lines connections for fear of giving offense," declared Chairman Esch, explaining the necessity of the change.

As soon as the section proposing extension of the interstate commerce commission authority over car service had been read, several members, particularly those from Texas, sought to prevent adoption of the section. Because of broadening definition of "car service" and giving the interstate commerce commission complete control of traffic movement in an "emergency," the section was attacked by members as a "robbery of state rights," which would center "absolute" control of traffic with the interstate commerce commission.

Scored Partial Victory.

Early in the evening session opponents of the section scored a partial victory when, by a vote of 85 to 39, they forced adoption of an amendment, offered by Representative Sweet, republican, Iowa, expressly providing that state railroad commissions would retain the authority, as limited only by the state police powers, to require "just and reasonable freight and passenger service" and distribution of equipment for intrastate traffic.

"This amendment takes the vitality out of the car-service act," declared Chairman Esch, opposing the proposal of the Iowa member. "It hamstrings the federal authority."

LARKIN AND GITLOW HELD BY GRAND JURY

New York, November 14.—James Larkin, Irish leader, and Benjamin Gitlow a former assemblyman, charged with advocating criminal anarchy, were held for the grand jury late today by Chief Magistrate McAdoo.

Before announcing his decision, Mr. McAdoo scathingly denounced the activities of radicals in this country.

The defendants were held in $15,000 bail each.

Magistrate McAdoo characterized the prisoners as "dangerous and prominent leaders of the organized Red army of 8,000 members in New York city threatening overthrow of the government."

"They are men of intelligence, with considerable experience in public affairs, and their actions are either from honest fanaticism or muddled thought perverted into the most dangerous channels," he said.

He declared that the Red army has almost eighty "recruiting barracks" in the city, and is apparently well supplied with money.

A warning was directed from the bench to "dilettante parlor socialists and pseudo-anarchists looking for nervous excitement and notoriety, and other easy-going gentlemen in and out of juries, who are condemning the zeal of officers of the law in the pursuit of this and kindred organizations."

Special Deputy Attorney General Frederick R. Rich, who is aiding the Lusk investigating committee, said that the holding of Gitlow and Larkin is resulting in the wane of radicalism in this city.

HE JOINED SOCIETY AND THEN MADE RAID

New York, November 14.—Assistant Attorney Kilroe last Sunday joined the New Hope society, publisher of Matrimonial News and Cupid's Advertiser. Now he announces he has raided the rooms of the organization and seized documents, books and many photographs.

Kilroe said he was informed upon joining the society that on payment of $10 he would receive "special attention" and that if he paid $25 he would be listed so effectively that he would "get a millionairess for a wife." It was necessary to join the society before inserting an advertisement in the paper, he said he was told.

Having assimilated this information Kilroe subpoenaed the publisher of the papers. The publisher did not appear, Kilroe said, and the raid followed.

BERNSTORFF LAUGHS AT DR. HELFFERICH

Berlin, November 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—Count von Bernstorff, former German ambassador to the United States and now ambassador to Turkey, commenting this morning on the testimony given by Dr. Karl Helfferich, the former vice chancellor, before the war investigating committee Wednesday, laughed at Dr. Helfferich's expressed animosity toward the United States and President Wilson.

Count von Bernstorff declared Dr. Helfferich was openly electioneering for a Pan-German seat in the reichstag and said the former vice chancellor even aspired to the presidency of Germany. The investigating committee, the count added, had developed into a political squabble between the reactionary element and the present government.

NEGROES ARE BARRED WILMINGTON STREETS

Wilmington, Del., November 14.—Sale of firearms in Wilmington has been stopped and negroes have been warned to keep off the streets as a result of race trouble here last night following the murdering of one policeman and probably mortally wounding another by negroes. Fearing that enraged citizens might attempt to lynch the three negroes charged with the crime the police last night removed the prisoners from the city. The negroes—Lemuel, James and John Price, brothers—are being held at the central police station in Philadelphia.

The city was quiet today, but the police have been instructed to prevent the assemblage of crowds and rifles and machine guns are at police headquarters.

The murdered policeman was Thomas L. Zebley. Harry C. Pierce, the wounded policeman, was shot three times and is not expected to live.

The shooting occurred when the two patrolmen went to the Price home to investigate the stealing last week of scores of guns from a gun store. The guns had been pawned in this city.

As the two policemen entered the Price house the negroes were in bed, but drawing revolvers from under their pillows they started shooting. Lemuel is said to have shot Zebley through the heart, while Pierce was shot twice through the lungs. The latter staggered to the street, where he fell. The negroes ran from the house with the revolvers in their hands.

Attorney General Reinhardt, of Delaware, and his assistants have issued a statement calling on the citizens to await action of the law. The state's attorney said that at the request of the state judiciary a special session of the grand jury would be held Monday and the court will meet Thursday of next week to dispose of the negroes' cases.

Theatrical Amusements

ATLANTA THEATRE
LAST TIMES TODAY MAT. AT 2:30 NIGHT AT 8:30
MAYTIME
The Greatest Musical Play Ever Staged
NEXT MONDAY NIGHT
AND ALL OF NEXT WEEK
MATINEES WED. AND SAT.
SOUVENIR MATINEE FRIDAY — LADIES ONLY — Any Seat $1.00
"The Man Who Knows"
ALEXANDER AND HIS SHOW OF WONDERS
ASK ALEXANDER ANYTHING
He SEES KNOWS TELLS All
Nights, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.
Wed. and Sat. Matinees, 50c, 75c, $1.00.
SEATS NOW ON SALE

LOEW'S GRAND
CONTINUOUS 1 TO 11 P. M.
4—Vaudeville Shows Today—4
2, 4, 7, 9 P. M.
ALL-STAR VAUDEVILLE
5—Big Loew Acts—5
Dustin Farnum, "A Man's Fight."

LYRIC 2:30, 7:30 and 9:1 Today
A New Show and a Winner
IMPERIAL VENETIANS
ADRIAN, CAHILL & ROMAIN,
And other Keith Acts
You See the Best at the Lyric

AMUSEMENTS

AUDITORIUM
Wednesday Night, Nov. 19

The Supreme Musical Event of Generations
The Vatican Choirs
A Miracle of Vocal Tone from the
Roman Basilicas
70 Notable Singers
Under the Personal Direction of
MAESTRO
DON RAFFAELE CASIMIRI
Seats on Sale Now
Cable Piano Company
Prices: $2.20, $3.30, $4.40.
Box Seats $7.70
This includes U. S. Govt. War Tax.
Make Certified Checks and Money Orders Payable to Vatican Choirs, P. O. Box 932.

MOTION PICTURES

The Tudor TEMPLE OF MOTION PICTURES
TODAY
HARRY CAREY
—IN—
"The Rider of The Law"
Added Attraction
The Biggest Novelty of the Year
"The Eternal Triangle"
A Four-Pawed Scandal
Special Music—Tudor Orchestra
Vincent Kay, Director

∴ NEWS OF THE CHURCHES ∴

BAPTIST BAPTIST

BAPTIST TABERNACLE

78 Luckie Street.

The price for advertising is prohibitive This is not intended as a criticism of the papers, but a statement of our limitations. We are sorry to have to abandon the advertising field for religious services Eight inches in each paper would amount to $30 per week. We are not able to pay it. We cannot advertise unless prices drop or income increases.

The public may be assured that the regular services will be conducted at the Tabernacle with the same degree of enthusiasm as in the past. As a church we are in a state of revival, fifteen uniting with the church last Sunday and twenty-one the Sunday previous. Large numbers come forward for prayer and confession of faith at each service.

The Sunday School is growing by leaps and bounds. It is a problem with us where to get rooms for some of our classes. In many class rooms they are standing up around the walls for lack of seating capacity. We cordially invite the public to share with us the joys and privileges of our services.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Corner Peachtree and Cain Streets

CHARLES W. DANIEL, Pastor.

11:00 A M. ..... REV. S. P. WIGGENS
7:30 P. M. ..... REV. C. C. JARRELL

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH

HENRY ALFORD PORTER, Pastor.

11:00 A. M. ..... "THE MUSIC OF THE CROSS"
7:30 P. M. ..... "MISSING LIFE'S TARGET"

Ponce de Leon Ave. Baptist Church

Corner Piedmont and Ponce de Leon.

DR. M. ASHBY JONES.

MORNING SERVICE ..... 11:00 A. M.
"THE MOTHERHOOD OF GOD."
EVENING SERVICE ..... 7:30 P. M.
"WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN."

CAPITOL AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH

DR. W. H. MAJOR, Pastor.

9:30 A. M. ..... BIBLE SCHOOL
11:00 A. M. ..... "AN INVESTMENT FOR GOD"
7:30 P. M. ..... "CO-OPERATING WITH GOD"

PRESBYTERIAN PRESBYTERIAN

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Washington St., Opposite the Capitol.

REV. B. R. LACY, JR., D. D., Pastor.

9:30 A. M. ..... BIBLE SCHOOL
WOMEN'S Y. W. B. C. MEN'S BROTHERHOOD.
11:00 A. M. ..... SERMON BY THE PASTOR
6:30 P. M. ..... CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR
7:30 P. M. ..... SERMON BY THE PASTOR
SUBJECT: "A MAN OF GOD."
NIGHT SERVICE OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO MEN
THE "BROTHERHOOD" IN CHARGE
SINGING LED BY MR. F. L. WILLIS
COME—BRING A FRIEND

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN

PEACHTREE AND SIXTEENTH.
(Take Peachtree and Brookwood Cars.)

11:00 A. M. ..... JAPAN, AND WHAT BAPTISM SHALL WE GIVE HER?" Sermon by REV. CHARLES A. LOGAN, of Japan.
9:30 A. M. ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL (PAUL L. FLEMING, SUPT.)
10:00 A. M. ..... BEREAN BIBLE CLASS FOR MEN ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL; MR. R. H. JONES, SUPT.
BARNETT—3:00 P. M. ..... PREACHING BY REV. J. R. MCGREGOR
7:30 P. M. ..... MID-WEEK SERVICE LED BY DR. LYONS
WEDNESDAY—8:00 P. M.

NORTH AVE. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

DR. RICHARD ORME FLINN, Pastor.

9:30 A. M. ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL
11:00 A. M. ..... DR. HOMER M'MILLAN
8:00 P. M. ..... THE PASTOR WILL SPEAK

Peachtree Road Presbyterian Church

FREDERICK D. STEVENSON, Pastor.

9:30 A. M. ..... BIBLE CLASSES
11:00 A. M. ..... CHURCH. SUBJECT, "THE SEVEN WORDS FROM THE CROSS"
7:30 P. M. ..... UNION SERVICES IN BAPTIST CHURCH

WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

PONCE DE LEON AND NORTH BOULEVARD.

DR. J. W. CALDWELL, JR., Pastor.

MORNING WORSHIP ..... 11:00 A. M.
SUBJECT, "INVESTMENTS FOR THE KINGDOM."
EVENING WORSHIP ..... 7:30 P. M.
SUBJECT, "THE TWO WORDS."
COME AND WORSHIP WITH US.

Churches Homes for Girls Churches Homes for Girls

HOMES FOR HOMELESS GIRLS

BUFORD MEMORIAL HOME, 143-145 Spring St.
JULIA HOWELL HOME, Corner Peeples and Howell Place.
MARTHA CANDLER HOME, Wesley Memorial Church.
ELIZA MANGET HOME, Corner Crew and Fair.

Girls pay in proportion to salaries earned. Girls without positions and money are more welcome than those able to pay.

BOARD DIRECTORS,

CHURCHES' HOMES FOR GIRLS

SALVATION ARMY SALVATION ARMY

SALVATION ARMY

14½ Auburn Avenue

9:00 A. M.—Sunday School.
11:00 A. M.—Special Holiness Meeting.
6:00 P. M.—Young People's Meeting.
8:00 P. M.—Salvation Meeting.

EVERYBODY WELCOME.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

PEACHTREE AND FIFTEENTH STREETS.

SUNDAY SERVICES AT 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M. Subject, "MORTALS AND IMMORTALS."

WEDNESDAY EVENING MEETING, including testimonials of Christian Science healing, at 8 o'clock. Public cordially invited.

SUNDAY SCHOOL at 11 a. m. Reading room open daily—Sunday, 2 to 5 p. m.; Wednesday, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.. Other days, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.; at 613 Grand Opera House.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL METHODIST EPISCOPAL

Ponce de Leon Avenue Methodist Episcopal

Corner Piedmont and Ponce de Leon Avenues.

REV. O. J. CARDER, D. D., Pastor.

11:00 A. M. ..... "METHODISM: ITS OPPORTUNITY AND TASK"
7:45 P. M. ..... "IS THE WORLD GROWING BETTER?"
9:45 A. M. ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL
7:00 P. M. ..... EPWORTH LEAGUE

CONFERENCE WEEK—The Georgia Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church convenes at this church on Thursday, November 20, 9 a. m., BISHOP F. D. LEETE, D. D. LL.D., presiding BEGINNING WEDNESDAY, services each evening during the week at 7:30 o'clock. Address each evening by some leading man of Methodism.

THE PUBLIC IS CORDIALLY INVITED.

Hemphill Avenue Methodist Episcopal

F. A. DUNNING, Pastor.

10:00 A. M. ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL
11:00 A. M. ..... "THE SUPREME SACRIFICE"

NO EVENING SERVICE.

EPISCOPAL EPISCOPAL

ST. PHILIP'S CATHEDRAL

CORNER WASHINGTON AND HUNTER STREETS.

THE RIGHT REV. H. J. MIKELL, D. D., Bishop.

THE VERY REV. T. H. JOHNSTON, LITT. D., Dean.

HOLY COMMUNION ..... 8:00 A. M.
COMMUNICANTS' BREAKFAST ..... 8:30 A. M.
SUNDAY SCHOOL ..... 9:45 A. M.
MORNING SERVICE ..... 11:00 A. M.
EVENING SERVICE ..... 8:00 P. M.

ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Peachtree, Between Pine and Currier Streets.

REV. C. B. WILMER, Rector.

HOLY COMMUNION ..... 7:30 A. M.
CHURCH SCHOOL ..... 9:45 A. M.
MORNING PRAYER AND SERMON ON "WHAT IS RELIGION?" ..... 11:00 A. M.
BAPTISMAL SERVICE ..... 4:00 P. M.
EVENING PRAYER AND SERMON ON "JUDAISM AND CHRISTIANITY" ..... 7:30 P. M.
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 18—CONFERENCE IN PARISH HOUSE ON NATION-WIDE CAMPAIGN, 3 TO 5 AND 7:30 TO 9:30 P. M.
CONDUCTED BY REV. ROBERT E. GIBSON, OF MACON, GA.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH

Cor. W. Peachtree and North Ave.

REV. W. W. MEMMINGER, Rector.

8:00 A. M. ..... HOLY COMMUNION
9:30 A. M. ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL
11:00 A. M. ..... MORNING PRAYER AND SERMON
4:00 P. M. ..... EVENING PRAYER

VISITORS WELCOMED

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION

LEE AND YORK STREETS, WEST END—REV. I. H. NOE, RECTOR.

7:30 A. M. ..... HOLY COMMUNION
11:00 A. M. ..... HOLY COMMUNION AND SERMON
9:30 A. M. ..... CHURCH SCHOOL
8:00 P. M. ..... EVENING PRAYER AND SERMON

THE LITTLE CHURCH WITH A BIG WELCOME.

METHODIST (South) METHODIST (South)

ST. PAUL'S M. E. CHURCH

11:00 A. M. ..... REV. J. W. QUILLIAN
7:30 P. M. ..... REV. H. L. EDMONDSON

Both Former Pastors of St. Paul's Church.

CHRISTIAN CHRISTIAN

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH

Corner South Pryor Street and Trinity Avenue.

L. O. BRICKER, D. D., Minister.

11:00 A. M. ..... "THE POWERS OF THE WORLD TO COME"
7:30 P. M. ..... "SPEAK TO MY BROTHER"

Universalist-Unitarian Universalist-Unitarian

LIBERAL CHRISTIAN

UNIVERSALIST-UNITARIAN.

301 WEST PEACHTREE STREET. REV. G. L. KEIRN, Pastor.

9:45 A. M. ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL—A LIVE ORGANIZATION
11:00 A. M. . SERMON—Subject, "THE GREAT ESSENTIAL IN LIFE AND RELIGION"
11:00 A. M. ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL KINDERGARTEN
Leave Your Children in Kindergarten and Attend Church.
5:00 P. M. ..... YOUNG PEOPLE'S CHRISTIAN UNION

BUSINESS MEN'S CLUB BUSINESS MEN'S CLUB

Billy Sunday Business Men's Club

HOLD UNION SERVICE AT SMYRNA, GA.

7:30 O'CLOCK SUNDAY NIGHT.

PRESBYTERIAN

ASSOCIATE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN

Whitehall St. and Whitehall Terrace.

11 A. M.—"The Throne of His Glory."
5 P. M.—"The Seal of the Spirit."

HARRIS STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, U. S. A.

11 A. M.—"The Remedy for Our Nation," subject of Rev. Jere A. Moore.
6:45 P. M.—Christian Endeavor.
7:30 P. M.—Gospel song service; Gospel sermon.

METHODIST (South)

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH (South)

Corner Peachtree and Porter Place.

REV. JAMES E. DICKEY, Pastor.

Services 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

ADVENTISTS

FIRST SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTIST CHURCH

Corner Orleans St. and Cherokee Ave.
Office address 416 Central Bldg. M. 1741.
Saturday, 9:30 a. m., Sabbath School.
Saturday, 11 a. m., Preaching.
Saturday, 3:30 p. m., Y. P. M. V. Society.
Wednesday, 7:30 p. m., Prayer Meeting.
SUNDAY—Bible class, 7:30 p. m.
YOU ARE WELCOME.

Congregational (Colored)

Rush Memorial Church

REV. G. J. THOMAS, PASTOR.

11 A. M.—"The Greatest Thing Ever Known."
7 P. M.—Report of the National Council continued.

In the Churches

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.

In the absence of the pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Rev. J. Sproie Lyons, D. D., who is spending a week or ten days in Kentucky, Rev. Charles Glover, D. D., of Japan, will occupy the pulpit at the 11 o'clock hour of worship Sunday. His subject will be "Japan, and What Baptism Shall We Give her?" A special musical program has been prepared by Charles A. Sheldon, Jr. It follows: Organ prelude; voluntary chorus, "By Babylon's Wave" (Gounod); hymn, "The Morning Light Is Breaking;" "Gloria;" offertory solo—Mr. H. R. Bates; hymn, "From Greenland's Icy Mountains;" quartet, "O Divine Redeemer" (Gounod)—Mrs. Chears, Miss Small, Mr. Bates and Mr. Drukenmiller.

NORTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN.

Beginning Sunday North Avenue Presbyterian church, together with all other Presbyterian churches of the general assembly, will observe a week of study and prayer for home missions. Dr. Homer McMillan, secretary of the assembly's home mission committee, will occupy the pulpit at the Sunday morning service at 11 o'clock. At the evening service, 8 o'clock, Dr. Flinn will continue his discussion of the fundamental questions of the Bible which have aroused much interest and comment, and will take up the attributes of God. His discussion Sunday evening will center around the nature of God.

HARRIS STREET PRESBYTERIAN.

At the Harris Street Presbyterian church Sunday's program will be as follows: Sunday school, with classes for everybody, at 9:45, T. C. Harris, superintendent. The pastor, Rev. Jere A. Moore, will preach at 11 a. m. His subject will be "The Remedy for the Evils in Our Nation." S. B. Talley will lead the Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:45 p. m. At 7:30 p. m. gospel songs and a gospel message by the pastor.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN.

Tomorrow there will be an interesting missionary program during the closing exercises of the Bible school at the Central Presbyterian church. At 11 o'clock Dr. Lacy will fill his pulpit and at 7:30 p. m. he will preach the last in his series of special sermons to men, the subject being "A Man of God." Good singing, and the services in charge of the "Brotherhood." A live, wide-awake Christian Endeavor meets at 6:30 p. m.

PRYOR STREET PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. Neal A. White, pastor Methodist church, White Plains, Ga., who is attending the north Georgia conference, will speak at the Pryor Street Presbyterian church at the 11 o'clock service Sunday. Rev. J. Edwin Hemphill, pastor, has returned to the city and will deliver a special address upon the subject, "The Changeless Christ for Our Changing Times." Full chorus choir, under the direction of W. M. Sheats, will lead the congregational singing, beginning promptly at 7:30. Bible school under leadership of D. G. McNair, will meet at 9:30. The sessions will meet in the pastor's study at 10:45 a. m. and at the close of the evening service for reception of members.

PEACHTREE ROAD PRESBYTERIAN.

At the Peachtree Road Presbyterian morning Sunday school and church services will be combined, beginning at 10:30 with the Bible classes, following at 11 with the song service, and at 11:30 with the sermon. The first sermon preached by the pastor-elect to this new church was Sunday, last, upon the subject, "The Seven Classes at the Cross." A sequel to this sermon will be preached tomorrow morning upon the subject, "The Seven Words From the Cross." Union evangelistic services at the Baptist church at 7:30 p. m. Evangelist D. S. Kellam will continue these services another week.

DRUID HILLS PRESBYTERIAN.

Musical services at the Druid Hills Presbyterian church for Sunday follow:

Morning: Prelude—Miss Shelor; doxology, "Praise God, From Whom All Blessings Flow;" hymn, "Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord, God Almighty;" "Gloria;" anthem, "God Is a Spirit"—by the choir; hymn, "Jesus Calls Us;" offertory anthem—choir; hymn, "God Is the Refuge of His Saints;" postlude.

Director, Mrs. Carroll Summer.

GORDON STREET PRESBYTERIAN.

The services at Gordon Street Presbyterian church for Sunday will be as follows: Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Rev. R. M. Stimson will preach at 11 a. m.; subject, "All for Christ." The Christian Endeavor meeting will begin promptly at 6:45 p. m., after which Mr. Stimson will preach with "A Great Decision" for a subject. There will be special music at the evening service by our male quartet and our junior choir. The evening service will be especially for young people.

COLLEGE PARK PRESBYTERIAN.

Dr. Elliott will fill his pulpit Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, taking as his theme "The Warp and Woof of Life," suggested by a visit to the Gobelin Tapestry works in Paris, France. In the evening the Christian Endeavor service meets at 7 o'clock and will be merged into the preaching service, when Dr. Elliott will give a short address on the regular Endeavor topic, "Co-Operation in Christian Service." Everybody, young and old, invited to this service.

ASSOCIATE REFORMED.

"The Throne of His Glory" and "The Seal of the Spirit" are the topics for the services at the Associate Reformed Presbyterian church Sunday. Rev. S. W. Reid, the pastor, will preach the 11 a. m. and 5 p. m. sermons. Sabbath school at 10 a. m. and Y. P. C. U. at 6 p. m. James Morton will speak at the 6 o'clock hour to the young people.

FIRST BAPTIST.

At the First Baptist church the music for Sunday will be as follows:

Morning: Anthem, "I Came From the Father" (Gounod); offertory solo, "Cry Aloud, Spare Not" (Patten)—Mrs. Culpepper.

Evening: Anthem, "Protect Us Through the Coming Night" (Nicolao); offertory solo, "Come, My Soul" (Verdi)—Mr. Epps. The choir, Mrs. O. D. Culpepper, soprano; Mrs. James H. Whitten, alto; A. W. Browning, tenor; Preston H. Epps, baritone. C. W. Dieckmann, F. A. G. O., organist and director.

SECOND BAPTIST.

Rev. Henry Alford Porter, pastor of the Second Baptist church, will preach Sunday morning and evening. At the morning hour, 11 o'clock, his subject will be "The Music of the Cross." At the evening hour, 7:30 o'clock, "Missing Life's Target" will be the subject. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior B. Y. P. U., 3:30 p. m.; Senior B. Y. P. U., 6:30 p. m.

PONCE DE LEON BAPTIST.

Solon Drukenmiller will assist the choir of the Ponce de Leon Avenue Baptist church in a special musical service Sunday evening preceding the service. Dr. M. Ashby Jones, the pastor, will preach from the theme, "What Might Have Been." The people are urged to come promptly, as the musical service begins at 7:30 o'clock.

The musical program follows: Organ prelude, sonata No. 5, Mendelssohn; anthem, "Oh, How Amiable," West; offertory solo, "Consider and Hear Me," Wooler; organ postlude, sonata No. 5, finale, Mendelssohn.

Evening Service—Organ prelude, "Epithalamium," Woodman; anthem, "All the Works Praise Thee," Barnby; solo, "O Lord, Remember," Roma; solo, "The Voice in the Wilderness," Scott; anthem, "Why Do the Heathen Rage?" Woodman; organ postlude in D major, Smart. Walter Peck Stanley, organist and choirmaster.

EAST POINT PRESBYTERIAN.

Services, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. "Unprofitable Servants" will be the subject of Dr. Holderby's sermon Sunday morning. Christian Endeavor, 7:30 p. m.; topic, "Co-Operation in Christian Service."

ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL.

At St. Luke's Episcopal church Dr. C. B. Wilmer will preach Sunday morning on "What Is Religion—How the Episcopal Church Is Trying to Make Good," and in the evening on "Judaism and Christianity."

TRINITY METHODIST.

At Trinity M. E church the musical program for Sunday follows:

11 a. m., organ solo; anthem, "Unfold Ye Portals," from "The Redemption," Gounod; organ solo; anthem, "No Shadows Yonder," from "The Holy City," Gaul; organ Postlude.

7:30 p. m., organ solo; anthem, "Break Forth Into Joy," Simper; organ solo; anthem, by full chorus; organ postlude. Ben J. Potter, A. R. C. O., London, choirmaster and organist.

FIRST CHRISTIAN.

"The Powers of the World to Come" will be the subject of Dr. L. O. Bricker's sermon at the First Christian church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. "Speak To My Brother" will be the subject of the evening sermon at 7:30; Bible school at 9:30; Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30.

LIBERAL CHRISTIAN.

Liberal Christian church, Rev. G. L. Keirn, D. D., pastor. 9:45, Sunday school; 11, morning service and sermon; subject; "The Great Essential in Life and Regilion;" 11, Sunday school kindergarten. Bring your children, leave them in the kindergarten and attend church. 5 p. m., Young People's Christian union.

REDS EXPELLED BY LOYAL LABOR AT BALTIMORE

Baltimore, November 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—Loyal employees of the Baltimore Docks and Shipbuilding company took a hand at a little "boring from within" on the Reds in their ranks today, with the result that leaders of the workmen feel sure that any-socalled radical leaders will be absent after tomorrow—which is pay day.

After a Red circular urging the workers to rise and take possession of the plant for themselves had been found there, the plant superintendents at the noon hour today called the workmen together and laid the situation before them. The men pledged themselves to rid the plant of Reds, without outside aid, and in the next few hours the vigilantes had rounded up all the Red propaganda literature which had been circulated among their fellows.

The circular, headed "Your Shop," bore this inscription:

"This is propaganda leaflet No. 3, issued by the Communist Party of America, 1219 Blue avenue, Chicago."

Quantities of the inflammatory document were turned into company headquarters and destroyed, and heads of the workmen's committees informed the management that they would undertake to have their ranks cleared of Reds when the whistles blew for tomorrow's closing.

Hit Hard by Prohibition, Hotel Men Are Urging "See America First"

New York, November 14.—As another means of recouping financial losses resulting from prohibition the hotel men of the country, in session here, were asked to indorse a "see-America-first" campaign. As the first step they were advised to labor with banks and the American Railway Express company in an effort to convince them that they should cease advertising the sale of travelers' cheques, which are good in other countries.

The argument presented to the hotel proprietors was that it would be most advantageous to them if they could influence Americans to travel and spend their money in the United States and Canada. It was stated that San Diego and Los Angeles have appropriated $150,000 each for advertising to carry on the campaign and that congress will be asked to make appropriations for the same purpose.

RUINS OF PALACE DISCOVERED IN CRETE

(The Constitution—London Times—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Athens, November 14.—(By Cable.)—The ruins of an ancient palace, discovered in the village of Malia, near Candia, Crete, are attributed to the Ionian period. The bases of the excavated columns are decorated with golden ornaments and also inscriptions.

A few miles from the palace tombs were found skeletons. In this area is supposed to have been situated an ancient town. The work continues under M. Hadjidakic, inspector of antiquities.

In Amphipolis, Macedonia, a colonial marble piece has been found in the space which was originally excavated by British soldiers. The marble represents a lion and is supposed to belong to the classical period, but experts have not yet pronounced their opinion.

SLAYER ON HIGH SEAS FREED AT SAVANNAH

Savannah, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Joseph H. Bassett, who killed Thomas Sanchez, a Mexican, on board a vessel, the Lake Frio, at sea, was acquitted of the killing today in federal court. He admitted the killing and established self-defense.

Sues Mme. Caillaux.

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Paris, November 14.—(By Cable.) There began in the civil court yesterday the hearing of an action brought by Major Genonceaux, a gunsmith expert of Liege, against Madam Caillaux, wife of ex-Premier Caillaux, who is shortly to be tried on charges of treason.

At Madam Caillaux's trial in 1914, before the Seine assizes for shootings M. Calmette, editor of Figaro, Major Genonceaux was engaged by the prisoner to give expert evidence in connection with the weapon used. Major Genonceaux demands $3,000 and expenses, including three days' stay in Paris.

JAPANESE ENGINEERS AT WORK IN MEXICO

El Paso, Texas, November 14.—A Japanese commission of railway and civil engineers has arrived in Mexico, according to advices received here today.

The commission, it was said, is making an exhaustive study of the topography of the isthmus of Tehuantepec and this has created the report that Japanese interests will build a railroad across the isthmus, presumably in connection with the Japanese merchant marine.

Recently it was announced Japanese merchant ships were making Salina Cruz, on the west coast of Mexico, a port of call. Japanese settlers are said to be entering the southern republic through this port.

Another report of Japanese activities in Mexico was to the effect that 300 Japanese families have settled on the Limon ranch, in the Ficontecatl district of the state of Tamaulipas. This ranch, said to contain 1,000,000 acres, according to reports reaching here, was purchased for colonization purposes. Indications of oil are reported to be many throughout this property.

The only present railroad across the isthmus of Tehuantepec is owned by British capital, but controlled by the Mexican government. Several years ago other lines were contemplated, but revolutions retarded their development.

Child Is Killed.

Cave Spring, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wood sympathize deeply with them in the loss of their little son, Clarence, whose tragic death shocked the town a few days ago. The child, while playing in the street, was run down and almost instantly killed by an automobile, the accident occurring almost at the very gate of his home. The driver of the car was exonerated after a rigid investigation.

CHANGE IN RATES OF WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION, NOV. 1, 1919.

One time.....15c a line
Three times.....12c a line Each
Seven times.....10c a line Issue
Thirty times or more....9c

Advertisements under the following classifications will only be inserted when cash accompanies the order.

For Rent—Rooms, Furnished or Unfurnished.
Wanted—Boarders.
Wanted—Board.
For Rent—Rooms Furnished.
For Rent—Rooms Unfurnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Furnished.
Situation Wanted—Female.
Situation Wanted—Male.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Unfurnished.

No phone orders accepted for advertisements that are to appear under "cash in advance" classifications.

Above rates for consecutive insertions only.

Count six ordinary words to each line.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines.

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classification, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads (excepting those classifications that are cash with order) by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

TELEPHONE 5000 MAIN.

PERSONAL

PATENTS AND TRADE-MARKS.

MASON, Fenwick & Lawrence, Washington, D. C., established over half a century. Three late examiners of the U. S. patent office now on our staff. Best references. Send sketch of invention.

MATERNITY Sanitarium, private, refined, homelike. Home provided for infants. Mrs. Mitchell, 22 Windsor street.

LOST AND FOUND

$50—REWARD—$50

FOR ARREST and conviction of the thieves who stole 1920 Chalmers touring car, factory No. 104927, motor No. 16733, license No. 118351, from postoffice November 14. Notify AUTOMOBILE UNDERWRITERS DETECTIVE BUREAU.
1317 Hurt Bldg. Atlanta, Ga.

$50—REWARD—$50.

FOR arrest and conviction of thieves who stole 1919 Cadillac sedan; motor No. 5711556, from 128 Myrtle street November 8, 1919. Notify
AUTO UNDERWRITERS' DETECTIVE BUREAU.
1317 Hurt building.

LOST—Atlanta National bank check book belonging to American Red Cross canteen; $10 reward and no questions asked if returned immediately to 258 Peachtree st.

LOST—Black and white pointer dog. Information leading to recovery rewarded. J. W. Bicham, 123 Peoples street. W. 705-W.

LOST—One Black Shepherd dog; answers to name of Prince. Reward if returned to owner, or telephone Ivy 1839, Mrs. J. A. Martin, 22 Simpson street.

LOST—Wrist watch with ribbon band, engraved "C. W." Finder return to 24 Pulliam st. Reward.

LOST—Black sealskin belt, with one button; reward. Call Main 418.

LOST—One key case, containing keys and Masonic identification tag, No. 50033. Return to 320 Austell bldg.; reward.

LOST—Very old Bible, containing family records. $25 reward. Allen, Box 593. Con.

HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED—Two broom makers; highest prices paid; experienced workmen. Address Friend-Ferrell Broom Co., Inc., Petersburg, Va.

WANTED—Colored man to work at light plant; must know how to climb poles; steady job. Address inquiries to C. H. Peddy, Supt., Dawson, Ga.

WANTED—An experienced machinist, one familiar with Singer Sewing machine "specials." Address P. O. Box 1496, Savannah, Ga., stating experience, giving references and salary expected.

WANTED—Good architectural draftsman, with estimating and structural experience in frame and brick work. Apply, giving age, experience, salary expected, small sample draftsmanship, references and earliest report for duty. George MacKay, Ocala, Fla.

GRANITE curb setter. Will give 8 cents per foot; light excavation. Apply A. R. Crump Construction Co., Inc., Monroe, Ga.

WANTED—Experienced meat cutter; good salary; references required. Address Avenue Market, Charleston, S. C.

BOOKKEEPERS and accountants, learn accounting, the highest-paid profession. Taught thoroughly in a few months of home study by new system. Phone for appointment. International Accountants' Society, 501 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg. Ivy 6316.

ENGINEERING graduates or men partly schooled or experienced in technical work are wanted for junior engineering and administrative positions in the larger cities of the southeast; immediate opportunities for advancement and good pay to start. Telephone, call or write, Kendall Weisiger, Bell Telephone Company, Atlanta, Ga.

HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED — Several men to carry newspaper routes. A hustler can make $18.00 to $30.00 per week. See Mr. Moye, City Circulation Dept., The Constitution.

AUDITOR WITH EXPERIENCE AND ABILITY. BOX W-660, CONSTITUTION.

EXPERIENCED ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMEN. STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS W-646, CONSTITUTION.

WANTED AT ONCE—EXPERIENCED SHIPPING CLERK. THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 38 LUCKIE ST.

BRIGHT BOY OF NEAT APPEARANCE WHO KNOWS THE OFFICE BUILDINGS TO MAKE ERRANDS. A GOOD PROPOSITION FOR A HUSTLER. APPLY TO PRUDENTIAL BLUE PRINT CO., 49 PEACHTREE ARCADE.

COMBINED stock room and shipping room clerk; good salary; good opportunity for advancement. Apply at once, 20 Central ave.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMEN wanted (2); must be experienced men; permanent positions; state training and experience in detail, age and salary expected. Address Harry Barton, Architect, Greensboro, N. C.

FREE shave and haircut, rear chairs; shave 5c, haircut 10c, front chairs. Atlanta Barber College, 14 East Mitchell.

LEARN the fundamental principles of bookkeeping under the guidance of an expert accountant. Students subscribing on or before November 20 will also secure our complete course in civil service coaching. Special instruction to those requesting same. Price of this unusual offer is $5.00; no extras. Civil Service Training School, Atlanta, Ga., branch of Washington, D. C., office.

WANTED—Colored man, age not over 35 and not afraid of hard work; must be able to read and write and be well recommended; good wages and steady work. Address W-644, Constitution.

A-1 LICENSED COLORED FIREMAN. 600 AUSTELL BLDG.

EXPERIENCED HOTEL BUTCHER, WHITE OR COLORED. 600 AUSTELL BLDG.

TEN FIRST-CLASS COLORED E. P. WAITERS. 600 AUSTELL BLDG.

YOUNG man with fair education to work in shipping room of wholesale house. Apply 465 Whitehall street.

WANTED—4 automobile painters or helpers. W. S. Lunger, 18 Rogers street, S. Kirkwood. Phone Dec. 358.

WANTED—Young man, 15 to 18 years old, to learn to line coffins. Gate City Coffin Co., corner Mangham and Markham st.

WANTED—Shipping clerk; must be experienced in handling machinery and labor. P. O. Box 1517.

NEWS AGENT wanted. R. R. service; good run. Crescent News Co., 34 E. Hunter.

YOUNG man wanted as news agent on train. Union News Co., 36 Madison avenue.

MEN learn barbering; more pay, light work; wages earned. Call or write Moler Barber College, C1 North Forsyth street Atlanta, Ga.

INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS WILL TRAIN YOU FOR POSITION YOU WANT. 27 ARCADE BLDG.

YES—Professor Branning guarantees to teach you the barber trade in few weeks; chain of shops; good wages. 14 E. Mitchell.

THE ANDERSON VULCANIZER REMEMBER, you can make $15 to $30 per day. Buyers taught free; others for $25. Shop and school.
33 JAMES ST., CITY.

WANTED—Names men, 18-35, wishing become government railway mail clerks; commence $1,100 year. Address F-245, Constitution.

WANTED—Experienced auto top maker and trimmer, capable of inter managing shop; must furnish reference. Cadillac Auto Agency, Jacksonville, Fla.

ASSISTANT steward, must be experienced; don't come unless you want to work. Steward, Winecoff hotel.

WANTED—Two plumbers, 8 hours, $7 day; wire or write. J. D. Lanham, Greenwood, Miss.

WANTED—First-class bill cutter for sash and door factory; open shop; nine hours per day; wages, 55c per hour; can use union or non-union men. Lakeland Mfg. Co., Lakeland, Fla.

WANTED—Man, 25 to 30 years of age, with sales experience and no objection to travel; permanent position; good salary and opportunity for advancement; character must bear thorough investigation. Address W-645, Constitution.

FIREMEN, brakemen, baggagemen, $140-$200; colored porters, by railroads everywhere. Experience unnecessary. 688 Ry. Bureau, East St. Louis, Ill.

PORTERS, janitors, waiters, busboys, cooks, dishwashers, hall boys, 160½ Auburn ave.

ATTENTION, ex-service men. Subscribe for The Stars and Stripes; being printed in Washington, same as in France. $2 one year. Address Stars and Stripes, care Const.

WANTED—Electrical, mechanical and textile engineers for three to six months' work. Men with one or more years' experience preferred. Salary and expenses. State age, education and experience. Address C. T. S., Room 804, Cecil Hotel, City.

ACCOUNTING CO. organizing wants C. P. A. as secretary. Auditor, Box 471, Atlanta.

WANTED—Order boy, 18 to 20 years of age, for groceries and meats, experience preferred. Splendid chance for advancement. Best of references required. Apply Ricards & Smith, 822 Peachtree.

WANTED—Boy about 16 for outside messenger work; salary $40 per mo.; permanent work. Apply in person to Miss Wing, Retail Credit Co., Healey building.

RELIABLE porter wanted; steady position, good salary. Apply at once. National Clothing Co., 98 Whitehall.

$117 A MONTH average; railway mail clerks; hundreds wanted; list positions free. Write immediately, Franklin Institute, Dept. 57-W, Rochester, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Female

COMPETENT typist who wishes to learn office work, with good figure. Unless you are thoroughly familiar with typewriter and have good speed, please do not apply. Shorthand not necessary. Write P. O. Box 1698, giving salary wanted and previous experience.

WHITE woman to do general housework; live on premises; two babies. Apply 619 North Boulevard.

EXPERIENCED woman for pantry. Apply Steward, Winecoff hotel.

WANTED—Nurse of mature age for child of 2 years. Apply 70 East Baker street, apartment I.

GOOD COOK for couple in apt; good wages. Call Hemlock 1902-W.

SPARK'S MILLINERY COLLEGE.
WE specialize in remodeling and trimming hats to order by artistic milliner. Full course, $35. 40½ Whitehall street.

A TELEPHONE operator. Apply Miss Prince, 25 Auburn avenue.

HELP WANTED—Female HELP WANTED—Female

SALESLADIES

WE CAN USE the services of a few more experienced salesladies for China, Crockery, Holiday Goods and Toy Departments. Apply at once.

J. M. HIGH CO.

HELP WANTED—Female

WANTED

EXPERIENCED AND

INEXPERIENCED

YOUNG laddies as Bonbon Dippers, Chocolate Dippers and Packers in Candy, Chocolate, Cracker and Icing Departments. Largest and most sanitary factory in the South. Health and well-being of employees carefully looked after by high-class matron. Hot lunch daily. Good pay while learning. Steady increases to those who become experienced. Hours 7:30 to 5:30. Saturday 1:00 P. M.

Frank E. Block Co.

80 Elliott St.

WANTED — TEN WHITE WOMEN FROM 30 TO 45 YEARS OF AGE, TO WASH PICKLE BOTTLES. APPLY GEORGIA PRESERVING CO., BELLWOOD AVE., AND SOUTHERN RY.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY RAPID ON TYPEWRITER, FOR BILLING CLERK. PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS; NICE HOURS. ADDRESS P. O. BOX 795, GIVING PHONE NUMBER.

WANTED — By corporation, a lady stenographer, experienced. Apply 469 Peachtree.

HAIR DRESSERS

POSITION open for two first-class operators; manicuring, massaging, henna work, shampooing, etc.; good pay; steady work. The S. A. Clayton Company.

EXPERIENCED CHOCOLATE DIPPER. APPLY AT ONCE. CROWN CONFECTIONERY CO., JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

WANTED—Three girls with theatrical talent for road job; good salary and expenses. Address D. C. Littledeer, care Constitution.

A FEW weeks' training on Burroughs calculating and bookkeeping machines will fit a young lady for a steady position with a good sal

Salesmen and Solicitors

SALESMAN THAT WILL SELL ULTRA QUALITY TIRE AND TUBE LINE—PART OF SOUTHERN STATES — EXCLUSIVE DISTRIBUTORS AND DEALERS' PROPOSITION — CAN SECURE CONNECTION WITH MFG'R WORTH WHILE. TIRE EXPERIENCE NOT ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY. KEEN SELLING EXPERIENCE ESSENTIAL.

THERMOID RUBBER CO., 21 W. PEACHTREE.

SALESMEN—Our line of exclusive Map Calendars, Twelve-Sheet and Art Calendars, and Water-Proof Metal Edged Signs is unequaled. We are Manufacturers—which means big commissions, low prices. Our new Europe Map vast seller. Two live salesmen needed for this state, each with exclusive territory. Write now for contract for balance this year and 1920. THE KENYON CO., DES MOINES, IOWA. (Forty-Fourth Year.)

WANTED—Experienced millinery salesman to travel trade of South Carolina; only those experienced need apply. Give full details and references in first letter. P. O. Box 398, Savannah, Ga.

Situation Wanted—Male

EMPLOYERS desiring help or those having positions to fill, please telephone Free Employment Service section of War Camp Community Service, 190 Peachtree street, Ivy 3129, Ivy 6087. This is only one phase of work that Community Service section of War Camp Community Service is rendering free to the public.

EXPERT vulcanizer, cord or fabric tires, factory experience, open for position December 1; at present employed. Address Vulcanizer, 201 N. Cedar st., Akron, Ohio.

WANTED—Employment four (4) hours daily. Machine shop or factory. W-658, Const.

YOUNG man, experienced in corporation bookkeeping, credits, etc., desires position. A-1 reference. Phone Main 4072-W.

YOUNG MAN, attending night school; strong, ambitious and energetic. Phone Hemlock 2127-W.

EX-SERVICE man wants job as stationery engineer or fireman. W-648, care Const.

WANTED—Position by competent man as bookkeeper, office or clerical work; best of ref. Address W-635, care Constitution.

Situation Wanted—Female

EXPERIENCED stenographer wishes change. Furnish ref. Ad. W-643, care Constitution.

BUSINESS CHANCES

H. G. KEENEY & CO.
BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
403 Gould Bldg.

"150 BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES." Write, phone or call today for our new list just off the press. LIGHTFOOT'S, 4 North Pryor st. Ivy 7044.

DOCTOR NEEDED in small town within 50 miles of Atlanta. Physician, P. O. Box 2443, Atlanta, Ga.

IF YOU have anything to manufacture, we have brick building, 125x25; 150-horse power; we will be glad to discuss and co-operate financially in establishing a money-making plant. H. N. Alexander, Raymond, Ga.

WANTED—District managers for patent clothes cleaner; big money for hustler; $25 to $100 capital required. See Mr. Brown, 528 Candler Bldg.

CHAIN grocery organizing wants managers with money. Wholesale, Box 471, Atlanta.

HIGH-CLASS delicatessen, shelf groceries and cafe in West End for sale. Call West 2405, Owner.

THE FANCIERS' DEPT.

RABBITS

THOROUGHBRED Rufus Red Belgians and New Zealands. More than twenty prize winners in our hutches. Our stock wins for us and can win for you.

A. B. C. RABBITRY
No. 37 Stokes Ave.
Phone W. 1371.

DOGS.

POINTER trained dog; 3 years old. Alpharetta, Ga. Long Dist., C. C. Rucker.

PIGEONS.

PIGEONS for sale; homers and Carneaux. 72 Evans street.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

FOR SALE — Horses and mules. Vittur's Horse and Mule Co., 127 Walton street.

LIVE STOCK

COWS.

SEVERAL cars of feeding steers; prices reasonable. Phone or write J. K. Shippy & Bro., Atlanta, Ga.

Typewriters and Supplies

TYPEWRITERS

ALL kinds, at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented, non-visible, three months for $5.00; visible, three months for $7.50 and up. Call phone or write for catalogue C-70. American Writing Machine Company, 48 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. Phone Ivy 7340.

GOOD Visible Royal for sale; $25. K. M. Schell, M. 2705.

FOR SALE—Two No. 4 Underwoods, rebuilt and guaranteed. See me if you want a bargain. 13½ W. Alabama street. M. 2705.

WHEN the typewriter needs repairs, call an expert. K. M. Schell, Underwoods a specialty, 13½ W. Alabama street. Main 2705.

EDUCATIONAL

PARAGON SHORTHAND

THE ONLY system taught in the Atlanta public schools; easiest to learn, most efficient, cost less. Simplex Shorthand school, 7th floor Central bldg. Main 1793.

SEEDS AND PLANTS

EMPIRE NURSERIES
"EVERYTHING THAT GROWS."

FRUIT trees, berries, grape vines, shade trees, shrubbery, seeds and plants; flowers. Ivy 9030, 32 East Hunter street.

LUMBER—For Sale.

FRAMING, $25 per M.; fine flooring, ceiling, novelty and drop siding, $30 per M., all f.o.b. Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga. Now shipping from base hospital area—the finest lumber in Camp Wheeler. Camp will be cleared out in three or four weeks. Order immediately. Camp Wheeler Lumber Agency 618 Highland avenue, Atlanta. Telephone Ivy 8340.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Handsome roadster, 1918 model, in good condition. Hemlock 448.

GOOD used cars. J. G. Lewis Motor Co., 232 Peachtree street.

USED CARS bought and sold. Capital City Used Car Clearing House, 142 Decatur st.

1918 Dodge touring. Joseph G. Blount, 385 Peachtree street.

USED cars bought and sold. National Sales Co., 155 Marietta st.

USED TRUCK AND CAR BARGAINS. THE WHITE CO., 63 IVY ST.

SAYERS SIX—A car of rare beauty. C. S. Lee Motor Co., 217 Peachtree st. L. 5380.

USED CARS AND TRUCKS. See Langford-Gatlin Co., 239 Peachtree st.

TEGDER MOTOR Company, pending completion of new building at 322 Peachtree, will be temporarily located at 92 Houston St., from September 1 to November 10.

AUTO purchase money notes bought. Am. Discount Co. of Ga., 255 Candler Bldg.

Used CAR BARGAINS. The Automotive Co., 186 Peachtree street.

USED CARS HILL-HOLDEN CO. 246 P'tree. Ivy 1694

USED CARS BEAUDRY MOTOR CO. 169-171 Marietta St.

USED CARS SEE Atlanta Cadillac Co. 183 Peachtree st

Used Cars BARGAINS. Willys-Overland, Inc., 451 Peachtree.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN — 1919 HUPMOBILE TOURING CAR, 5-PASSENGER; SPLENDID CONDITION; ALMOST NEW; IMMEDIATE DELIVERY. CALL AT THOMPSON MOTOR CO., 150 IVY ST.

WE WILL SELL YOUR CAR FOR YOU OR BUY YOUR CAR AT OUR PRICE.
WE PAY CASH
FOR USED CARS

1918 Overland "90" Touring	$ 375
1918 Buick "6" Roadster	900
1917 Buick "6" Sedan, A-1	1,250
1918 Haynes Touring	1,200
1917 Haynes Touring	950
1918 Oldsmobile "8" Touring	800
1920 Oldsmobile "6" Touring	1,350
1917 Oldsmobile "6" Touring	675
1917 Maxwell Touring	300
1916 Maxwell Touring	230
1919 Chevrolet Touring	1,050

USED CAR CLEARING HOUSE.
Second Floor 181 Marietta St. Main 4231.

118 CHALMERS, 2-PASS., OVERHAULED & REPAINTED..$975
1918 WILLYS-KNIGHT COUPE WIRE WHEELS $950
1918 BUICK, 5-PASS., GOOD AS NEW $1,175
1914 LOCOMOBILE, 5-PASS. GOOD CONDITION.....$525
1915 PACKARD, 7-PASS., WIRE WHEELS, IN FINE CONDITION $1,175
1914 POPE HARTFORD, 5-PASS. GOOD CONDITION $350
1918 BUICK, 5-PASS. TOURING $1,200
FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO., 59 W. PEACHTREE ST. IVY 2406

FORD CARS
USED CAR DEPARTMENT
BELLE ISLE
380 PEACHTREE ST.

USED CAR BARGAINS

1918 Roamer Touring	$1,650
1917 Hupmobile Touring	750
1919 Ford Touring; starter	750
1918 Dodge Roadster	800
1918 Dort Touring	450
1918 Chevrolet Touring	325

LEGG & PICKETT.
118 MARIETTA ST. MAIN 415.

WE rebuild and paint used Stutz cars. See us. We might have what you want.
STUTZ COMPANY OF GEORGIA,
224 Peachtree St.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL REBUILT 2-TON GRANN-BERNSTEIN TRUCKS. AT 99 MARIETTA ST

1920 5-PASS. BUICK for sale; five cord tires; car practically new. H. M. Reese, West 1433-W.

FORDS

Two 1920 Ford Tourings; starter and extras; brand-new; each.....$800
1920 Ford Touring; starter, brand-new 790
1919 Ford Touring 675
1918 Ford Sedan; white wire wheels, starter 700
1917 Ford Speedster; top and windshield 475
1918 1-Ton Reo Truck 600

CASH PAID FOR USED CARS.
FULLER, ELROD & POWELL,
32 Madison ave. M. 2704.
(In Front Terminal Station.)

FRANKLIN FIVE-PASS. TOURING. PERFECT CONDITION. RUTHERFORD LIPSCOMB. IVY 1161. HEALEY BUILDING.

PAIGE AGENCY temporarily located at 92 Houston street, pending completion of our new building at 322 Peachtree, about November 20. Tegder Motor Co., Ivy 6365, 92 Houston street.

CHANDLER, six-cylinder, 7-passenger, 2 bumpers, 4 cord tires, spot light; been driven 6,000 miles; looks new; in perfect condition. Will sell for $1,500 cash. Owner leaving city. Chester H. Pierce, 103 Ponce de Leon. Ivy 5399-M.

Ford TRUCK and 5-pass. Briscoe, 5-pass. New Ford. I pay cash for Fords. Ford Auto Exchange, 30 Wall st. M. 5297.

USED cars bought and sold. J. M. Harrison & Co., 8-10 Ivy St., L. 3136.

PACKARD trucks, 2-2½-ton model, from government service; good condition; price very attractive. Chance to get high-grade truck with years of service, low price. Address W-659, care Constitution.

HUDSON 6-40, brand new top, new battery, newly painted, just overhauled. First $475 buys it. Act quickly. Mr. Yates, 276 Peachtree. Ivy 9170.

MOON car in splendid condition for sale; $1,400; part cash and good notes accepted. F. O. Watson Co., 21 North Pryor street.

USED car bargains. John Lottridge Motor Sales Co. 264 Peachtree st.

BUICK roadster, 1918, 4 new tires; must be sold, cheap for cash; leaving town. 132 Spring street.

1919 FORD touring car. M. 1277.

1918 FORD SEDAN, new tires, paint good, A-1 mechanical condition. 189 Decatur st.

SMITH Form-A-Truck with furniture van body; overhauled, repainted; good tires. Low price. Tegder Motor Co., 92 Houston st.

USED CARS. GRANT MOTOR CO., 230 PEACHTREE ST.

1917 HUDSON SUPER SIX SEDAN. GOOD CONDITION. NEW TIRES. 69 HOUSTON.

FOR good autos see Allan Dimmitt Co. 236 Peachtree st. Ivy 5499.

CUT PRICE TIRES—All kinds and sizes. We buy and exchange used tires. Expert steam vulcanizing. Benson & Co., 165 Whitehall st.

USED CAR bargains. Taylor Motor Co., 238 Peachtree street.

ONE OVERLAND auto, model 85-4, cheap. Main 5559-W, or Ivy 4296.

LITTLE SIX wire-wheel touring car; looks like new; owner; $850. Can be seen 556 Marietta street. Telephone Main 4848.

FORD sedan; practically new; self-starter; four new tires; two bumpers and other extras at bargain price. Easy terms if desired. Address W-641, care Constitution.

GOOD used cars. J. W. Goldsmith, Jr.-Grant Co., Inc., 229 Peachtree.

REPUBLIC 1-ton truck with stake body; little used and practically new; very attractive price for quick sale. Tegder Motor Co., 92 Houston street; temporary quarters.

FOR SALE—2 Packard trucks; 3½ tons, 4 tons; can be seen at E. H. Odom Bros. Co., 19-21-23 James street.

WANTED—AUTOS

WILL buy used 4-passenger Cadillac in good condition. State details and best cash price. Address W-634, care Constitution.

WANTED—1918 or 1919 Ford. Call Main 2704.

TO BUY from owner in good condition 5 or 7-pass 1919 Cadillac. State price. Address W-115, Constitution.

TAXICABS

BELLE ISLE—TAXICABS
IVY 166 6 LUCKIE ST IVY 5190

GWIN'S TAXI SERVICE
6 Luckie St. Ivy 4551

BALDWIN TAXI SERVICE.
QUICK TRUNK TRANSFER.
Ivy 28. 89 N. Forsyth St. Ivy 1333.

BRYANT TAXI SERVICE
Ivy 7640. Ivy 82. ANSLEY HOTEL. Ivy 5293.

AUTOMOBILES

ELECTRIC REPAIRING.

SIMS Magneto Service station. All kinds elec. repairing done. E. H. Odom Bros. Atlanta. Gill stop-leak piston rings. $1 each

TIRES.

TIRES ON EASY TERMS. 156 Marietta street. Main 635.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD
FOR LONGWEAR tires. Easy terms. Ray Interliner Co., 69 N. Forsyth street.

SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES.

AUTO TOPS
Re-covered out of the best material and done "Quickly" and "Best."
For Tops ready to set on.
WALKER ROOFING CO
273 Marietta St. M. 2917, M. 4075

AUTOGENOUS WELDING.

Southern Welding Co.
HIGH-CLASS auto repairing. All work guaranteed, 178 Courtland St. Ivy 2227.

AUTO ACCESSORIES

AUTO ACCESSORIES

NOTICE

We Carry in Stock Electrical and Carburetor Equipment.
Operate Our Own Foundry and Machine Shop.
Do All Kind Auto Repairs.
Cylinder Grinding.

Southern Auto & Equipment Co., Inc.

Automotive Engineers. Established 1905.
111 S. Forsyth Street. Atlanta.

AUTOMOBILES

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
AUTOMOBILE COACH WORK
CARS REPAINTED.
Tops recovered and repaired. Wheels springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 AUBURN AVE.

REPAIRING AND STORING.

THE CITY GARAGE
JULIAN HARRIS, MANAGER. Open all the time. Cars washed, polished, ample storage space. Expert Cadillac, Packard and Buick repairing. 69-71 Houston street. Ivy 3005.

RADIATORS REPAIRED.

BARWALD RADIATOR CO.
29 IVY ST. PRICES RIGHT. IVY 4334.
AFTER trying others, try Cook's Garage for auto repairs. 20 Ivy st.

IGNITION AND STARTING.

HOPE MOTOR CO., 143 Marietta street. Ignition lighting and starting systems installed. All makes cars.

AUTO TOP AND SEAT COVERS.

New tops, old tops recovered
For seat covers, come to head quarters
"We do it better."
ATLANTA AUTO TOP AND TRIMMING CO.
155-157 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.

AUTO REPAIRING.

IVY STREET GARAGE
112 IVY ST.—Rear of Ever-Ready Storage Battery Company. Let us repair your auto at the lowest price. All work guaranteed. Prompt service; specialized mechanics on all makes of cars. Cars washed and polished. J. B. Felmet, Secretary; J. P. Peeks, Manager.

AUTOMOBILE PAINTING.

FORD CARS PAINTED
EXCLUSIVE FORD PAINT SHOP AND UPHOLSTERING.
BELLE ISLE
380 PEACHTREE ST.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

ROY TODD, Ivy 351
27 ATLANTA THEATER BLDG.

RETREADING AND VULCANIZING.

WE retread good tires and guarantee them to run 5,000 miles.
FREEMAN & MORROW.
837 Peachtree St. Ivy 49.

AUTO TOPS AND PAINTING.

AUTOMOBILE painting, tops recovered, tailor made seat covers, trimming repairs. Springs, axles and wheels repaired.
A. C. MILLER & CO.
33 Gilmer St.

AUTOMOBILE PAINTING

AUTOMOBILES PAINTED, TOPS RE-COVERED, SEAT COVERS PUT ON, ETC. REASONABLE RATES.
J. W. Goldsmith, Jr.—Grant Co., Inc.
229 Peachtree St.

ELECTRIC WELDING.

ELECTRIC WELDING CO.
52 HOUSTON ST. IVY 4462.

BUSINESS CARDS

BUSINESS CARDS

ANY FIRM—ANY SERVICE

LOOK for the heading denoting the particular service or article you desire. Or better, read each of them and get many suggestions as to household and business conveniences that you are now doing without simply because it has never occurred to you that the services offered were so easily to be commanded
A DAILY FEATURE.

ALTERING—TAILORING.

OLD CLOTHES made to look like new. Wright Tailoring Co., 24 E. Hunter. Main 1896.

BUILDING AND CONTRACTING.

Phone Main 5552-L. 91 Ormond St.
RELIABLE, THOROUGH, EFFICIENT BUILDING REPAIR SERVICE.
IRA T. HAWKINS
BUILDING CONTRACTOR.
Building, Repairing, Painting, Roofing.
SATISFIED CUSTOMERS
MY REFERENCE. YOUR GUARANTEE.
ATLANTA, GA.

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE.

COAL ranges, cook stoves, gas stoves etc., bought, exchanged. M. 1652-J 124 Peters st.

BICYCLES AND SUPPLIES.

BERRY COHAN—Walco and Indian bicycles, supplies, repairing. 164 Edgewood ave.

BUTTONS COVERED.

BUTTONS covered, first-class work. Mail orders given prompt attention. Atlanta Hemstitching and Plaiting Co., 73½ Whitehall.

CAMERAS AND DEVELOPING.

CAMERAS loaned free. Developing 24-hour service. U pay for satisfactory prints. Silvens Optical Co., 19 S. Broad.

CARPENTERS AND PAINTERS.

ACME PAINT AND REPAIR CO.
ALL kinds of carpenter and paint work. Roofs repaired and put on. 45 South Broad street. All work guaranteed. Main 3347.

CONTRACTOR.

WARNER FULLER,
CONTRACTOR, cement work, waterproof basements. We build garages. 814 Austell Bldg. Phone Ivy 659.

CLOCKS.

BUY YOUR CLOCKS AT THE ATLANTA CLOCK HOUSE.
45 PEACHTREE ARCADE. MAIN 940.

DYEING.

WE DO the finest dyeing in the city. We specialize on that particular thing; guarantee every piece. Ivy 2867, 40½ Luckie.

DENTAL WORK.

DENTIST Dr. H. JENSEN, 73½ Whitehall street.

EXPERT SHOE REPAIRING.

GWINN'S NO. 2 S. Pryor st., across R. R., opp. Kimball house; No. 6 Luckie street, opp. Piedmont. Shoe repairing while you wait. Established 1897; ½ soles sewed 50c up. Rubber heels 35c up.

NEW YORK SHOE REPAIRING.
47-B South Pryor St.
J. GOLDWASSER, PROP.

DOLL REPAIRING.

DOLLS repaired and remodeled; all parts furnished. 227 Arcade Bldg., 2d floor.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.

BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
DEALERS IN NEW AND USED ELECTRIC MACHINERY.
53 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone, Ivy 1790; Atlanta 5000.
SHOP DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone, Ivy 1782.

THE ELGIN WATCHMAKER.

FINE Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing. R. KETCHEM.
106 N. Pryor St. Candler Annex.

ENGRAVING.

ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FURNITURE REPAIRING

Antique Furniture repaired, upholstering, refinishing. 250 Ivy st.

HEMSTITCHING.

HEMSTITCHING, button covering and pleating; prompt service on mail orders. Arcade Hemstitching Shop, 18 Arcade Bldg.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT REPAIRING.

XCELO Musical Instrument Service. SOUTHERN DRUM CO., Auburn and Ivy.

MATTRESS RENOVATING.

SHIRLEY MATTRESS CO., 807 Marietta, M. 993. High-grade mattress renovating, work guaranteed.

MOVING—STORAGE.

QUICK Service Transfer Co.—Anything, anywhere, any time. M. 2493. We know how.

COCHRAN Transfer & Storage Co., light and heavy hauling. 45 E. Mitchell St. Main 5536.

BLUE LINE TRANSFER AND STORAGE CO., 32 EAST HUNTER ST. IVY 9080.

FLANAGAN BROS. move, pack and ship anything anywhere at the right price. Try us. M. 2877. 51-53 Central ave.

OPTICIAN

EYES examined, glasses filled, broken lenses duplicated; the lowest prices. See Dr. Crimm, 69 Whitehall, next to McClure's.

OLD HATS MADE NEW.

OLD HATS made new; satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST

PLUMBING.

CAPITAL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 52 South Forth. M. 4134. Repair work given prompt attention.

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

WORK done reasonably and promptly. Kimberly & Grizzard, 509 Marietta st. M. 1583.

REPAIRING, UPHOLSTERING AND REFINISHING.

FURNITURE—Built, repaired, upholstered, refinished. Cabinet work, reasonable. Johnson Bros., 886 Marietta St. Main 1168.

PAINTING AND TINTING

TINTING AND PAINTING. ROOMS, $4 TO $6.50. CALL WEST 630-J.

PAINTING.

EXPERT painting and tinting. Prompt service. White labor. Ed. C. Mitchell. W. 0-J.

ROOFING AND REPAIRS.

ROOFING
ANY KIND OF ROOFS PUT ON. NEW OR REPAIRED.
WORK GUARANTEED
WALKER ROOFING CO
273 Marietta St. M. 2917, M. 4075

ACME PAINT & REPAIR CO.

GET our estimate on your new roof or repairing; prompt service and all work guaranteed. 45 South Broad st. Main 3347.

ROOFING

SEE ME before you do any roofing
George O. Barrett. 72-74 Marietta street. Phone Main 4771.

ROOFING AND PAINTS.

TO SAVE MONEY on roofing and paint see Jacob Buchman, wholesale distributor of guaranteed roofing and paint. 45 S. Broad St. Main 3347

ROOF REPAIRING.

Mooney REPAIRS all kinds. 12 months' guarantee. Reasonable. Hemlock 1055.

STOVE REPAIRING.

$100 REWARD
FOR ANY STOVE I cannot fix and make work like new. Call BARBER, THE STOVE MAN. I formerly ran under the name of Dan the Fixer until June 1, 1919. Phone Main 4982. 35 South Pryor street.

TRUNKS AND SUIT CASES.

ROUNTREE'S 77 Whitehall Street. M. 1576.

TYPEWRITERS.

TYPEWRITERS bought, sold and repaired. W. S. Smith, 217 Arcade. Main 4409.

FINE SELECTION OF WALL PAPER.

GUARANTEE first-class paper hanging work. L. 5911. Greengold, 113 Edgewood.

FURNITURE—For Sale

LARGE stock used furniture, household goods office fixtures and anything you want. Have no other connections.
JACOBS' AUCTION AND SALVAGE COMPANY
51 DECATUR ST. M. 1434

FOR furniture and stoves go to Boorstein's, 33 N. Pryor street. Ivy 1611.

FOR SALE—Household furniture; also three rooms for rent. Apply 250 Ivy street.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

For Furniture and Stoves
GO TO Boorstein's, 33 N. Pryor. New and used home and office furniture. Ivy 1611.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.
ONE Nagle 15-h.p. locomotive type portable boiler with engine. Two one-ton trucks, almost new; equipped with steel dump bodies. Address W-657, care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Birdsell farm wagons, in the old standard wide 60-inch track with the regular old standard wide and deep bed. Dealers should write us for wholesale prices. Birdsell Manufacturing Co., Charlotte, N. C.

FOR SALE—Piano; good as new; upright, 151 West Mercer ave., College Park.

DIAMONDS—2¾ carat, white flawless, $390 carat; one 1¾, steel blue, perfect, $490 carat. Unless you can pay this price don't answer. Address W-656, care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Two No. 4 Underwoods, rebuilt and guaranteed. See me if you want a bargain. 13½ W. Alabama street. Main 2705.

FOR SALE—Handsome living room and other furniture. Owner leaving city. Telephone Hemlock 876.

LITTLE show, wall and pyramidal tents, wagon covers, tarpaulins, horse blankets, gloves and caps. 316 Decatur street. Jass Vase Metal Co.

GOOD Visible Royal for sale, $25. K. M. Schell. Main 2705.

ENAMELWARE cut glass and dolls to the trade; immediate delivery; wholesale only; will send samples upon request. Atlanta Household Supply Co., 46-48 Peachtree Arcade bldg.

TYPEWRITERS—All makes bought and sold. Southern Typewriter Co., Atlanta.

FOR SALE—Pathe phonograph at sacrifice. Phone West 542-J.

EDISON phonograph for sale at bargain. Call Main 1114 after 6 p. m.

FOR SALE—Six second-hand enamel bath tubs, full size, good as new. Call Main 2426.

U. S. ARMY web belts, 25c. Bradley Bonded W. H. Co., Greenville, S. C.

FURNITURE FOR SALE at half price. 148-B S. Pryor. Main 2769.

VIOLINS bought, sold, exchanged, repaired. S. M. Kimbrell, Jr., Forsyth Bldg. I. 4449.

HIGH-GRADE nine-column adding machine. 1017 Empire Bldg. Ivy 1644.

Gibson mandolins, triolton cornets, etc. We buy, sell, exchange, and repair. SOUTHERN DRUM CO., Auburn and Ivy.

EXPERT safe opening and repairing. Large stock new and second-hand safes. Atlanta Safe Company. 64 West Mitchell street.

SAFES, new and 2d-hand, all sizes. Hall's vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 408 4th Natl. Bk.

CASH registers. We buy and sell used cash registers; all sizes, some practically new. Bargains. Terms to right party. Phone Ivy 1598. 58-60 Decatur street.

Scales— The Howe Scales Co., 18 South Forsyth St.

GATE CITY COAL CO. for good coal and heavy hauling. Main 668-J. Mr. Hutt.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WILL PAY the highest cash prices for household and kitchen furniture, cook, gas stoves and ranges, heaters. Restaurant and hotel equipment, cooking utensils, bed linen of all kinds. Call me before you sell. Will come right out.
THE WONDER FURNITURE CO.,
20 E. Mitchell St., Main 1157.

FURNITURE WANTED; HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR BEDROOM, DINING ROOM, PARLOR AND OFFICE FURNITURE
WE BUY IN ANY QUANTITY. MUST HAVE TO FILL ORDERS. UNITED FURNITURE STORE, 73 S. PRYOR ST., MAIN 74.

WE PAY good prices for used furniture; better class preferred; office fixtures and anything you may have in your way.
JACOBS' AUCTION AND SALVAGE COMPANY
51 DECATUR ST. M. 1434

FURNITURE WANTED FOR LARGE ROOMING HOUSE. M. 2769.

WANTED—Water tank and tower and lighting system for private use. Herbert B. Davis. Main 2557.

WANTED—To buy an Ivy telephone. Call Ivy 1232.

WE BUY HOUSE and office furniture. Boorstein. Ivy 1611.

WANTED—Furniture of all kinds. Atlanta Second-Hand Furniture Exchange, 11 N. Pryor st. Main 1521.

CASH— FOR old gold and silver. McDuffie, 148 P'tree st.

WANTED—Bedroom, dining room and kitchen furniture, gas stoves and heaters. Globe Furniture Co., 150 Whitehall. Main 66.

CASH PAID for used furn. Austin Bros. & Snider, 63 S. Broad st. M. 2610.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. E. B. Gibson. M. 4647.

WE PAY CASH for used furniture. Wonder Fur. Co. M. 1167.

WE BUY Old Clothes, Shoes. 150 Decatur St., M-3726.

CASH PAID for second-hand furniture, in small or large lots. Main 778. 108 South Forsyth street.

WE PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICES FOR USED FURNITURE. MAIN 156.

CASH PAID for private libraries or smaller collections of books. Phone Ivy 452. Treat's Book Shop, 92 N Forsyth st. Open evenings.

WE BUY HOUSE and office furniture, refrigerators and stoves. Boorstein's, 33 N. Pryor st. Ivy 1611.

OLD clothes, shoes and ladies' clothes. Call L. Pfeffer, 130 Decatur. Main 2862.

HOUSEHOLD goods bought by Central Auction Co 10-12 E. Mitchell M. 2424.

WE PAY highest cash prices for used furniture. Main 74. United Furniture Co.

FURNITURE—WANTED

WANTED—TO BUY A LOT GOOD USED FURNITURE. MAIN 4636.

MONEY TO LOAN

QUICK LOANS.

THE NEXT TIME THE OCCASION ARISES WHERE YOU NEED $25 UP TO $300 IN A HURRY, DON'T BOTHER YOUR FRIENDS OR RELATIVES WITH A

"PERSONAL TOUCH,"

BUT MAKE A BUSINESS PROPOSITION OF IT BY CALLING AT OUR OFFICE AND STATING YOUR WANTS. YOU WILL BE ACCOMMODATED QUICKLY AND NO ONE WILL BE THE WISER.

"IT'S HUMILIATING"

TO ASK A FRIEND OR RELATIVE TO LEND YOU A FEW BONES OR "STICK" HIS NAME ON A NOTE, BUT WHEN YOU COME TO US IT'S DIFFERENT—IT'S A STRICTLY BUSINESS PROPOSITION WITHOUT FUSS OR FEATHER. YOU PAY FOR IT AND IT'S NOBODY'S BUSINESS.

PIANOS, FURNITURE, AUTOMOBILES, LIBERTY BONDS OR ANY GOOD COLLATERAL IS ALL THE SECURITY YOU NEED.

SURETY LOAN CO.,
408 FLATIRON BLDG.,
IVY 4296—PHONES—MAIN 180.

CAN YOU BORROW MONEY?
"YES;" FROM
SOUTHERN SECURITY CO.
WE MAKE loans on Liberty Bonds, Stamps, Household Goods, Pianos and all Personal Property, at 5 per cent. Payments as low as $2.00 per month.

$ 10.00	Costs	$ .50
$ 25.00	Costs	$ 1.25
$ 50.00	Costs	$ 2.50
$100.00	Costs	$ 5.00
$200.00	Costs	$10.00
$300.00	Costs	$15.00

WE make Loans from $5.00 to $500. See us before going elsewhere.
Southern Security Co.
212 PEACHTREE ARCADE
Second Floor—Main 619.

WHEN YOU NEED $25 OR MORE
WE WILL LOAN IT TO YOU AT THE LAWFUL RATE.
Guarantee Loan Company
808 Atlanta National.
M. 440. Phones. Atl. 722.

CHRISTMAS LOANS
YOU CAN borrow your Christmas money from us and pay it back next year. You can't afford to be without money Christmas. We make loans on furniture, Liberty bonds, jewelry, etc.
O. F. WHITTEN CO.
201 Flatiron Bldg. Ivy 6150.

When You Need Money Quick
ON YOUR SALARY, SEE US.
No indorsement or mortgage required.
E. W. GREENWAY & CO.
Ivy 1654. 316-17 Empire Bldg.

LOANS $25 AND UP
ON household furniture and pianos without removal. Payments to suit your income.
CITIZENS LOAN CO.
301-02 Peters Bldg.
Main 1043—Phones—Atlanta 677.

MONEY on salaries, furniture, pianos, autos, indorsed notes. Patterson, 511 Silvey Bldg.

PLENTY money for real estate loans and notes. H. F. West, 218 Atlanta Natl.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names, cheap rates, easy terms; confidential. Scott & Co. 320 Austell building.

QUICK ready money on salary. C. E. Jarvis, 204 McKenzie Bldg. Ivy 1076.

MONEY—Wanted.

WANTED—To borrow $5,000; three to five years, at 7 per cent; interest payable annually; no commission. Double value real estate for security. Address W-639, care Const.

MONEY—On Real Estate

LOANS MADE and notes bought on Atlanta and suburban real estate. Elseman & Weil Investment Co., 313 Atlanta National Bank.

HAVE fine demand for real estate purchase money notes. W. A. Foster, 47 North Forsyth, Healey building. Ivy 5980.

MONEY to lend at reasonable rates on improved real estate. Forrest & George Adair.

FARM MONEY.
Special Rate for Farms and City Property. S. W. Carson, 414 Empire Bldg

FIRST and second mortgage loans. A. G. Smith, Connally building. Main 2940

CITY and farm loans made without delay. W. B. Smith, 706 Fourth National Bank Bldg

MONEY to loan without commission on farm and city property for Jefferson Standard Life Insurance Co. B. G. Statham, General Agent, 522-3 Candler Bldg.

FUNDS on hand for loan and purchase money notes. A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

Ready Money for salaried men. No indorsers.
FEDERAL INVESTMENT CO.,
201 PETERS BUILDING.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate. Purchase money notes bought. Thos. J. Wesley, Vice Pres., 229 Grant Bldg.

LOAN AGENTS for investors' Savings Company, first and second mortgages on city real estate, payable monthly. Cliff C. Hatcher Ins. Agency
See Rex B. Mooney, 221 Grant building.

REAL ESTATE LOANS—Reuben F. Gilliam, attorney, 4th Nat'l Bank Bldg. Ivy 355.

MONEY—On Real Estate

LOANS ON GEORGIA FARM LANDS
DIRECT CONNECTIONS, PROMPT HANDLING, CURRENT RATES
Communicate with Us.
COTTON STATES SECURITIES CO.
421 Healey Bldg. ATLANTA, GA.
H. N. RANDOLPH, President

$500,000 TO LOAN at 6% on improved Atlanta residence or business property. Loans closed promptly.
T. B. GAY
Successor to Dunson & Gay.
409 Trust Co. of Georgia Bldg.
Ivy 5678.

LOANS
ON
Real Estate
NO LONG waits; local funds on hand.
HENRY W. TODD & CO.
659 CANDLER ANNEX. IVY 208.

$1,000—$2,000—$4,000—$5,000
TO LEND on improved real estate in Atlanta or suburbs
W. O. ALSTON, 1010 Hurt Bldg.

6% money for city property and farms, 7% 1116 Hurt Bldg. Edward Jones. L. 6631.

FIRST MORTGAGE loans. Atlanta property. Low rate, expense reasonable. Established over 25 years.
TURMAN & CALHOUN
203 Empire Building

WE make first mortgage loans; low rate. Columbian National Life Ins. Co., Jno. D. Wood, 1506 Candler Bldg. Ivy 4927.

6% LOANS ON
ATLANTA REAL ESTATE
FARMS ANYWHERE
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SMALL TOWN PROPERTY
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MONTHLY money to lend on Atlanta and nearby real estate, payable $2.16 per month on the $100, which includes interest. No delay, money here. Brown-Beasley Company, 210 Flatiron building.

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DELIGHTFUL room, with or without private bath; table board; best north side residential section; private home. Hem. 2463-J.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished room and board in private Inman Park home for man and wife or business couple; every convenience; rates reasonable. Ivy 7214-J.

ROOM and board for young man. 52 Ponce de Leon. Ivy 6105.

EXCELLENT rooms with first-class board; close in. 362 Peachtree. Call immediately.

BOARD for gentlemen or business couple in quiet home. Hemlock 1550.

20 E BAKER st., heated room with board; 1 or 2 gentlemen. Ivy 1984-J.

Board and Room—Wanted

WANTED—By business woman room with breakfast and supper, in private home, with modern conv. Ad. W-635, care Constit.

BOARDERS WANTED

EXTRA large front room (private entrance), furnace-heated and all conveniences; with excellent meals, on the north side, residence section, corner 10th and Juniper; reference. Hemlock 623-J.

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FURNISHED.

FURNISHED ROOMS—TWO DESIRAB

THE GUMPS—ANDY'S BIG DAY.



Talks in Millions And Is Not Worried By H. C. L. Bugaboo

Alexander Lichtman, General Manager of Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, Marvels at Improvements in Dixie in Four Years.

By Robert Moran.

Everywhere you go these days you hear folks talking about the high cost of living, but one man came to town early yesterday and departed before midnight, who hasn't any fear of the wolf knocking at his door. He lives, thinks, and talks in millions only. He has forgotten the language of smaller amounts.

The man is Alexander Lichtman, general manager of the Famous Players-Lasky company, which produces Paramount-Artcraft pictures, now being shown in a number of Atlanta movie houses. He is one of the biggest men in the picture field today and his friends predict that even higher honors are to be his share in the near future.

Mr. Lichtman was in Atlanta on a tour of the middle west and south, which has covered cities from Kansas to Georgia.

Prosperous in Dixie.

He reports excellent conditions everywhere, with greater prosperity than ever before in the history of the country and he was particularly enthusiastic over conditions as he found them in the south.

It was some four years ago since he was in this territory, and he says that the growth since that time has been marvelous—a growth that would be noticed more by the visitor than by one who has been living in this section for a long time.

The moving picture field has become stabilized in the south, he states, and he gives a great deal of the credit for the remarkable improvement to the S. A. Lynch enterprises, which handle the Paramount-Artcraft pictures for the eleven southern states.

The film theaters are here to stay, he declares, and predicts that there will be wonderful development in this field of attractions in the near future.

The legitimate houses have been holding their own, he says, but on the other hand the movie houses are gaining in clientele every day. The result has been a demand for bigger and better houses and for better productions.

Praises Howard Theater.

"Take your Howard house, which is being erected for the showing of pictures here," said Mr. Lichtman, "I have seen the plans and it will be one of the most elegant and most modern in the entire country. With a seating capacity approaching three thousand it will be able to demand and to get the very best productions there are in the country and I hope that our Paramount-Artcraft productions will be shown there.

"In Atlanta already you have some splendid moving picture houses, and I am glad to find that the Lynch Enterprises, which have done so much for the improvement of things theatrical in the south, have now a firm hold in Atlanta. It is certain that your amusement goers will profit, for the very best in the various lines of entertainment will be given them."

Some idea of the growth of the moving picture business may be gained from the fact that only a short time ago one New York picture house played to $18,000 in one day. (This was the only time Mr. Lichtman mentioned thousands.)

He stated that he knew of some sixty moving picture houses now being constructed in this country and that the total cost would run up into many millions. Every house, he stated, would be modern in every particular, that the builders were sparing neither pains nor money and that the very highest class of attractions would be offered in them.

Studio Costs $5,000,000.

His own company, he says, now has in the course of construction a studio at Long Island City, N. Y., which will cost about $5,000,000 and has erected one in London that is one of the handsomest in the world, although it did not cost quite so much.

Among pictures soon to be produced or now ready for the public are: "Peter Pan," "The Little Minister," "Male and Female," "It Pays to Advertise," "Peg of My Heart," "Everywoman," "Treasure Island," "The Wanderer" and a number of others.

New York papers recently carried stories stating that Kuhn, Loeb & Co., which represent a group of New York banks, is financing the Famous Players-Lasky corporation for $20,000,000 for the development of theatrical properties. S. A. Lynch enterprises is interested with this organization in the southern territory

MEN

A Tailoring Sale of Model Suits and Overcoats Ready to Put On

$46 Values No Alterations $35

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Just 40 steps (count 'em) from Peachtree

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Who Fail to Attend Our

BIG REDUCTION SALE

on

Suits and Overcoats

Are missing their best opportunity to secure the best styles and models in clothes—and what's more, they are losing an opportunity to

SAVE GOOD MONEY

Our ready-made line of Suits have always been peculiarly appropriate for the young man—whether in college or out.

Suits with Belters and Slash Pockets— Suits that Re lect the Best Styles of the Season and Are Especially Becoming to Young Men : : : : : : : : :

These Suits now predominate in our stock. We have sold many of them, just as we have sold scores of the more conservative suits, and while we can yet please men of any age, whatever style is desired—yet we expect to make

TODAY A SPECIAL DAY For Young Men

Remember, if it were not for the fact that we are going out of business, these big values would not be obtainable.

Plenty of Overcoats Yet in Stock

Drop by Sunday and look at our windows—we will show some of the big values we are giving.

JACK HAYES CORNER PEACHTREE AND AUBURN AVENUE

ONLY 2 MURDER TRIALS FOR BIBB DURING 1919

Macon, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Though there are twenty-five persons under indictment in this county for murder, only two of them will be brought to trial during the present year, Solicitor General C. H. Garrett preferring to take up cases of lesser importance first in order that he can relieve the county of the expense of feeding prisoners. There are almost 200 prisoners in the county jail and the jail is almost filled to its capacity.

The two defendants who are under indictment for murder and who will face trial before the new year are Raymond Scoggins and his wife, Ruby Scoggins, who are charged with Killing Andrew J. Elkin, Bibb county farmer, by knocking him in the head with a hammer and then robbing him.

Scoggins went under an assumed name for several days after he was arrested, but apparently realizing the gravity of his position he communicated with his parents in Atlanta. They have engaged Attorney John R Cooper to defend their son, and the indications are a plea of insanity will be entered, it being alleged Scoggins has been subject to "fits" since childhood.

ENVOY OF CARRANZA BOUND FOR BRITAIN

Laredo, Texas, November 14.—Information received here today from Vera Cruz was that Rafael Nieto sailed Wednesday for England via an American port. It was declared Nieto "bears letters to the British government for solution of the diplomatic difficulties between the two countries and also will liquidate the Mexican financial office in London." He will return to Mexico after accomplishing his mission.

DAUGHTERS TO GUARD CONFEDERATE RELICS

Tampa, Fla., November 14.—Relics of the Confederacy in their keeping will be preserved in a fireproof building to be erected in Richmond Va., at a cost of $35,000, the United Daughters of the Confederacy today decided at the annual convention. The organization will raise funds for the construction of the edifice.

PIEDMONT LODGE WILL GIVE DEGREE TONIGHT

An event of unusual interest to Atlanta Masons will take place at Piedmont lodge, No. 447, F. & M. M., this evening. The degree of Master Mason will be conferred on a class of 25 candidates and the lecture on the Master's degree will be delivered by Rev. Charles L. Bass, grand master of the state of Georgia. A special musical program will be rendered under the direction of Organist Paul Hubbard.

The Hold-Over.

I fully admit that our staff is too large—
That Smithers (for instance) might have his discharge,
An half of the typists who frivol at tea,
But what would the country do if they sacked me?

When things in the trenches were going amiss
I stuck to my job like a hero—and this
Is how they reward one for winning the war:
By showing me, very politely, the door!

I don't mean to say that they've sacked me as yet;
And cannot believe that they'd ever forget
All the minutes I've written, the forms that I've signed—
But a rumor has reached me and troubled my mind.

And must my experience be all thrown away?
Will they empty my cair, and my pockets of pay?
I don't think they will. But I tremble with fear,
For I don't like the tone of the rumor I hear,
I'll stick to my job while I can, in the hope

That they'll make me Controller of Blacking and Soap.
If they told me to go, then oh, where would I be?
And what would the country do if they sacked me?
—Theodore Maynard in The Living Age.

The Seat of the Trouble.

(From Punch, London.)

The father of a boy who has been in the habit of giving false fire alarms told the Liverpool police magistrates that his son had an over active brain. The magistrate however, took the view that it was the seat of the child's emotions that wanted stimulating.

A doll invented by a Brooklyn woman is formede of a single narrow strip of fabric so wound and sewed upon itself as to form the body, arms, legs and dress of the figure.

THE FEDERATION INDORSES SUFFRAGE

Columbus, Ga., November 14.—Woman's suffrage, which for two years has been an issue before the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, was indorsed here tonight at the federation's annual convention. The vote was 85 to 45.

SPORT PICK-UPS

University oft Pennsylvania boxing squad numbers 124 aspirants.

Thirteen states have passed a law making physical education compulsory and twelve others have the subject under consideration.

Eastern intercollegiate swimming championships will be decided in Yale pool March 20, 1920.

Stanislaus Zbyszko, older brother of Valdek, will shortly wrestle in the United States.

American Trapshooters association conducted 432 shoots last season.

Syracuse basketball team plays Princeton at Syracuse December 20.

Coach Jim Ten Eyck's Syracuse varsity eight-oared shell crew will row against Dick Glendon's champion Annapolis crew on the Severn river May 8, 1920.

The world's champion Cincinnati nine will train at Waxahachie, Texas, in preparation for the 1920 race, which will probably consist of 154 games.

Cornell's rowing squad consists of 300 oarsmen and 18 coxswains.

England has offered a cup for competition among women lawn tennis players. The first competition will take place next year.

An ice pavilion is being erected in Cambridge. It will take the place of the famous Arena in Boston, destroyed by fire.

Six baseball players named Miller are on the National league reserve list, namely: Frank, of Pittsburg, pitcher; Jacob, of St. Louis, outfielder; John B., of Philadelphia, second baseman; Otto, of Brooklyn, catcher; R. J., of Philadelphia, infielder; Thomas R., of Boston, outfielder. There are seven Smiths—Earl, of New York; George A., of Philadelphia; Jack, of St. Louis; J. Carlisle, of Boston; James L., of Cincinnati; Linwood T., of Cincinnati, and Sherrod, of Brooklyn.

Dartmouth's indoor gymnasium includes a dirt track and floor useful when the winter weather forbids outdoor workouts.

Bates college cross-country team includes three brothers, namely, R. B. Buker and G. H. Buker, '20, and R. S. Buker, '21.

As to Freak Pitching.

Freak pitching deliveries, such as spit ball, the emery ball and the shine ball, unquestionably are unpopular with the great mass of fans and proposed legislation by the magnates which would tend to eliminate these deliveries is certain to have the support of the followers of the game.

Unfortunately, it would not be an easy matter to make any of the preventives so far conceived effective. President William Veeck, of the Chicago National league club, a former baseball writer and a keen student of the game, recently pointed the difficulty of enforcing measures aimed at the pitchers.

"I have discussed the matter with many people, including club owners and umpires," he said, "and none of them have claimed to have a method by which freak deliveries can be stopped absolutely. There are plenty of ways to curb the thing but unless an effective remedy is found it would work more harm than good probably, because it would be an injustice to enforce a rule that would handicap some pitchers and benefit others who might find a way to beat it.

"Granted that such restrictions could be placed on the pitcher that it would be impossible for him to doctor the ball in play in any way without detection, he might pitch one wide ball and the catcher could have something concealed in his big mitt by which the ball could be fixed up. Or the first time the ball was hit to an infielder or outfielder any one of them might be able to do something to the ball that would enable a pitcher to get freak results.

"In order to make any rule of the kind effective it might be necessary to adopt a search and seizure law by which an umpire would have to examine the glove and uniform of every player before taking the field in every inning, and giving him authority to confiscate any part of the player's uniform that was found to be contraband. That would entail tedious delays between innings."

The point which Veeck raises is an excellent one, for it is plain that players other than the pitcher could doctor the pellet. As a matter of fact, such a thing has been done many times in the past. In one game played by the Giants this year the umpire threw out several balls thrown by the opposing pitcher because a foreign substance had been applied to it, though the pitcher protested that he had not tampered with the balls and offered his glove to the umpire as proof of his contention. The glove contained nothing that could be smeared on a ball, and the official was puzzled but the mystery was solved an inning or two later when the vigilant judge of balls and strikes detected the shortstop of the opposing club grinding the ball into his glove which, examination proved, had been daubed with licorice between innings.

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Who's your Tailor?

Worth $100 up for $40 or less, to $60 and more

C. P. Talbot Co.

62 North Broad St.

CATHOLIC BISHOP COMING TO HEAR VATICAN CHOIRS

Announcement was made yesterday that among the most interested of those attending the single performance here on Wednesday, November 19, of the Vatican choirs at the Auditorium, will be Bishop Benjamin J. Kelley, of the diocese of Savannah. Bishop Keiley is a great admirer of these singers and will come from his home in Savannah for this attraction. The advance sale to the choirs continues big, and an immense audience is looked for.

Wreck on L. & N.

Nashville, Tenn., November 14.—Louisville and Nashville passenger train No. 4, Nashville to Cincinnati, collided with the rear of a freight train near Edenwold, east of Nashville, early today. M. Collins, of Louisville, engineer; T. H. Jackson, engineer; C. S. Bryant and E. N. Brown, Nashville, firemen, were injured.

Hahn Bests White.

New Orleans, November 14.—Bernie Hahn, of Philadelphia, won a decision over Jabez White, of Albany, N. Y., here tonight in a fifteen-round bantamweight boxing bout.

TWO NOBEL PRIZES GIVEN TO GERMANS

Setokholm, November 14.—The Nobel prize for physics for 1918 has been awarded to Prof. Max Planck, of Berlin university. The physics prize for 1919 has been given to Prof. Stark, of Greifswald university.

The chemistry prize for 1918 goes to Prof. Fritz Haber of Berlin university. The chemistry prize for 1919 will be held over until next year.

Wadley Divorce Case.

Macon, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—Mrs. Constance Jaques Wadley was today awarded a first verdict in her suit for divorce from her husband, Edward T. Wadley. While Mr. Wadley is represented by counsel, he is not contesting the action. Before her marriage Mrs. Wadley was one of Macon's young society leaders. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Jaques, Sr. The couple have one child. The petition for divorce is based on the grounds of desertion.

At Central Baptist.

Charles Butler, conceded to be one of the greatest gospel singers in the world, will sing at the Central Baptist church at both services Sunday. He will also give an evening of song and story-telling on Monday Dr. Caleb A. Ridley will fill his pulpit at both services Sunday.

Psychic Science.

Psychic science services will be held in W. O. W. hall, 10½ West Mitchell street, Sunday evening at 7:45 o'clock. Lecture by Dr. J. F. Ireland, subject, "Immortality," followed with "Messages," by Mrs. M. York and others.

Widow of Tolstoi Dead.

London, November 14.—Countess Leo Tolstoi, widow of the famous Russian novelist, died at Yasnaya Poliana November 4, according to a dispatch to The Daily Mail from Helsingfors, quoting The Krasnaia Gazette.

Frost.

How small a tooth hath mined the season's heart!
How cold a touch hath set the wood on fire,
Until it blazes like a costly pyre
Built for some Ganges emperor, old and swart.
Soul-sped on clouds of incense! Whose the art
That webs the streams, each morn, with silver wire,
Delicate as the tension of a lyre—
Whose falchion pries the chestnut burr apart?
It is the Frost, a rude and Gothic sprite,
Who doth unbuild the summer's palaced wealth,
And puts her dear loves all to sword or flight;
Yet in the hushed, unmindful Winter's night
The spoiler builds again with jealous stealth,
And sets a mimic garden, cold and bright.

—Edith M. Thomas.

Homes For Sale. Quick Possession

WEST TENTH ST—Here we offer a 2-story, 7-room house, half block from West Peachtree St. This place has a large living room across entire front of house, a dining room, butler's pantry and kitchen; upstairs are three large bedrooms and a fine sleeping porch with tiled bathroom; all woodwork and walls are in good condition. This is an up-to-date house, with furnace and electric lights. Price, $9,000.

We also offer the following houses for sale:

East North Ave. .....$5,500 Colquitt Ave. $6,500
Elizabeth St. .....$6,000 Euclid Ave. $7,000

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In Georgia, Alabama and South Carolina
In amounts of $1,000 to $50,000

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Fine business location, running through to Walton street, 50x200, for sale or lease. Has buildings fronting both streets, which can be improved and made desirable for high-class lines. Right in the correct zone.

DUNN & REYNOLDS
No. 223 Peachtree Arcade.

That Don't Worry Us, Either

(From The Omaha Bee.)

Do you get any satisfaction out of knowing that I. Mazeppi is premier of the Ukraine?

A glass for X-ray photography has been invented in Europe which absorbs only from 10 to 15 per cent of the rays, permitting much sharper pictures to be made than heretofore.

After lengthy experimenting New Zealand government chemists have succeeded in separating dirt from kauri gum and increasing its yield of oil, largely used in varnish-making.

LODGE NOTICES

A called communication of Piedmont Lodge No. 447, F. & A. M., will be held in the Masonic Temple this (Saturday) evening, November 15, at 5:30 o'clock sharp. The degree of Master Mason will be conferred upon a large class. At the conclusion of the degree a lecture will be given by Most Worshipful Brother Charles L. Bass, Grand Master of Georgia. All brethren duly qualified are cordially and fraternally invited to attend.

W. EUGENE HARRINGTON, W. M.
H. M. WOOD, Secretary.

A special conclave of Coeur de Lion Commandery No. 4, K. T., will be held at Masonic Temple this (Saturday) evening at 7 o'clock sharp. The Order of the Temple will be conferred. All qualified Sir Knights are courteously invited to attend. By order of

THOS. C. LAW, Commander.
JNO. E. ADDICKS, C. G.

Attest:
A. P. TRIPOD, Recorder.

A called communication of Capitol View Lodge No. 640, F. & A. M., will be held this (Saturday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. Work in the Fellowcraft degree. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited. By order of

GUY F. NESBITT, W. M.
CARL DOLVIN, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES

CROSSLEY—Friends of Mrs. Vimie Crossley and Mr. and Mrs. Thad B. Crossley, of Lake Kerr, Fla., are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Vimie Crossley this (Saturday) morning, at 10 o'clock, from the residence of Mr. C. E. Johnson, 287 Lawton street. Dr. John D. Turner will officiate. Pallbearers selected are requested to assemble at the residence. Remains will be carried to Social Circle, Ga., for interment. Funeral party will leave via Georgia railway at 11:45 a. m. Awtry & Lowndes Co., funeral directors.

COKER—Mrs. T. A. Coker died Friday afternoon at his residence, 106 Belmont avenue, Capitol View. He is survived by his wife, two daughters, Mrs. J. T. Hunt and Mrs. E. M. Ball; one son, Mr. B. P. Coker; two sisters, Mrs. J. E. Ruff and Mrs. Jack LeCroy, and one brother, Mr. E. W. Coker. Funeral and interment will be announced later. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

FORRESTER—Died, Friday, at a local hospital, Mr. William Forrester, of Blue Ridge, Ga., in his forty-fifth year. Remains will be carried this morning to Blue Ridge, Ga., for funeral and interment. Awtry & Lowndes Co., funeral directors.

McBEE—Died, at the Home for Confederate Soldiers, Friday, November 14, 1919, Mr. J. I. McBee, in the eighteenth year of his age. Funeral arrangements will be announced later by H. M. Patterson & Son.

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A splendid remedy for Biliousness, Constipation and Indigestion, Sluggish or Torpid liver. "They do not gripe." Give them a trial. At your drug store, 10c and 25c packages. Rhyne Medicine Co., Atlanta, Ga.—(adv.)

BANKRUPT SALE OF ACCOUNTS.

By virtue of an order passed by the Hon. P. H. Adams, referee in bankruptcy, there will be sold in office of said referee, 513 Grant building, all accounts due G. C. Epps, bankrupt, sale to take place on Tuesday, November 18, 1919, at 9 a. m. For further information see the undersigned.

JAMES J. SLATON,
719 Grant Building.
Phone Ivy 2800.

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An old Life Insurance Company of New York wants live Agent for this county. High Commissions—Low Rates. Apply 815 3rd National Bank, ATLANTA.

BURNED HOTEL FURNITURE TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION

On Saturday, November 15th, at 12 o'clock, the furniture and furnishings of the Wilson hotel, that was not damaged by fire, will be sold at auction in red room suites, pieces and parcels, as best suits purchasers. 34 rooms of the hotel was not damaged by fire, and was furnished with iron bed, springs, mattresses, dressers, wash stand, rugs, art squares, chairs, tables, bowls and pitchers, etc. This is a chance to get an extra bed room suite at your own price. Sale will be made in hotel at No. 5 Walton street. Ample time will be given to remove purchases.

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